

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.1401, 42.4867,  
47.1067)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2ADB0
RGB	178, 173, 176
RGB Percent	70%, 68%, 69%
CMY	0.3020, 0.3216, 0.3098
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.30
HSL	324°, 3%, 69%
HSV	324°, 3%, 70%
XYZ	41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067
YIQ	174.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

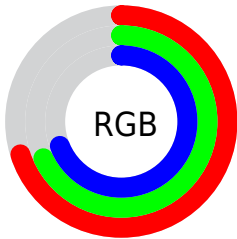
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	178, 173, 176
Decimal	11709872
CIELab	71.21, 2.34, -0.91
CIELCh	71, 2.508, 338.702
Yxy	42.4867, 0.3147, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289899952 (0xFFB2ADB0)
YUV	174.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740
Hunter-Lab	65.1818, -1.4063, 2.7786

# Details

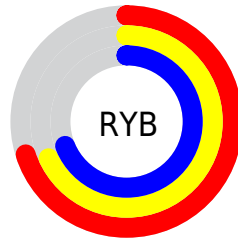
The XYZ color **41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **40.8934, 43.8212, 46.8626**, and the grayscale version is **40.6607, 42.7782, 46.5855**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.2406, 78.8054, 87.5366**, and **18.9329, 19.4900, 21.8328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.2656, 35.8358, 42.4285**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.5088, 50.0656, 52.1332**.

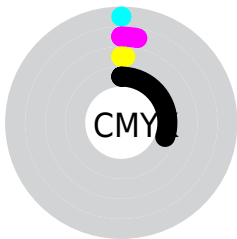
# Distribution



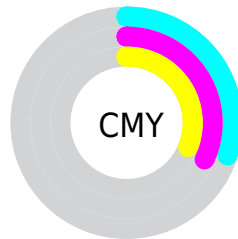
- Red (70%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.1401, 42.4867,  
47.1067

■ 41.1401, 42.4867,  
47.1067

341.9584,  
356.4965, 391.6464

■ 28.6167, 29.4826,  
32.7651

■ 76.1699, 78.9357,  
87.2245

■ 18.9339, 19.4462,  
21.6769

99.4070, 103.1494,  
113.8378

■ 11.7262, 11.9931,  
13.4236

126.9461,  
131.8683, 145.3787

■ 6.6284, 6.7390,  
7.5868

159.1525,  
165.4770, 182.2657

■ 3.2751, 3.2994,  
3.7477

196.3916,  
204.3598, 224.9175

■ 1.3008, 1.2900,  
1.4880

239.0287,

■ 0.1839, 0.1334,

248.9010, 273.7525

0.2090

287.4292,  
299.4851, 329.1893

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.1401, 42.4867,  
47.1067

■ 41.1401, 42.4867,  
47.1067

■ 37.2656, 35.8358,  
42.4285

■ 45.5088, 50.0656,  
52.1332

■ 33.8632, 30.0714,  
38.0869

■ 50.3854, 58.6008,  
57.5138

■ 30.9145, 25.1571,  
34.0735

■ 55.7878, 68.1265,  
63.2575

■ 28.3986, 21.0518,  
30.3784

■ 61.7315, 78.6733,  
69.3721

■ 26.2927, 17.7110,  
26.9911

■ 65.9563, 85.7195,  
75.1068

■ 24.5718, 15.0859,  
23.9000

■ 66.8731, 86.0862,  
79.9344

■ 23.2083, 13.1219,  
21.0930

■ 67.8300, 86.4690,  
84.9733

■ 22.1703, 11.7566,  
18.5560

■ 68.8275, 86.8680,  
90.2262

■ 21.4199, 10.9152,  
16.2732

■ 69.8661, 87.2834,  
95.6955

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.8898, 42.4867, 48.0909



41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067



41.1866, 42.4867, 45.9115

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067



40.2602, 42.4867, 44.0101



39.7548, 42.4867, 47.7233

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067



40.8934, 43.8212, 46.8626

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5886, 42.4867, 46.6119



41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067



39.8790, 42.4867, 44.4777

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067



40.6766, 42.4867, 44.1374



39.6339, 42.4867, 45.4251



40.0895, 42.4867, 48.4512



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067



41.0955, 42.4867, 45.1580



39.6339, 42.4867, 45.4251



39.6775, 42.4867, 47.3814

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1413, 42.4885, 47.1076



75.9575, 79.3837, 87.0103



40.6602, 42.2175, 48.1258



16.8375, 17.6032, 19.2877



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1413, 42.4885, 47.1076



74.4238, 76.7344, 85.2107



40.8964, 42.3906, 45.8181



9.2002, 9.4424, 10.5314



15.0584, 7.5409, 10.7332



0.5017, 0.2484, 0.4845



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.1413, 42.4885, 47.1076



74.4238, 76.7344, 85.2107



41.1410, 43.9203, 48.1665



9.2002, 9.4424, 10.5314



15.0584, 7.5409, 10.7332



0.5017, 0.2484, 0.4845



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

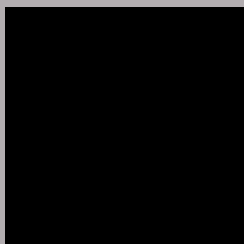
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

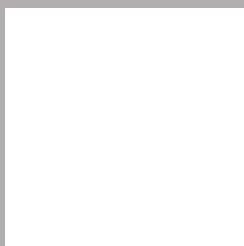
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067.



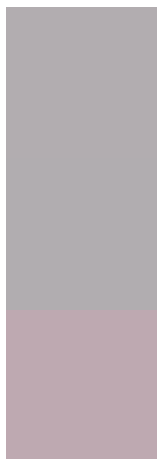
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1401, 42.4867,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067

### Protanopia

40.9115, 42.3688, 47.0960

### Deuteranopia

43.3590, 42.4974, 47.5125



## Tritanopia

42.0999, 42.5915, 51.9010

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067

## Protanomaly

40.9115, 42.3688, 47.0960

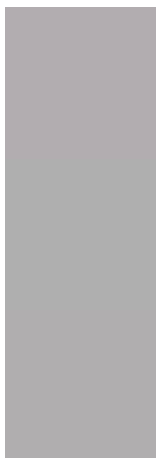
## Deuteranomaly

42.5602, 42.3629, 47.5287

## Tritanomaly

41.7864, 42.4662, 50.2504

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067

## Achromatopsia

40.7470, 42.8690, 46.6844

## Achromatomaly

40.7784, 42.5974, 46.6303

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 173, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 173, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 173, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 173, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 173, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 173, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 173, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 173, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 173, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 173,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 173, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
173, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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