

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.0201, 33.0795, 14.3995)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.0201, 33.0795, 14.3995)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.9235, 33.1225,  
14.3616)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0845C
RGB	224, 132, 92
RGB Percent	88%, 52%, 36%
CMY	0.1216, 0.4823, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.59, 0.12
HSL	18°, 68%, 62%
HSV	18°, 59%, 88%
XYZ	40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616
YIQ	154.9480, 67.6720, 7.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

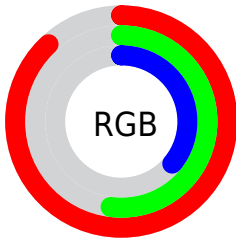
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	224, 149, 92
Decimal	14713948
CIE Lab	64.26, 31.61, 36.57
CIE LCh	64, 48.338, 49.165
Yxy	33.1225, 0.4629, 0.3747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292904028 (0xFFE0845C)
YUV	154.9480, -31.0334, 60.5586
Hunter-Lab	57.5522, 26.2094, 25.4912

# Details

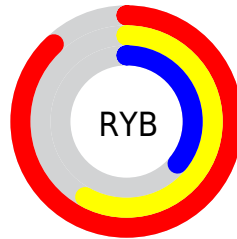
The XYZ color **40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **35.0076, 41.9359, 76.7700**, and the grayscale version is **31.2455, 32.8727, 35.7984**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.7568, 58.3610, 33.8910**, and **18.7259, 13.9668, 4.1915** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.1243, 28.8665, 9.2910**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.3305, 38.1313, 21.0632**.

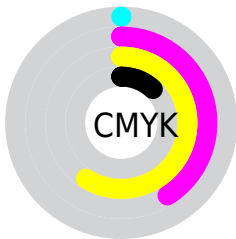
# Distribution



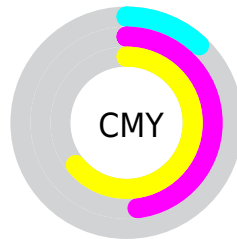
- Red (88%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.9235, 33.1225,  
14.3616


 40.9235, 33.1225,  
14.3616


341.0688,  
316.2014, 230.9750

 28.4467, 22.2203,  
8.2310


 75.8432, 64.5667,  
34.4556


 18.8048, 14.0189,  
4.1532


 99.0168, 85.8776,  
49.2560

 11.6325, 8.1338,  
1.7098


 126.4868,  
111.4267, 67.7835

 6.5644, 4.1807,  
0.3674

 158.6184,  
141.5986, 90.4565

 3.2351, 1.7751,  
0.0000

195.7771,  
176.7776, 117.6936

 1.2793, 0.4716,  
0.0000

238.3281,

 0.1676, 0.0000,

217.3482, 149.9134

0.0000

286.6369,  
263.6946, 187.5344

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.9235, 33.1225,  
14.3616

■ 40.9235, 33.1225,  
14.3616

■ 38.1243, 28.8665,  
9.2910

■ 44.3305, 38.1313,  
21.0632

■ 35.8902, 25.3196,  
5.7062

■ 48.3793, 43.9233,  
29.5205

■ 34.1758, 22.4408,  
3.4388

■ 53.1038, 50.5335,  
39.8476

■ 32.9163, 20.1782,  
2.2289

■ 58.5350, 57.9928,  
52.1488

■ 32.8007, 19.9679,  
2.1254

■ 64.7015, 66.3308,  
66.5205

■ 71.6305, 75.5755,  
83.0527

■ 79.3478, 85.7535,  
101.8300

■ 84.5503, 94.5872,  
108.4086

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6648, 33.1225, 25.0260



40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616



34.0285, 33.1225, 10.2236

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616



20.2180, 33.1225, 29.4162



36.0159, 33.1225, 84.8393

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616



35.0076, 41.9359, 76.7700

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.0657, 33.1225, 87.3772



40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616



20.5895, 33.1225, 49.9491

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616



22.5158, 33.1225, 16.5666



23.6172, 33.1225, 72.8825



42.5591, 33.1225, 66.8526



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616



29.4265, 33.1225, 10.1412



23.6172, 33.1225, 72.8825



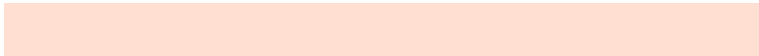
33.6309, 33.1225, 87.7229

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.9243, 33.1242, 14.3622



79.1516, 78.6496, 71.3957



43.2614, 26.9793, 48.4950



16.4582, 16.1748, 14.1721



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.9243, 33.1242, 14.3622



50.3011, 37.4072, 11.0389



52.7749, 56.8255, 18.3124



14.0443, 14.3745, 14.3411



19.1812, 11.8003, 1.2667



1.4066, 0.9722, 0.1135



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.0076, 41.9359, 76.7700



41.5543, 50.0421, 102.0767



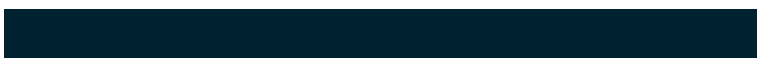
24.3940, 20.7087, 73.2322



13.7476, 14.8344, 17.5264



14.8680, 17.2055, 43.5857



1.1082, 1.3479, 3.0470



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

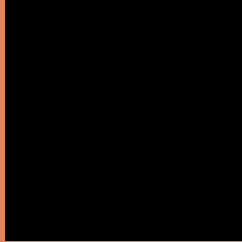
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.9235, 33.1225,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616

### Protanopia

30.8150, 33.2626, 17.1081

### Deuteranopia

33.7858, 33.1633, 14.0716



## Tritanopia

43.5833, 33.0302, 27.3709

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616

## Protanomaly

33.8735, 32.6964, 16.0810

## Deuteranomaly

36.0250, 32.9397, 14.1321

## Tritanomaly

42.4734, 32.9632, 21.8932

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616

## Achromatopsia

31.1553, 32.7778, 35.6950

## Achromatomaly

33.4210, 32.2367, 26.2906

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 132, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(224, 132, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 132, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 132, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 132, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 132, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 132, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 132, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 132, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 132,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.9235, 33.1225, 14.3616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 132, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
132, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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