

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.9492, 55.0834, 36.3719)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.9492, 55.0834, 36.3719)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(41.0340, 55.1162,  
36.4927)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95D394
RGB	149, 211, 148
RGB Percent	58%, 83%, 58%
CMY	0.4157, 0.1725, 0.4196
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.30, 0.17
HSL	119°, 42%, 70%
HSV	119°, 30%, 83%
XYZ	41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927
YIQ	185.2800, -16.7290, -32.7370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

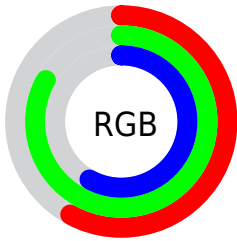
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	148, 211, 210
Decimal	9819028
CIELab	79.11, -32.05, 25.06
CIELCh	79, 40.684, 141.986
Yxy	55.1162, 0.3094, 0.4155
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288009108 (0xFF95D394)
YUV	185.2800, -18.3790, -31.8176
Hunter-Lab	74.2403, -31.2602, 22.8243

# Details

The XYZ color **41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **48.9284, 39.5862, 66.6929**, and the grayscale version is **46.3770, 48.7922, 53.1348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.5975, 88.7634, 69.2366**, and **18.8700, 27.1268, 15.5507** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.0572, 52.7279, 28.3221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.9936, 57.9792, 46.3008**.

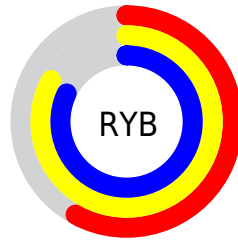
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (83%)

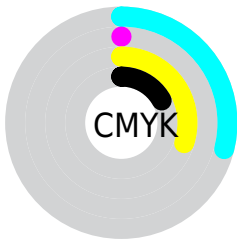
Blue (58%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (82%)

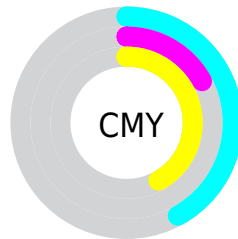


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.0340, 55.1162,  
36.4927

■ 41.0340, 55.1162,  
36.4927

341.5229,  
406.3523, 346.2113

■ 28.5334, 39.4948,  
24.5223

■ 76.0099, 97.7112,  
70.9694

■ 18.8707, 27.1448,  
15.5057

■ 99.2159, 125.4535,  
94.3128

■ 11.6803, 17.6820,  
9.0245

126.7212,  
158.0050, 122.2843

■ 6.5970, 10.7219,  
4.6601

158.8910,  
195.7499, 155.3023

■ 3.2555, 5.8802,  
1.9940

196.0907,  
239.0727, 193.7855

■ 1.2903, 2.7724,  
0.5516

238.6857,

■ 0.1759, 1.0141,

288.3577, 238.1523

0.0000

287.0413,  
343.9895, 288.8214

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.0340, 55.1162,  
36.4927

■ 41.0340, 55.1162,  
36.4927

■ 36.0572, 52.7279,  
28.3221

■ 46.9936, 57.9792,  
46.3008

■ 32.0066, 50.7821,  
21.6965

■ 53.9803, 61.3331,  
57.8249

■ 28.8260, 49.2538,  
16.5198

■ 62.0408, 65.2021,  
71.1429

■ 26.4520, 48.1124,  
12.6835

■ 71.2178, 69.6064,  
86.3267

■ 24.8120, 47.3233,  
10.0643

■ 81.5516, 74.5655,  
103.4444

■ 23.8209, 46.8455,  
8.5156

■ 82.5853, 75.0707,  
104.7451

■ 23.3426, 46.6148,  
7.7759

■ 23.3372, 46.6123,  
7.7671

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.7614, 55.1162, 27.3912



41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927



38.4100, 55.1162, 53.9980

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927



50.2419, 55.1162, 116.0004



68.2204, 55.1162, 44.7945

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927



48.9284, 39.5862, 66.6929

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.3981, 55.1162, 66.4571



41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927



58.4451, 55.1162, 111.6909

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927



43.3562, 55.1162, 102.5315



65.6602, 55.1162, 91.9379



62.5905, 55.1162, 31.2510



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927



38.5628, 55.1162, 69.7749



65.6602, 55.1162, 91.9379



69.1719, 55.1162, 51.2054

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.0354, 55.1185, 36.4939



83.7459, 94.5742, 90.2219



55.2460, 62.0583, 37.0845



17.5617, 20.0684, 18.7113



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

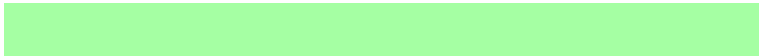


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.0354, 55.1185, 36.4939



57.8344, 82.1340, 47.5496



43.5899, 56.1193, 50.8931



11.6734, 13.2151, 12.5475



14.0915, 28.1334, 4.6876



0.7941, 1.5763, 0.2624



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.9284, 39.5862, 66.6929



71.8891, 54.4704, 101.3326



45.7501, 38.3478, 48.4666



12.2915, 11.9991, 14.9119



22.7444, 10.9055, 38.0987



1.2778, 0.6129, 2.1305



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

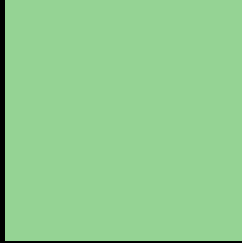
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.0340, 55.1162,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927

### Protanopia

50.9012, 54.6549, 33.0660

### Deuteranopia

55.5150, 54.3345, 37.6986



## Tritanopia

48.6757, 54.9844, 74.3772

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927

## Protanomaly

46.6597, 54.4783, 34.4417

## Deuteranomaly

48.8790, 53.8563, 37.0973

## Tritanomaly

45.3616, 54.6810, 58.6158

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927

## Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328

## Achromatomaly

43.7514, 50.3328, 46.4390

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 211, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 211, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 211, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 211, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 211, 148) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 211, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 211, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 211, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 211, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 211,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.0340, 55.1162, 36.4927 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 211, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
211, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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