

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.6798, 19.6571, 61.2767)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.6798, 19.6571, 61.2767)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.5986, 19.6141,  
61.3206)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB00D0
RGB	219, 0, 208
RGB Percent	86%, 0%, 82%
CMY	0.1412, 0.9999, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.05, 0.14
HSL	303°, 100%, 43%
HSV	303°, 100%, 86%
XYZ	40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206
YIQ	89.1930, 63.7560, 111.1160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

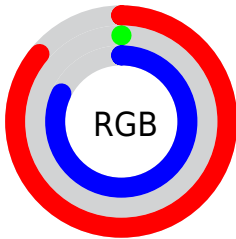
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	219, 0, 208
Decimal	14352592
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.40, 86.05, -48.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 98.999, 330.360
Yxy	19.6141, 0.3341, 0.1614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292542672 (0xFFDB00D0)
YUV	89.1930, 58.5719, 113.8407
Hunter-Lab	44.2878, 86.1271, -51.0911

# Details

The XYZ color **40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **25.3929, 50.6882, 8.7631**, and the grayscale version is **9.4069, 9.8968, 10.7776**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.4729, 36.8457, 98.3743**, and **20.0478, 9.6708, 30.9470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.5988, 19.6143, 61.3198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.0205, 20.2399, 62.1316**.

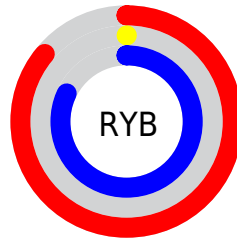
# Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (0%)

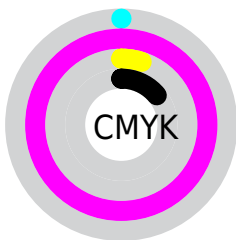
Blue (82%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (82%)

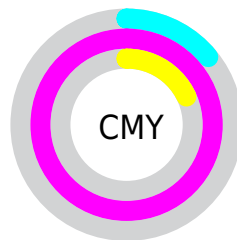


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.5986, 19.6141,  
61.3206


 40.5986, 19.6141,  
61.3206


339.7315,  
249.8183, 447.3876

 28.1919, 12.1148,  
44.0517

 75.3527, 42.7692,  
108.3051


 18.6115, 6.8219,  
30.3737


 98.4309, 59.1939,  
138.8577


 11.4923, 3.3510,  
19.8679


 125.7968, 79.3625,  
174.6754

 6.4687, 1.3176,  
12.1160

 157.8159,  
103.6594, 216.1766

 3.1755, 0.1548,  
6.6992

 194.8536,  
132.4691, 263.7798

 1.2472, 0.0000,  
3.1991

 237.2752,

 0.1432, 0.0000,

166.1759, 317.9037

1.1972

285.4460,  
205.1641, 378.9668

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.5986, 19.6141,  
61.3206

■ 40.5986, 19.6141,  
61.3206

■ 40.5988, 19.6143,  
61.3198

■ 41.0205, 20.2399,  
62.1316

■ 41.7662, 21.5123,  
63.0550

■ 42.9421, 23.6437,  
64.1265

■ 44.6078, 26.7532,  
65.3659

■ 46.8134, 30.9410,  
66.7900

■ 49.6029, 36.2951,  
68.4134

■ 53.0157, 42.8941,  
70.2492

■ 57.0878, 50.8102,  
72.3095

■ 61.8523, 60.1099,  
74.6053

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.0302, 19.6141, 111.5605



40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206



44.9335, 19.6141, 21.0149

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206



18.5230, 19.6141, 0.0000



6.5590, 19.6141, 62.5299

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206



25.3929, 50.6882, 8.7631

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.3409, 19.6141, 21.7016



40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206



10.5735, 19.6141, 0.2234

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206



29.7458, 19.6141, 0.1798



6.4994, 19.6141, 4.1385



10.7164, 19.6141, 112.5975



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206



42.8274, 19.6141, 7.4385



6.4994, 19.6141, 4.1385



5.8751, 19.6141, 46.5327

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5994, 19.6150, 61.3210



74.6974, 60.2751, 99.0936



12.9244, 5.1862, 67.3386



15.5284, 12.0106, 20.9669



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5994, 19.6150, 61.3210



57.2954, 27.6822, 86.4766



31.4457, 15.9536, 13.1183



13.5847, 13.2630, 16.3400



24.0854, 11.6352, 36.4252



1.5692, 0.7573, 2.4065



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.5994, 19.6150, 61.3210



57.2954, 27.6822, 86.4766



28.7507, 52.0313, 26.4453



13.5847, 13.2630, 16.3400



24.0854, 11.6352, 36.4252



1.5692, 0.7573, 2.4065



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

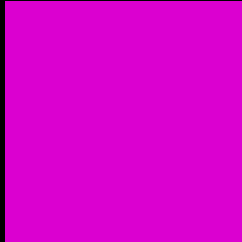
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

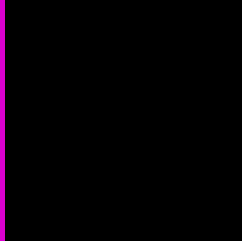
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206.



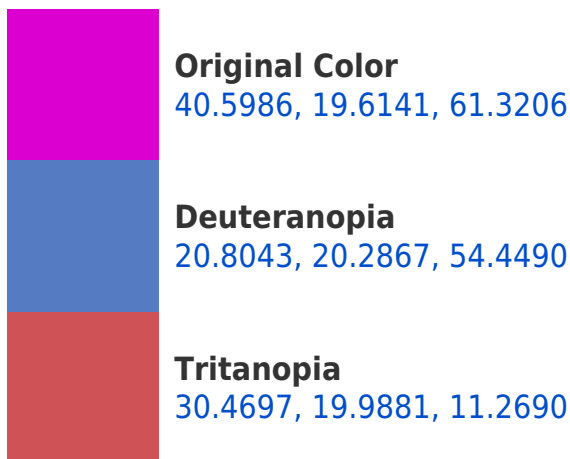
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5986, 19.6141,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206

## Deuteranomaly

23.0528, 14.8304, 56.2911

## Tritanomaly

32.1887, 17.9436, 23.2396

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206

## Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

## Achromatomaly

15.7813, 9.8264, 22.8947

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 0, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 0, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 0, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 0, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 0, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 0, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 0, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 0, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 0, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 0,  
208) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.5986, 19.6141, 61.3206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 0, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 0,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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