

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(40.8582, 38.3816,  
54.5452)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B59FBF
RGB	181, 159, 191
RGB Percent	71%, 62%, 75%
CMY	0.2902, 0.3765, 0.2510
CMYK	0.05, 0.17, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	281°, 20%, 69%
HSV	281°, 17%, 75%
XYZ	40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452
YIQ	169.2260, 2.8400, 14.6160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

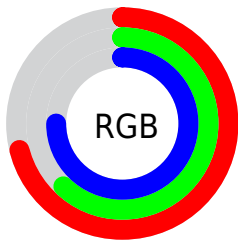
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	181, 159, 191
Decimal	11902911
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	68.30, 13.99, -13.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	68, 19.437, 316.031
Yxy	38.3816, 0.3054, 0.2869
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290092991 (0xFFB59FBF)
YUV	169.2260, 10.7346, 10.3258
Hunter-Lab	61.9529, 9.3040, -8.8337

# Details

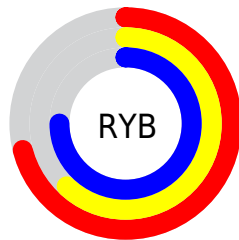
The XYZ color **40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **41.2523, 48.2008, 39.9322**, and the grayscale version is **37.7724, 39.7395, 43.2763**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.7601, 72.8131, 98.0570**, and **18.8521, 17.1493, 26.3613** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.4547, 31.6075, 53.4703**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.8315, 46.2050, 55.7937**.

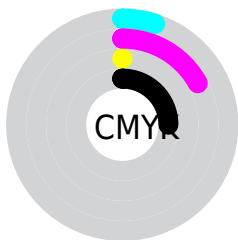
# Distribution



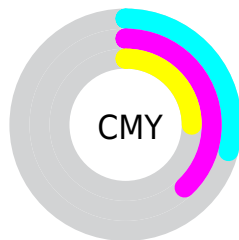
- Red (71%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.8582, 38.3816,  
54.5452

■ 40.8582, 38.3816,  
54.5452

340.8003,  
339.2541, 421.4189

■ 28.3955, 26.2790,  
38.6416

■ 75.7447, 72.6927,  
98.3387

■ 18.7660, 17.0325,  
26.1753

■ 98.8991, 95.6699,  
127.0657

■ 11.6043, 10.2576,  
16.7279

126.3482,  
123.0408, 160.9043

■ 6.5451, 5.5701,  
9.8808

158.4572,  
155.1898, 200.2729

■ 3.2231, 2.5855,  
5.2154

195.5916,  
192.5012, 245.5901

■ 1.2728, 0.9194,  
2.3133

238.1167,

■ 0.1627, 0.0000,

235.3594, 297.2745

0.7386

286.3978,  
284.1490, 355.7446

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.8582, 38.3816,  
54.5452

■ 40.8582, 38.3816,  
54.5452

■ 36.4547, 31.6075,  
53.4703

■ 45.8315, 46.2050,  
55.7937

■ 32.5935, 25.8308,  
52.5588

■ 51.3937, 55.1165,  
57.2207

■ 29.2500, 21.0028,  
51.8031

■ 57.5669, 65.1591,  
58.8337

■ 26.3963, 17.0684,  
51.1941

■ 64.3714, 76.3719,  
60.6394

■ 24.0012, 13.9670,  
50.7217

■ 71.8263, 88.7922,  
62.6438

■ 22.0300, 11.6300,  
50.3746

■ 73.7246, 90.0051,  
62.7779

■ 20.4423, 9.9778,  
50.1393

■ 75.5292, 90.9354,  
62.8623

■ 19.1838, 8.9032,  
49.9982

■ 77.3986, 91.8991,  
62.9498

■ 18.8125, 8.6118,  
49.9616

■ 79.3335, 92.8966,  
63.0404

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.1212, 38.3816, 60.0648



40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452



42.4616, 38.3816, 45.9703

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452



37.9120, 38.3816, 27.5410



31.1384, 38.3816, 46.5942

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452



41.2523, 48.2008, 39.9322

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.0893, 38.3816, 37.8731



40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452



34.8876, 38.3816, 27.6595

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452



40.6977, 38.3816, 30.8484



32.4273, 38.3816, 31.1983



32.5653, 38.3816, 55.0564



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452



42.6175, 38.3816, 40.0541



32.4273, 38.3816, 31.1983



30.9630, 38.3816, 43.5775

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.8594, 38.3832, 54.5460



83.6757, 85.2848, 100.3306



37.9163, 39.5597, 54.9282



18.2250, 18.4898, 21.9936



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.8594, 38.3832, 54.5460



70.2523, 64.2078, 96.9698



42.6562, 39.3826, 51.3271



9.6320, 9.5427, 12.0065



12.4490, 5.7038, 32.8377



0.5521, 0.2567, 1.2893



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.0467, 38.7389, 42.8517



70.7014, 64.9926, 71.9957



39.7096, 47.3453, 42.5810



9.6497, 9.5842, 10.5442



14.6833, 7.5045, 3.6257

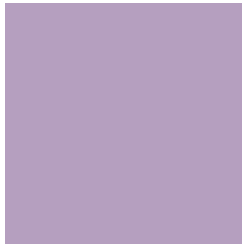


0.6055, 0.3061, 0.3018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

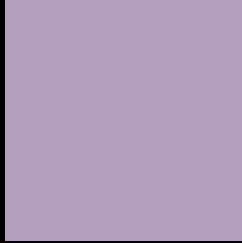
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

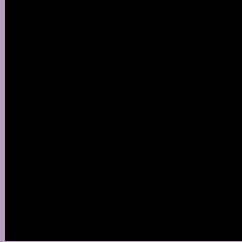
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.8582, 38.3816,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452

### Protanopia

38.0034, 38.4275, 57.0440

### Deuteranopia

39.2279, 38.3290, 54.0459



## Tritanopia

39.0183, 38.4008, 45.9130

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452

## Protanomaly

38.9832, 38.4143, 56.3990

## Deuteranomaly

39.7183, 38.3214, 54.0186

## Tritanomaly

39.6758, 38.4096, 49.0387

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452

## Achromatopsia

37.7116, 39.6755, 43.2066

## Achromatomaly

38.6245, 38.9688, 47.0810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 159, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 159, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 159, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 159, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 159, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 159, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 159, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 159, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 159, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 159,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.8582, 38.3816, 54.5452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 159, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
159, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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