

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.5883, 53.7776, 55.0329)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.5883, 53.7776, 55.0329)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.6722, 53.7780,  
55.2502)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80D1BB
RGB	128, 209, 187
RGB Percent	50%, 82%, 73%
CMY	0.4980, 0.1804, 0.2667
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.11, 0.18
HSL	164°, 47%, 66%
HSV	164°, 39%, 82%
XYZ	40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502
YIQ	182.2730, -41.2140, -24.0140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

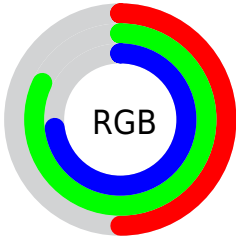
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	128, 175, 209
Decimal	8442299
CIELab	78.33, -29.82, 3.12
CIELCh	78, 29.985, 174.029
Yxy	53.7780, 0.2717, 0.3592
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286632379 (0xFF80D1BB)
YUV	182.2730, 2.3304, -47.5974
Hunter-Lab	73.3335, -29.3340, 6.6637

# Details

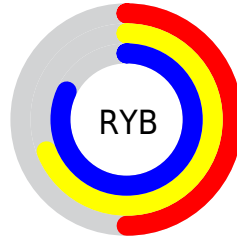
The XYZ color **40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **39.5206, 31.1971, 32.7950**, and the grayscale version is **44.6172, 46.9408, 51.1185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.7048, 88.1814, 98.0355**, and **18.6063, 26.2489, 26.6401** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.2510, 52.0845, 51.9807**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.7680, 55.8192, 58.6790**.

# Distribution



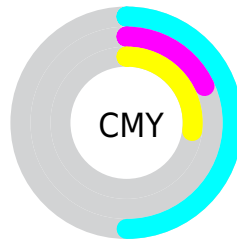
- Red (50%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.6722, 53.7780,  
55.2502


 40.6722, 53.7780,  
55.2502


340.0347,  
401.2629, 424.1683


 28.2496, 38.4242,  
39.2021


 75.4639, 95.7482,  
99.3823

 18.6553, 26.3121,  
26.6080


 98.5637, 123.1334,  
128.3033

 11.5240, 17.0573,  
17.0492

 125.9532,  
155.2979, 162.3525

 6.4903, 10.2753,  
10.1072

157.9979,  
192.6260, 201.9482

 3.1889, 5.5819,  
5.3636

195.0630,  
235.5022, 247.5092

 1.2544, 2.5926,  
2.3997

237.5139,

 0.1487, 0.9229,

284.3108, 299.4538

0.7863

285.7161,  
339.4362, 358.2007

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.6722, 53.7780,  
55.2502

■ 40.6722, 53.7780,  
55.2502

■ 37.2510, 52.0845,  
51.9807

■ 44.7680, 55.8192,  
58.6790

■ 34.4594, 50.7115,  
48.8636

■ 49.5707, 58.2207,  
62.2666

■ 32.2543, 49.6381,  
45.8964

■ 55.1159, 61.0021,  
66.0172

■ 30.5848, 48.8382,  
43.0755

■ 61.4356, 64.1799,  
69.9336

■ 29.3910, 48.2808,  
40.3963

■ 68.5598, 67.7695,  
74.0186

■ 28.5787, 47.9175,  
37.8531

■ 76.5168, 71.7855,  
78.2749

■ 28.4879, 47.8775,  
37.5453

■ 77.8709, 72.3946,  
82.3557

■ 78.6665, 72.7129,  
86.5451

■ 79.4882, 73.0415,  
90.8720

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.4978, 53.7780, 41.5179



40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502



41.4661, 53.7780, 72.7573

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502



55.8587, 53.7780, 93.3949



58.0485, 53.7780, 36.0610

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502



39.5206, 31.1971, 32.7950

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.1540, 53.7780, 46.3329



40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502



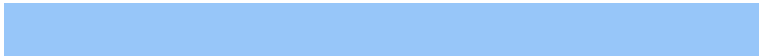
60.8234, 53.7780, 79.7123

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502



49.9470, 53.7780, 97.0325



63.2064, 53.7780, 61.9892



52.2998, 53.7780, 31.8899



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502



43.4073, 53.7780, 84.0714



63.2064, 53.7780, 61.9892



59.6836, 53.7780, 38.8072

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6737, 53.7802, 55.2514



83.3650, 94.1274, 101.5182



39.4517, 53.7362, 28.7158



17.5944, 20.0222, 21.5620



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6737, 53.7802, 55.2514



59.0204, 81.9812, 82.1337



39.1415, 46.6528, 67.2661



12.0156, 13.3500, 14.4386



17.6073, 29.5358, 23.3758



1.0168, 1.6644, 1.4771



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.5206, 31.1971, 32.7950



56.9653, 41.4460, 41.8993



40.4022, 35.5347, 25.1525



11.9388, 11.8602, 12.9534



16.6999, 8.5528, 3.3261



0.9674, 0.4917, 0.3630



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

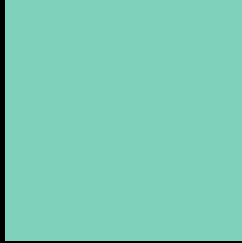
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

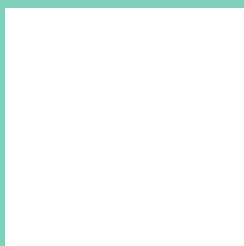
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502.



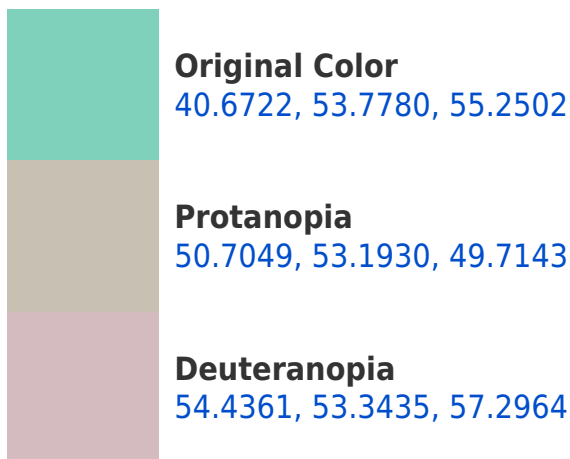
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6722, 53.7780,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

44.7974, 53.6404, 76.3992

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502

## Protanomaly

45.9901, 52.7230, 51.4687

## Deuteranomaly

47.8654, 52.5717, 56.3398

## Tritanomaly

43.2528, 53.7326, 68.4134

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502

## Achromatopsia

44.4628, 46.7784, 50.9417

## Achromatomaly

42.4017, 48.8413, 52.5399

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 209, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 209, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 209, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 209, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 209, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 209, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 209, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 209, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 209, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 209,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.6722, 53.7780, 55.2502 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 209, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
209, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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