

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.7658, 40.6005, 43.1994)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.7658, 40.6005, 43.1994)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.7473, 40.6924,  
43.2429)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B8A7A9
RGB	184, 167, 169
RGB Percent	72%, 65%, 66%
CMY	0.2784, 0.3451, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.08, 0.28
HSL	353°, 11%, 69%
HSV	353°, 9%, 72%
XYZ	40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429
YIQ	172.3110, 9.4900, 4.2260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

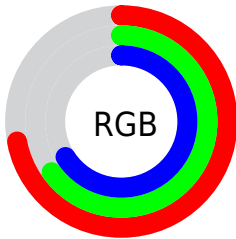
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">184, 167, 169</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12101545</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.96, 6.50, 1.20</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">70, 6.606, 10.433</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.6924, 0.3268, 0.3264</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290291625 (0xFFB8A7A9)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">172.3110, -1.6323, 10.2513</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.7906, 2.3863, 4.4614</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **41.5219, 45.8748, 50.9245**, and the grayscale version is **39.3758, 41.4264, 45.1134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.5110, 76.1496, 81.2395**, and **18.7017, 18.3711, 19.3899** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.1825, 33.8525, 34.6614**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.9834, 48.5709, 52.9833**.

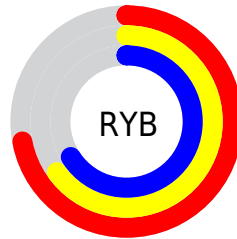
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (65%)

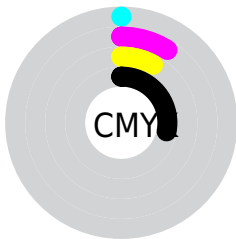
Blue (66%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (66%)

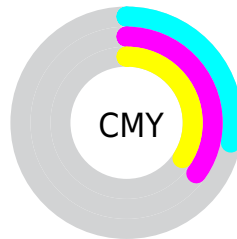


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 40.7473, 40.6924,  
43.2429


 40.7473, 40.6924,  
43.2429


340.3440,  
349.0334, 375.5603

 28.3085, 28.0788,  
29.7429


 75.5773, 76.2167,  
81.3676

 18.7000, 18.3851,  
19.3932

 98.6991, 99.8963,  
106.8293

 11.5564, 11.2268,  
11.7750


126.1127,  
128.0332, 137.1155

 6.5124, 6.2196,  
6.4700

158.1834,  
161.0120, 172.6445

 3.2027, 2.9791,  
3.0595

195.2765,  
199.2170, 213.8349

 1.2618, 1.1208,  
1.1251

237.7574,

 0.1544, 0.0000,

243.0327, 261.1054

0.0000

285.9915,  
292.8433, 314.8743

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.7473, 40.6924,  
43.2429

■ 40.7473, 40.6924,  
43.2429

■ 36.1825, 33.8525,  
34.6614

■ 45.9834, 48.5709,  
52.9833

■ 32.2585, 28.0027,  
27.1931

■ 51.9128, 57.5230,  
63.9208

■ 28.9475, 23.0987,  
20.7930

■ 58.5609, 67.5890,  
76.0952

■ 26.2183, 19.0907,  
15.4121

■ 65.9507, 78.8054,  
89.5435

■ 24.0372, 15.9246,  
10.9977

■ 72.8132, 88.6248,  
103.8710

■ 22.3667, 13.5400,  
7.4921

■ 73.5773, 88.9304,  
107.8951

■ 21.1645, 11.8688,  
4.8315

■ 20.3818, 10.8310,  
2.9438

■ 19.9358, 10.2822,  
1.7369

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.6591, 40.6924, 46.3211



40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429



40.2730, 40.6924, 40.5747

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429



37.3507, 40.6924, 39.9487



37.9882, 40.6924, 50.1273

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429



41.5219, 45.8748, 50.9245

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.1235, 40.6924, 48.2617



40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429



36.7602, 40.6924, 42.3523

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429



38.3035, 40.6924, 38.7321



36.6779, 40.6924, 45.3886



39.0527, 40.6924, 50.3929



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429



39.7067, 40.6924, 39.3512



36.6779, 40.6924, 45.3886



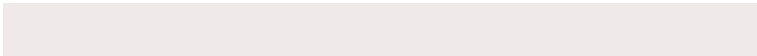
37.6651, 40.6924, 49.6626

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.7484, 40.6942, 43.2438



79.5921, 82.3764, 89.0613



41.7001, 41.0127, 51.0662



16.9923, 17.5087, 18.8910



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.7484, 40.6942, 43.2438



72.1619, 71.2092, 75.1992



41.7318, 42.9586, 42.6538



9.0464, 9.0289, 9.5917



13.7348, 7.0677, 1.2243



0.4983, 0.2548, 0.1175



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.7484, 40.6942, 43.2438



72.1619, 71.2092, 75.1992



40.4636, 43.4256, 51.5971



9.0464, 9.0289, 9.5917



13.7348, 7.0677, 1.2243

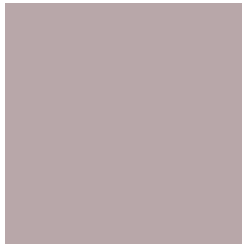


0.4983, 0.2548, 0.1175



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

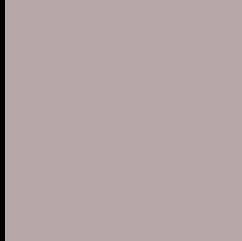
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

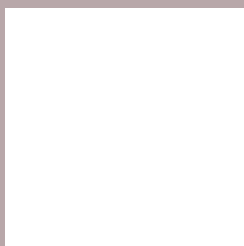
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.7473, 40.6924,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429

### Protanopia

39.1810, 40.6884, 44.3167

### Deuteranopia

41.5367, 40.8284, 43.2276



## Tritanopia

41.7805, 40.8414, 48.3289

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429

## Protanomaly

39.8038, 40.7432, 43.7965

## Deuteranomaly

41.2912, 40.7018, 43.2161

## Tritanomaly

41.3817, 40.6819, 46.2288

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429

## Achromatopsia

39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259

## Achromatomaly

39.6299, 40.9198, 44.3377

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 167, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 167, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 167, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 167, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 167, 169) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 167, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 167, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 167, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 167, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 167,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.7473, 40.6924, 43.2429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 167, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
167, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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