

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.1320, 36.9152, 60.4937)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.1320, 36.9152, 60.4937)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.9899, 36.8233,  
60.2055)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B599C9
RGB	181, 153, 201
RGB Percent	71%, 60%, 79%
CMY	0.2902, 0.4000, 0.2118
CMYK	0.10, 0.24, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	275°, 31%, 69%
HSV	275°, 24%, 79%
XYZ	40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055
YIQ	166.8440, 1.2800, 20.8640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

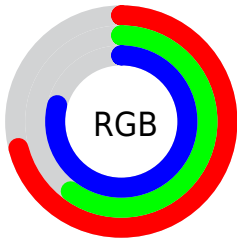
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	181, 153, 201
Decimal	11901385
CIELab	67.14, 19.38, -20.80
CIElCh	67, 28.432, 312.971
Yxy	36.8233, 0.2970, 0.2668
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290091465 (0xFFB599C9)
YUV	166.8440, 16.8389, 12.4148
Hunter-Lab	60.6822, 14.3802, -16.3467

# Details

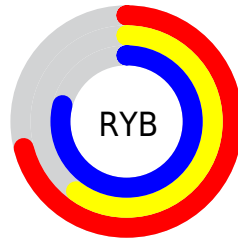
The XYZ color **40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **43.8713, 52.9583, 38.0485**, and the grayscale version is **36.5759, 38.4807, 41.9055**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.2879, 69.8502, 104.1221**, and **18.9199, 16.1985, 29.7332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.0682, 29.8076, 59.1113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.5862, 45.0113, 61.4916**.

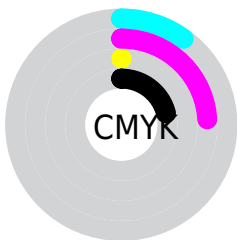
# Distribution



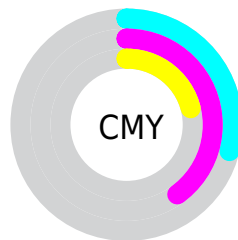
- Red (71%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.9899, 36.8233,  
60.2055

40.9899, 36.8233,  
60.2055

341.3417,  
332.5449, 443.1805

28.4988, 25.0707,  
43.1579

75.9434, 70.3009,  
106.6740

18.8444, 16.1297,  
29.6767

99.1365, 92.7948,  
136.9320

11.6612, 9.6160,  
19.3434

126.6276,  
119.6378, 172.4305

6.5840, 5.1451,  
11.7393

158.7822,  
151.2144, 213.5882

3.2473, 2.3327,  
6.4461

195.9655,  
187.9091, 260.8235

1.2859, 0.7909,  
3.0450

238.5430,

0.1726, 0.0000,

230.1061, 314.5549

1.1177

286.8799,  
278.1899, 375.2011

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.9899, 36.8233,  
60.2055

■ 40.9899, 36.8233,  
60.2055

■ 36.0682, 29.8076,  
59.1113

■ 46.5862, 45.0113,  
61.4916

■ 31.7877, 23.9029,  
58.1972

■ 52.8813, 54.4195,  
62.9757

■ 28.1174, 19.0494,  
57.4538

■ 59.9026, 65.0989,  
64.6670

■ 25.0219, 15.1797,  
56.8700

■ 67.6748, 77.0961,  
66.5731

■ 22.4617, 12.2180,  
56.4333

■ 76.2213, 90.4552,  
68.7012

■ 20.3916, 10.0773,  
56.1292

■ 79.3395, 92.7682,  
68.9833

■ 18.7571, 8.6524,  
55.9403

■ 82.1119, 94.1974,  
69.1130

■ 17.9122, 8.0162,  
55.8621

■ 85.0155, 95.6942,  
69.2489

■ 87.5427, 96.9971,  
69.3672

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.9026, 36.8233, 68.1243



40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055



43.5836, 36.8233, 47.4943

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055



37.4960, 36.8233, 21.3363



27.4935, 36.8233, 45.6910

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055



43.8713, 52.9583, 38.0485

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.6237, 36.8233, 33.5059



40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055



33.1628, 36.8233, 21.0505

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055



41.4550, 36.8233, 25.9325



29.6231, 36.8233, 25.0494



29.2514, 36.8233, 58.6527



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055



43.9946, 36.8233, 38.8705



29.6231, 36.8233, 25.0494



27.3224, 36.8233, 41.3436

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.9911, 36.8249, 60.2063



86.9340, 87.7518, 106.9636



38.7783, 41.1857, 61.1647



18.4639, 18.5674, 22.8607



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.9911, 36.8249, 60.2063



65.3824, 56.1652, 102.0027



45.6496, 39.2695, 58.4796



10.6394, 10.5879, 13.4004



11.3687, 5.0950, 35.1286



0.6194, 0.2831, 1.6671



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.0227, 38.2187, 44.6463



69.6405, 59.0747, 69.9291



40.0425, 50.9536, 39.2677



10.8141, 10.7090, 12.0043



16.1887, 8.2250, 6.2035



0.8025, 0.4038, 0.4829



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

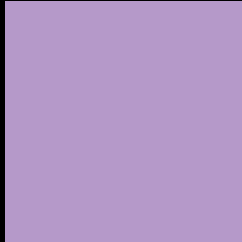
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

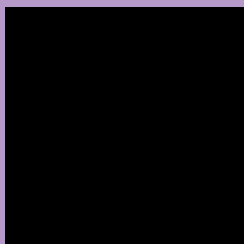
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.9899, 36.8233,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055

### Protanopia

37.1317, 37.0211, 64.2202

### Deuteranopia

37.6941, 36.8888, 59.7771



## Tritanopia

37.6533, 36.9667, 43.6788

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055

## Protanomaly

38.5218, 36.9906, 62.8672

## Deuteranomaly

38.6307, 36.6089, 59.6737

## Tritanomaly

38.8606, 36.9563, 49.3411

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

38.0703, 37.8660, 47.9502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 153, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 153, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 153, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 153, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 153, 201) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 153, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 153, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 153, 201); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 153, 201); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 153, 201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.9899, 36.8233, 60.2055 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 153, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
153, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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