

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.6194, 53.4925, 68.5686)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.6194, 53.4925, 68.5686)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(40.6158, 53.4556,  
68.4989)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DD1D1
RGB	109, 209, 209
RGB Percent	43%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.5725, 0.1804, 0.1804
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	180°, 52%, 62%
HSV	180°, 48%, 82%
XYZ	40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989
YIQ	179.1000, -59.6000, -21.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

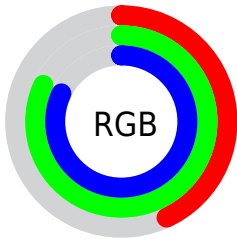
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">109, 159, 209</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7197137</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">78.14, -29.18, -9.06</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">78, 30.555, 197.239</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">53.4556, 0.2498, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285387217 (0xFF6DD1D1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">179.1000, 14.7407, -61.4777</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">73.1133, -28.7883, -4.3687</a>

# Details

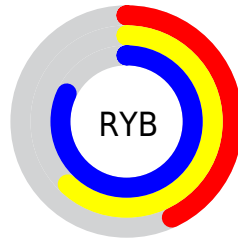
The XYZ color **40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **34.5253, 25.5984, 17.5912**, and the grayscale version is **42.8491, 45.0806, 49.0928**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.7463, 86.9555, 107.7158**, and **18.6443, 26.0821, 35.0620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.3445, 52.2859, 68.3935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.5016, 54.9445, 68.6354**.

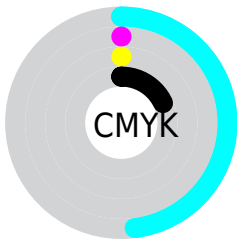
# Distribution



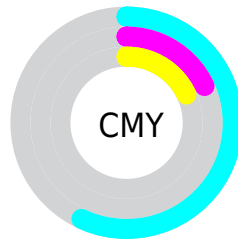
- Red (43%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 40.6158, 53.4556,  
68.4989


 40.6158, 53.4556,  
68.4989


339.8024,  
400.0306, 473.9076


 28.2053, 38.1666,  
49.8345


 75.3787, 95.2744,  
118.7265

 18.6218, 26.1120,  
34.9117


 98.4619, 122.5731,  
151.1268

 11.4997, 16.9075,  
23.3118


 125.8334,  
154.6437, 188.9428

 6.4737, 10.1685,  
14.6165

157.8585,  
191.8707, 232.5931

 3.1786, 5.5108,  
8.4070

194.9025,  
234.6385, 282.4962

 1.2489, 2.5500,  
4.2650

237.3310,

 0.1445, 0.9016,

283.3315, 339.0706

1.7718

285.5092,  
338.3341, 402.7349

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4093

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.6158, 53.4556,  
68.4989

■ 40.6158, 53.4556,  
68.4989

■ 38.3445, 52.2859,  
68.3935

■ 43.5016, 54.9445,  
68.6354

■ 36.6388, 51.4066,  
68.3134

■ 47.0367, 56.7669,  
68.8011

■ 35.4504, 50.7940,  
68.2575

■ 51.2591, 58.9436,  
68.9990

■ 34.7208, 50.4179,  
68.2231

■ 56.2024, 61.4920,  
69.2306

■ 34.3662, 50.2351,  
68.2063

■ 61.8981, 64.4283,  
69.4974

■ 34.3099, 50.2060,  
68.2036

■ 68.3759, 67.7677,  
69.8009

■ 75.5505, 71.4663,  
70.1369

■ 75.5505, 71.4663,  
70.1372

■ 75.5506, 71.4663,  
70.1374

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.4162, 53.4556, 51.2414



40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989



43.4072, 53.4556, 85.8258

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989



59.7088, 53.4556, 83.4943



53.3854, 53.4556, 31.6717

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989



34.5253, 25.5984, 17.5912

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.0054, 53.4556, 37.2530



40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989



62.8438, 53.4556, 65.7705

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989



54.2858, 53.4556, 95.5794



62.5767, 53.4556, 48.9961



47.4819, 53.4556, 32.1168



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989



46.4957, 53.4556, 94.0799



62.5767, 53.4556, 48.9961



55.3789, 53.4556, 32.8510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6174, 53.4577, 68.5002



83.1136, 93.8466, 108.3408



32.0762, 50.0651, 22.4423



17.4406, 19.9070, 23.1730



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6174, 53.4577, 68.5002



60.1965, 82.0324, 107.2664



30.5037, 33.2300, 65.1302



12.1584, 13.4071, 15.1906



21.1536, 30.9544, 42.0507



1.1828, 1.7308, 2.3512



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5253, 25.5984, 17.5912



49.5738, 33.4547, 18.4975



41.1702, 38.8884, 19.8057



11.8088, 11.8083, 12.2689



16.2124, 8.3578, 0.7588



0.9065, 0.4673, 0.0424



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

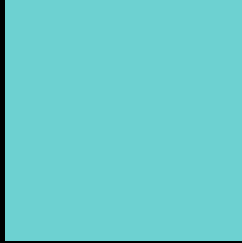
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

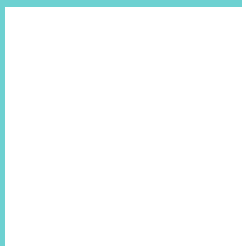
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6158, 53.4556,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989

### Protanopia

51.0720, 52.8082, 60.9273

### Deuteranopia

53.9953, 52.8132, 70.9664



## Tritanopia

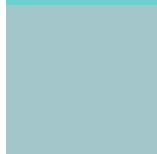
42.5715, 53.5308, 77.9008

# Trichromacy



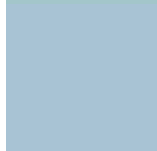
## Original Color

40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989



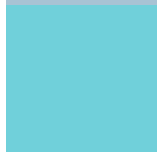
## Protanomaly

45.9590, 52.4390, 63.5765



## Deuteranomaly

47.5472, 52.1085, 69.8393



## Tritanomaly

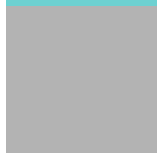
41.8929, 53.6185, 74.4711

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989



## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906



## Achromatomaly

41.0341, 47.4146, 55.7044

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 209, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 209, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 209, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 209, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 209, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 209, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 209, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 209, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 209, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 209,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.6158, 53.4556, 68.4989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 209, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
209, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor