

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(40.7218, 44.9661,  
59.3564)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9CB7C5
RGB	156, 183, 197
RGB Percent	61%, 72%, 77%
CMY	0.3882, 0.2823, 0.2274
CMYK	0.21, 0.07, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	200°, 26%, 69%
HSV	200°, 21%, 77%
XYZ	40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564
YIQ	176.5230, -20.5860, -1.3700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

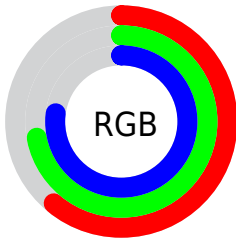
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	156, 172, 197
Decimal	10270661
CIELab	72.87, -6.12, -10.16
CIELCh	73, 11.860, 238.913
Yxy	44.9661, 0.2808, 0.3100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288460741 (0xFF9CB7C5)
YUV	176.5230, 10.0952, -17.9987
Hunter-Lab	67.0568, -8.9510, -5.5418

# Details

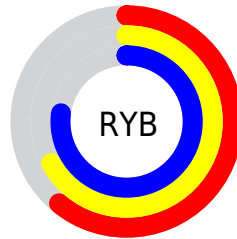
The XYZ color **40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **43.4018, 43.0201, 37.4695**, and the grayscale version is **41.4976, 43.6587, 47.5443**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.6199, 82.7376, 105.7503**, and **18.6495, 20.8915, 29.0361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.8605, 40.4506, 58.7418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.2703, 49.9366, 60.0241**.

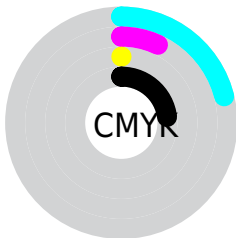
# Distribution



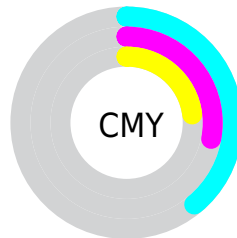
- Red (61%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.7218, 44.9661,  
59.3564

■ 40.7218, 44.9661,  
59.3564

340.2390,  
366.6362, 439.9600

■ 28.2885, 31.4307,  
42.4782

■ 75.5388, 82.6695,  
105.4297

■ 18.6848, 20.9271,  
29.1475

■ 98.6531, 107.6064,  
135.4618

■ 11.5454, 13.0707,  
18.9459

126.0586,  
137.1125, 170.7157

■ 6.5049, 7.4772,  
11.4548

158.1204,  
171.5723, 211.6099

■ 3.1980, 3.7623,  
6.2556

195.2040,  
211.3702, 258.5628

■ 1.2593, 1.5415,  
2.9298

237.6747,

■ 0.1525, 0.3177,

256.8906, 311.9932

1.0589

285.8980,  
308.5178, 372.3194

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.7218, 44.9661,  
59.3564

■ 40.7218, 44.9661,  
59.3564

■ 35.8605, 40.4506,  
58.7418

■ 46.2703, 49.9366,  
60.0241

■ 31.6518, 36.3675,  
58.1755

■ 52.5307, 55.3726,  
60.7434

■ 28.0639, 32.7001,  
57.6567

■ 59.5313, 61.2913,  
61.5168

■ 25.0604, 29.4282,  
57.1835

■ 67.2975, 67.7070,  
62.3459

■ 22.6011, 26.5297,  
56.7536

■ 75.8537, 74.6336,  
63.2319

■ 20.6401, 23.9793,  
56.3647

■ 77.8017, 78.2583,  
63.8289

■ 19.1229, 21.7476,  
56.0139

■ 79.6384, 81.9317,  
64.4411

■ 18.0268, 19.9284,  
55.7205

■ 81.5474, 85.7496,  
65.0774

■ 83.5293, 89.7135,  
65.7381

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.3573, 44.9661, 54.6655



40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564



42.6637, 44.9661, 61.2298

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564



46.8321, 44.9661, 49.1764



40.8482, 44.9661, 39.6676

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564



43.4018, 43.0201, 37.4695

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.8143, 44.9661, 38.4504



40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564



46.3089, 44.9661, 43.6668

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564



46.2295, 44.9661, 55.0684



44.8216, 44.9661, 39.8553



39.4286, 44.9661, 43.3217



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564



44.0386, 44.9661, 60.5225



44.8216, 44.9661, 39.8553



41.4651, 44.9661, 38.9735

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.7231, 44.9679, 59.3574



87.9996, 93.9252, 108.0990



40.9016, 49.8909, 45.3401



18.6775, 19.9664, 23.1194



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

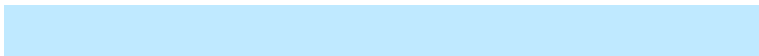


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.7231, 44.9679, 59.3574



68.8044, 76.7400, 105.7937



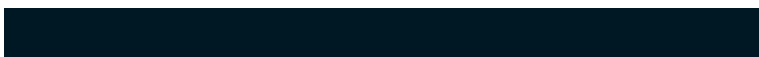
36.8568, 37.2353, 58.0686



10.6300, 11.4341, 13.5642



11.9369, 13.2678, 36.6762



0.6305, 0.7589, 1.7584



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.4627, 39.0671, 50.0518



74.6670, 64.5274, 85.7868



47.4771, 51.1706, 38.8280



10.9233, 10.7527, 12.5793



17.8245, 8.8794, 14.8178

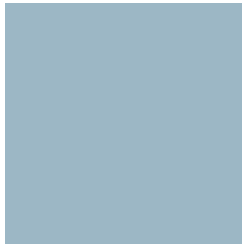


0.8770, 0.4336, 0.8752



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

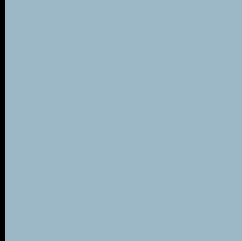
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

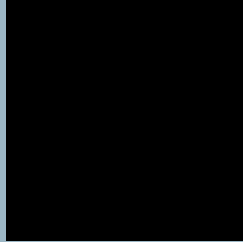
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

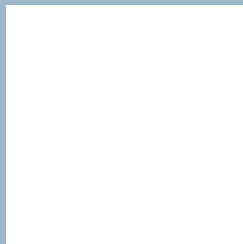
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.7218, 44.9661,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564

### Protanopia

43.4792, 44.6416, 56.7772

### Deuteranopia

45.6946, 44.8347, 60.2784



## Tritanopia

40.8368, 45.0121, 59.9620

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564

## Protanomaly

42.2199, 44.5703, 57.4166

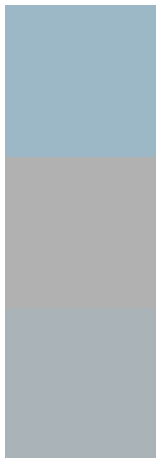
## Deuteranomaly

43.5944, 44.6355, 59.7439

## Tritanomaly

40.8368, 45.0121, 59.9620

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564

## Achromatopsia

41.7894, 43.9657, 47.8787

## Achromatomaly

41.1340, 44.1359, 51.6985

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 183, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 183, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 183, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 183, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 183, 197) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 183, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 183, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 183, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 183, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 183,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.7218, 44.9661, 59.3564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 183, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
183, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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