

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.0902, 31.1224,  
21.6108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E07A78
RGB	224, 122, 120
RGB Percent	88%, 48%, 47%
CMY	0.1216, 0.5215, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.46, 0.12
HSL	1°, 63%, 67%
HSV	1°, 46%, 88%
XYZ	41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108
YIQ	152.2700, 61.4340, 21.0020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

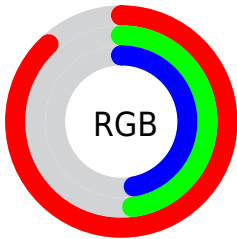
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	224, 122, 120
Decimal	14711416
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.61, 39.23, 18.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 43.532, 25.692
Yxy	31.1224, 0.4380, 0.3317
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292901496 (0xFFE07A78)
YUV	152.2700, -15.9091, 62.9072
Hunter-Lab	55.7875, 33.8460, 16.0836

# Details

The XYZ color **41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **47.3202, 61.6146, 79.9198**, and the grayscale version is **30.0105, 31.5734, 34.3834**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.2117, 55.2892, 46.3173**, and **18.8769, 12.8475, 7.6158** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.4871, 25.8433, 14.4692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.6225, 37.7511, 30.6314**.

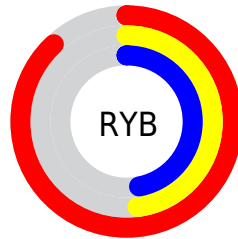
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (48%)

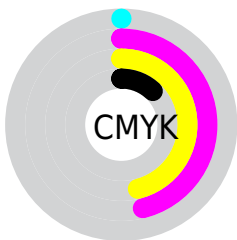
Blue (47%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (47%)

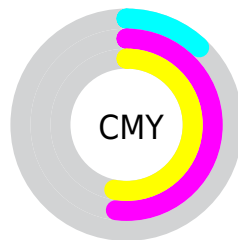


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (52%)


Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.0902, 31.1224,  
21.6108


 41.0902, 31.1224,  
21.6108

341.7536,  
307.1018, 273.3939

 28.5776, 20.6921,  
13.3756


 76.0946, 61.4327,  
46.9958

 18.9042, 12.8991,  
7.5540


 99.3172, 82.0815,  
64.9827

 11.7046, 7.3591,  
3.7272


 126.8403,  
106.9052, 87.0573

 6.6137, 3.6877,  
1.4769

159.0295,  
136.2883, 113.6380

 3.2658, 1.5004,  
0.2007

196.2501,  
170.6151, 145.1435

 1.2959, 0.2890,  
0.0000

238.8674,

 0.1801, 0.0000,

210.2700, 181.9923

0.0000

287.2468,  
255.6375, 224.6029

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.0902, 31.1224,  
21.6108

■ 41.0902, 31.1224,  
21.6108

■ 37.4871, 25.8433,  
14.4692

■ 45.6225, 37.7511,  
30.6314

■ 34.7467, 21.8168,  
9.0724

■ 51.1396, 45.8082,  
41.6489

■ 32.7976, 18.9408,  
5.2715


■ 57.6957, 55.3720,  
54.7735


■ 31.5558, 17.0948,  
2.8918


■ 65.3403, 66.5138,  
70.1070

■ 30.9178, 16.1318,  
1.7140

■ 74.1195, 79.3004,  
87.7446

 30.7873, 15.9411,  
1.4543

 84.0771, 93.7948,  
107.7757

 84.5505, 94.5873,  
108.4086

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.4685, 31.1224, 36.3992



41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108



36.4836, 31.1224, 13.4386

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108



21.1274, 31.1224, 18.6138



28.7328, 31.1224, 77.9881

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108



47.3202, 61.6146, 79.9198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.6089, 31.1224, 68.6467



41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108



19.6063, 31.1224, 31.4931

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108



24.9083, 31.1224, 12.1577



20.4505, 31.1224, 50.1055



34.8041, 31.1224, 72.6486



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108



32.4889, 31.1224, 11.0731



20.4505, 31.1224, 50.1055



26.8519, 31.1224, 76.3945

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.0910, 31.1240, 21.6114



79.6559, 77.5706, 77.9994



50.6776, 34.5687, 73.2962



16.5986, 15.9457, 15.7910



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.0910, 31.1240, 21.6114



50.3012, 34.6852, 19.4314



49.2153, 47.3727, 24.3195



13.7283, 13.7426, 14.2358



17.9300, 9.2979, 0.8497



1.2504, 0.6597, 0.0614



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.3202, 61.6146, 79.9198



59.6454, 80.4535, 106.9932



35.6252, 38.2247, 76.0214



14.0927, 15.5246, 17.6415



22.6903, 32.8502, 46.1932



1.5801, 2.2916, 3.2043



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

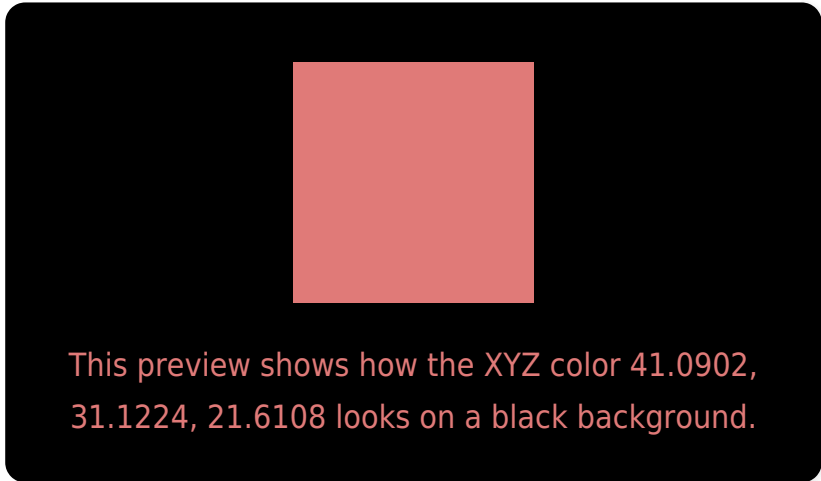
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.0902, 31.1224,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108

### Protanopia

29.6678, 31.2254, 27.0177

### Deuteranopia

32.0217, 31.4024, 20.8965



## Tritanopia

41.8512, 31.2673, 24.5983

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108

## Protanomaly

32.8690, 30.4084, 24.9059

## Deuteranomaly

34.6622, 30.7778, 20.9434

## Tritanomaly

41.6546, 31.1887, 23.5632

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

32.6186, 30.4082, 28.9611

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 122, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 122, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 122, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 122, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 122, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 122, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 122, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 122, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 122, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 122,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.0902, 31.1224, 21.6108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 122, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
122, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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