

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.6158, 39.8283, 58.9053)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.6158, 39.8283, 58.9053)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.6614, 39.7581,  
58.9571)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	ACA5C6
RGB	172, 165, 198
RGB Percent	67%, 65%, 78%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3529, 0.2235
CMYK	0.13, 0.17, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	253°, 22%, 71%
HSV	253°, 17%, 78%
XYZ	40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571
YIQ	170.8550, -6.4210, 11.7470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

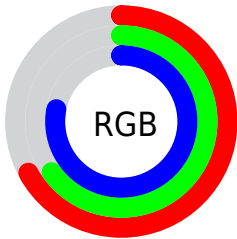
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	172, 165, 198
Decimal	11314630
CIE Lab	69.30, 9.09, -15.95
CIE LCh	69, 18.357, 299.678
Yxy	39.7581, 0.2917, 0.2853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289504710 (0xFFACA5C6)
YUV	170.8550, 13.3825, 1.0042
Hunter-Lab	63.0540, 4.7640, -11.2998

# Details

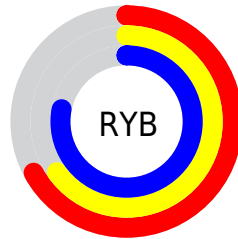
The XYZ color **40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **48.4729, 54.1822, 43.5025**, and the grayscale version is **38.5742, 40.5831, 44.1950**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.6381, 74.9004, 105.0784**, and **18.5469, 17.7458, 28.8333** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.1377, 31.4983, 57.7073**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.1424, 49.3342, 60.4118**.

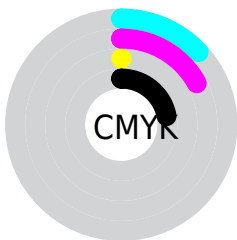
# Distribution



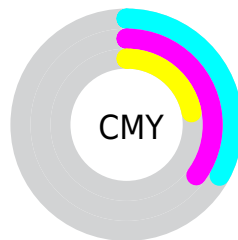
- Red (67%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.6614, 39.7581,  
58.9571

■ 40.6614, 39.7581,  
58.9571

339.9903,  
345.1029, 438.4404

■ 28.2411, 27.3500,  
42.1588

■ 75.4476, 74.7950,  
104.8438

■ 18.6489, 17.8362,  
28.8992

■ 98.5442, 98.1926,  
134.7693

■ 11.5193, 10.8325,  
18.7596

125.9303,  
126.0222, 169.9076

■ 6.4871, 5.9543,  
11.3217

157.9712,  
158.6680, 210.6773

■ 3.1869, 2.8173,  
6.1667

195.0323,  
196.5147, 257.4969

■ 1.2534, 1.0371,  
2.8763

237.4789,

■ 0.1479, 0.0000,

239.9464, 310.7849

1.0318

285.6765,  
289.3477, 370.9599

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.6614, 39.7581,  
58.9571

■ 40.6614, 39.7581,  
58.9571

■ 34.1377, 31.4983,  
57.7073

■ 48.1424, 49.3342,  
60.4118

■ 28.5285, 24.4921,  
56.6506

■ 56.6140, 60.2758,  
62.0773

■ 23.7929, 18.6787,  
55.7781

■ 66.1123, 72.6359,  
63.9624

■ 19.8857, 13.9907,  
55.0791

■ 76.6704, 86.4628,  
66.0748

■ 16.7573, 10.3536,  
54.5420

■ 85.3799, 95.9225,  
67.4416

■ 14.3525, 7.6836,  
54.1534

■ 87.1932, 96.8573,  
67.5265

■ 12.6084, 5.8841,  
53.8979

■ 11.4461, 4.8296,  
53.7557

■ 11.1476, 4.5693,  
53.7212

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.7571, 39.7581, 61.6084



40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571



42.8886, 39.7581, 52.0007

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571



40.7192, 39.7581, 30.7499



32.4064, 39.7581, 43.1988

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571



48.4729, 54.1822, 43.5025

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.1103, 39.7581, 35.6105



40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571



37.8207, 39.7581, 29.0182

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571



42.9232, 39.7581, 35.7491



35.0549, 39.7581, 30.6775



33.0812, 39.7581, 51.8227



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571



43.6358, 39.7581, 46.2599



35.0549, 39.7581, 30.6775



32.4891, 39.7581, 40.4496

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6626, 39.7598, 58.9580



87.5167, 90.2774, 107.4204



44.4295, 49.5140, 60.6422



18.5134, 19.0414, 22.9496



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6626, 39.7598, 58.9580



67.6131, 64.8249, 103.5566



44.4131, 41.6932, 59.1335



10.2634, 10.3941, 13.3828



7.3088, 3.0021, 34.9386



0.4086, 0.1744, 1.6573



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.1491, 42.6793, 55.0977



79.1900, 70.9886, 95.2630



44.6436, 52.2082, 43.3233



10.9830, 10.7766, 12.8940



19.0804, 9.3817, 21.4313

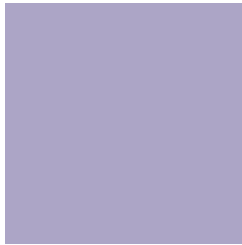


0.9283, 0.4542, 1.1454



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

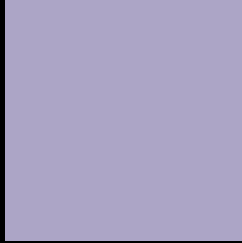
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

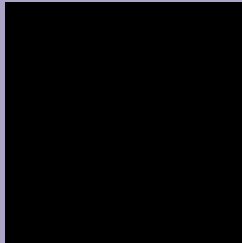
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6614, 39.7581,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571

### Protanopia

39.5322, 39.9619, 60.2734

### Deuteranopia

40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571



## Tritanopia

38.7053, 39.7765, 49.3537

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571

## Protanomaly

39.8534, 39.8679, 59.6276

## Deuteranomaly

40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571

## Tritanomaly

39.3659, 39.7713, 52.6155

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

39.3230, 40.3701, 49.4357

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 165, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 165, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 165, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 165, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 165, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 165, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 165, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 165, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 165, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 165,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.6614, 39.7581, 58.9571 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 165, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
165, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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