

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.6339, 32.5838, 9.6295)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.6339, 32.5838, 9.6295)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(40.7046, 32.7135,  
9.6378)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E38244
RGB	227, 130, 68
RGB Percent	89%, 51%, 27%
CMY	0.1098, 0.4902, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.70, 0.11
HSL	23°, 74%, 58%
HSV	23°, 70%, 89%
XYZ	40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378
YIQ	151.9350, 77.7140, 1.2820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

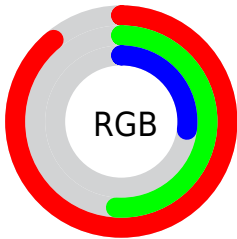
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	227, 170, 68
Decimal	14910020
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	63.93, 32.36, 48.67
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 58.452, 56.381
Y <sub>xy</sub>	32.7135, 0.4901, 0.3939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293100100 (0xFFE38244)
YUV	151.9350, -41.3800, 65.8320
Hunter-Lab	57.1957, 26.9410, 30.0463

# Details

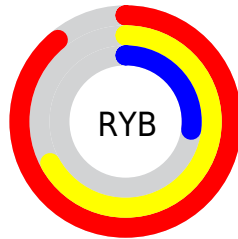
The XYZ color **40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **29.7032, 33.6834, 77.6087**, and the grayscale version is **29.9673, 31.5279, 34.3339**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.7103, 56.8729, 25.1778**, and **18.6230, 13.7394, 2.2007** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.4216, 29.0501, 6.0954**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.5051, 36.9834, 14.6757**.

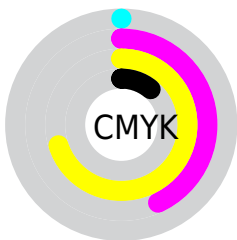
# Distribution



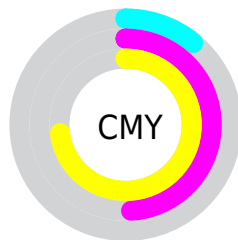
- Red (89%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (73%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.7046, 32.7135,  
9.6378

 40.7046, 32.7135,  
9.6378


340.1682,  
314.3568, 198.4571


 28.2750, 21.9071,  
5.0570


 75.5128, 63.9280,  
25.7090

 18.6746, 13.7886,  
2.2214


 98.6221, 85.1048,  
38.0366


 11.5380, 7.9738,  
0.6867


 126.0220,  
110.5072, 53.7835

 6.4999, 4.0782,  
0.0000

 158.0779,  
140.5196, 73.3683

 3.1949, 1.7174,  
0.0000

 195.1551,  
175.5263, 97.2095

 1.2576, 0.4349,  
0.0000

237.6190,

 0.1512, 0.0000,

215.9119, 125.7257

0.0000

285.8349,  
262.0605, 159.3353

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.7046, 32.7135,  
9.6378

■ 40.7046, 32.7135,  
9.6378

■ 38.4216, 29.0501,  
6.0954

■ 43.5051, 36.9834,  
14.6757

■ 36.6111, 25.9552,  
3.8701


■ 46.8578, 41.8842,  
21.3564


■ 35.2113, 23.3966,  
2.6601


■ 50.7965, 47.4451,  
29.8110


■ 55.3513, 53.6914,  
40.1568

■ 60.5502, 60.6471,  
52.5011

 66.4191, 68.3350,  
66.9428

 72.9825, 76.7766,  
83.5745

 80.2636, 85.9927,  
102.4830

 85.3720, 94.8380,  
108.4137

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.5354, 32.7135, 19.0374



40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378



32.1030, 32.7135, 6.8314

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378



17.8221, 32.7135, 32.8340



38.6687, 32.7135, 93.6077

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378



29.7032, 33.6834, 77.6087

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1048, 32.7135, 102.7038



40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378



18.9610, 32.7135, 59.7926

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378



19.6886, 32.7135, 15.9564



23.1281, 32.7135, 88.2637



46.2218, 32.7135, 67.0694



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378



26.8401, 32.7135, 7.4299



23.1281, 32.7135, 88.2637



35.7734, 32.7135, 99.2006

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.7054, 32.7152, 9.6384



78.0455, 77.9179, 66.4625



40.6332, 23.2203, 38.4410



16.2896, 16.1250, 13.2299



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.7054, 32.7152, 9.6384



48.8861, 35.9174, 6.4357



55.3875, 62.0796, 14.5324



14.8356, 15.2852, 15.0729



20.6409, 13.8559, 1.5866



1.6134, 1.2002, 0.1466



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.7032, 33.6834, 77.6087



33.6079, 36.9902, 99.9762



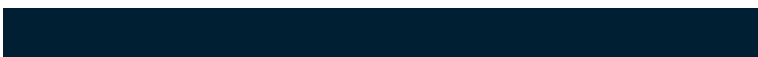
19.6211, 13.5190, 74.2480



14.3109, 15.3432, 18.3516



13.5431, 14.1483, 44.4003



1.0904, 1.2248, 3.3109



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.7046, 32.7135,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378

### Protanopia

30.2062, 33.0694, 11.6285

### Deuteranopia

33.4794, 32.8761, 9.2838



## Tritanopia

44.2028, 32.8208, 25.8351

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378

## Protanomaly

33.3745, 32.5549, 10.8280

## Deuteranomaly

35.6558, 32.4105, 9.3776

## Tritanomaly

42.8543, 32.8488, 18.5498

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

32.0149, 30.9107, 22.3682

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 130, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 130, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 130, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 130, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 130, 68) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 130, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 130, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 130, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 130, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 130,  
68) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.7046, 32.7135, 9.6378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 130, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
130, 68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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