

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.8695, 32.7841, 58.1934)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.8695, 32.7841, 58.1934)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.9651, 32.7889,  
58.2026)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C187C7
RGB	193, 135, 199
RGB Percent	76%, 53%, 78%
CMY	0.2431, 0.4706, 0.2196
CMYK	0.03, 0.32, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	294°, 36%, 65%
HSV	294°, 32%, 78%
XYZ	40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026
YIQ	159.6380, 14.0240, 32.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

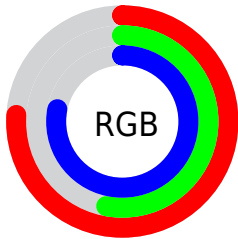
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	193, 135, 199
Decimal	12683207
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	63.99, 32.90, -24.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 40.962, 323.437
Yxy	32.7889, 0.3104, 0.2485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290873287 (0xFFC187C7)
YUV	159.6380, 19.4055, 29.2585
Hunter-Lab	57.2616, 27.4916, -20.1812

# Details

The XYZ color **40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **35.7821, 48.2596, 30.3523**, and the grayscale version is **33.1571, 34.8838, 37.9885**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.6719, 63.9392, 102.9609**, and **18.7624, 13.7883, 28.4606** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.9716, 27.5028, 57.3405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.4856, 39.1188, 59.2393**.

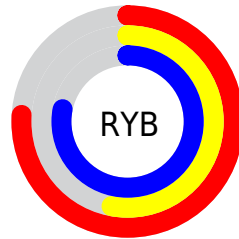
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (53%)

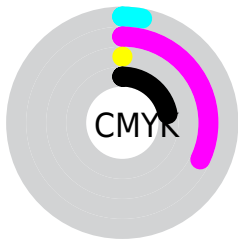
Blue (78%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (78%)

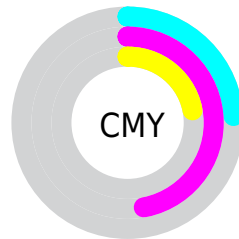


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (47%)


Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.9651, 32.7889,  
58.2026


 40.9651, 32.7889,  
58.2026

341.2398,  
314.6974, 435.5598


 28.4794, 21.9648,  
41.5558


 75.9060, 64.0458,  
103.7355

 18.8296, 13.8310,  
28.4306


 99.0918, 85.2474,  
133.4587

 11.6505, 8.0032,  
18.4087


 126.5750,  
110.6769, 168.3777

 6.5767, 4.0970,  
11.0713

158.7210,  
140.7188, 208.9112

 3.2428, 1.7280,  
6.0001

195.8952,  
175.7573, 255.4776

 1.2834, 0.4417,  
2.7763

238.4628,

 0.1707, 0.0000,

216.1771, 308.4954

0.9816

286.7892,  
262.3623, 368.3833

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.9651, 32.7889,  
58.2026

■ 40.9651, 32.7889,  
58.2026

■ 37.9716, 27.5028,  
57.3405

■ 44.4856, 39.1188,  
59.2393

■ 35.4730, 23.1982,  
56.6414

■ 48.5568, 46.5416,  
60.4575

■ 33.4384, 19.8130,  
56.0952

■ 53.2045, 55.1086,  
61.8661

■ 31.8324, 17.2760,  
55.6901

■ 58.4521, 64.8665,  
63.4730

■ 30.6140, 15.5056,  
55.4126

■ 64.3218, 75.8594,  
65.2855

■ 29.7346, 14.4043,  
55.2464

■ 70.8344, 88.1291,  
67.3105

■ 29.2119, 13.8684,  
55.1705

■ 71.5391, 88.7740,  
67.3979

■ 72.0604, 89.0426,  
67.4223

■ 72.5877, 89.3145,  
67.4469

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.7950, 32.7889, 73.5650



40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026



43.5535, 32.7889, 39.4622

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026



32.4517, 32.7889, 12.5062



22.0441, 32.7889, 49.9081

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026



35.7821, 48.2596, 30.3523

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.3811, 32.7889, 32.1877



40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026



26.9523, 32.7889, 13.7457

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026



38.2611, 32.7889, 15.7611



23.0674, 32.7889, 19.9064



25.0052, 32.7889, 67.8332



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026



43.2650, 32.7889, 28.8076



23.0674, 32.7889, 19.9064



21.5615, 32.7889, 43.6159

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.9662, 32.7903, 58.2033



86.5739, 84.3452, 106.3251



29.8858, 28.4439, 57.9484



18.2936, 17.6185, 22.6865



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.9662, 32.7903, 58.2033



67.7560, 50.3807, 100.7611



39.7998, 32.5041, 43.9157



10.9813, 10.7641, 13.4164



18.8237, 8.9382, 35.4775



0.9206, 0.4383, 1.6812



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.0259, 31.3945, 29.3089



59.8330, 47.5982, 41.5704



36.8140, 48.5577, 40.9671



10.6736, 10.6528, 11.2644



15.2336, 7.8430, 1.1741



0.7355, 0.3770, 0.1301



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

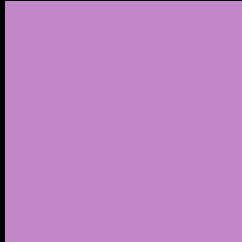
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

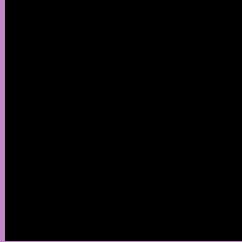
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.9651, 32.7889,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026

### Protanopia

33.8827, 32.9898, 67.5327

### Deuteranopia

33.7697, 32.9260, 56.8001



## Tritanopia

36.3832, 32.8779, 35.4388

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026

## Protanomaly

35.7646, 32.3809, 64.0397

## Deuteranomaly

36.0828, 32.6960, 57.2325

## Tritanomaly

37.8618, 32.8088, 42.8653

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

35.7198, 33.9599, 44.7167

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 135, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 135, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 135, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 135, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 135, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 135, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 135, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 135, 199); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 135, 199); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 135, 199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.9651, 32.7889, 58.2026 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 135, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
135, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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