

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.6626, 22.2222, 65.3317)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.6626, 22.2222, 65.3317)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.6517, 22.2080,  
65.0948)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D33FD5
RGB	211, 63, 213
RGB Percent	83%, 25%, 84%
CMY	0.1725, 0.7529, 0.1647
CMYK	0.01, 0.70, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	299°, 64%, 54%
HSV	299°, 70%, 84%
XYZ	40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948
YIQ	124.3520, 40.0580, 78.0260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

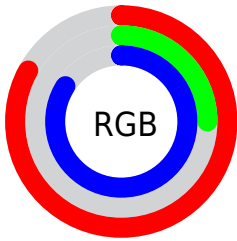
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 63, 213
Decimal	13844437
CIE Lab	54.25, 73.93, -47.37
CIE LCh	54, 87.803, 327.351
Yxy	22.2080, 0.3177, 0.1736
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292034517 (0xFFD33FD5)
YUV	124.3520, 43.7035, 75.9903
Hunter-Lab	47.1254, 71.5099, -48.9102

# Details

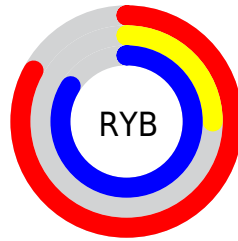
The XYZ color **40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **26.8722, 49.0717, 12.7592**, and the grayscale version is **19.1262, 20.1222, 21.9131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.3730, 42.6459, 99.3410**, and **19.1204, 9.1440, 33.1050** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.6110, 20.2465, 64.7714**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.1503, 25.0836, 65.5712**.

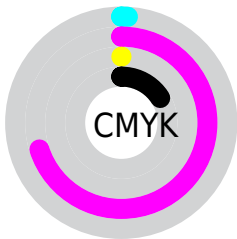
# Distribution



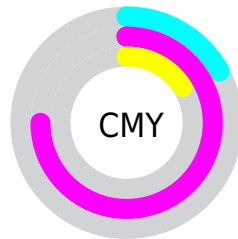
- Red (83%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (16%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.6517, 22.2080,  
65.0948

 40.6517, 22.2080,  
65.0948


339.9503,  
263.6306, 461.4481


 28.2335, 14.0098,  
47.0861


 75.4329, 47.0895,  
113.8007

 18.6431, 8.1275,  
32.7489


 98.5267, 64.5417,  
145.3350


 11.5152, 4.1766,  
21.6646


 125.9096, 85.8473,  
182.2150

 6.4843, 1.7729,  
13.4147

 157.9472,  
111.3907, 224.8591

 3.1852, 0.4702,  
7.5807

 195.0047,  
141.5563, 273.6859

 1.2524, 0.0000,  
3.7439

237.4474,

 0.1472, 0.0000,

176.7286, 329.1140

1.4859

285.6409,  
217.2919, 391.5619

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2074

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.6517, 22.2080,  
65.0948

■ 40.6517, 22.2080,  
65.0948

■ 39.6110, 20.2465,  
64.7714

■ 42.1503, 25.0836,  
65.5712

■ 38.9697, 19.0843,  
64.5808

■ 44.1513, 28.9645,  
66.2148

■ 38.6347, 18.5295,  
64.4914

■ 46.6967, 33.9341,  
67.0399

■ 49.8236, 40.0665,  
68.0587

■ 53.5657, 47.4289,  
69.2826

■ 57.9541, 56.0838,  
70.7219

■ 63.0179, 66.0893,  
72.3862

■ 68.7844, 77.4999,  
74.2848

■ 75.2793, 90.3672,  
76.4261

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.7187, 22.2080, 107.4239



40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948



45.2777, 22.2080, 26.6933

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948



21.9680, 22.2080, 0.4069



8.6383, 22.2080, 57.2840

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948



26.8722, 49.0717, 12.7592

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.5653, 22.2080, 21.8310



40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948



13.7455, 22.2080, 1.0918

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948



32.6451, 22.2080, 1.4299



9.1145, 22.2080, 5.4589



12.6705, 22.2080, 100.9892



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948



43.9340, 22.2080, 11.6435



9.1145, 22.2080, 5.4589



7.9845, 22.2080, 43.4997

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6526, 22.2090, 65.0953



80.0196, 70.3283, 103.9650



15.9802, 9.7002, 63.9812



16.7758, 14.3607, 22.1377



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6526, 22.2090, 65.0953



58.9363, 29.3385, 97.1643



33.9895, 19.6104, 26.9999



12.9359, 12.6239, 15.6924



23.6071, 11.3224, 39.3944



1.4292, 0.6857, 2.3763



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1729, 18.0837, 6.9022



42.3438, 22.8233, 4.2841



30.2535, 50.4092, 31.2436



12.4299, 12.4235, 12.9382



16.7744, 8.6461, 0.8501

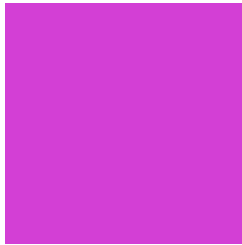


1.0142, 0.5225, 0.0640



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

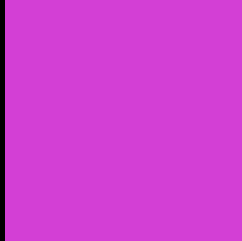
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

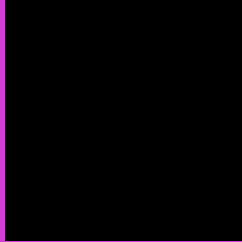
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6517, 22.2080,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948

### Protanopia

26.8262, 22.8198, 97.5985

### Deuteranopia

23.1758, 22.5524, 59.6315



## Tritanopia

30.6165, 22.1064, 16.2890

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948



## Protanomaly

26.8851, 19.2430, 84.7353



## Deuteranomaly

26.4082, 19.9640, 61.4930



## Tritanomaly

33.0672, 21.3964, 29.1752

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948



## Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495



## Achromatomaly

24.4624, 18.9710, 33.8249

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 63, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 63, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 63, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 63, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 63, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 63, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 63, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 63, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 63, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 63,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.6517, 22.2080, 65.0948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 63, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211, 63,  
213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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