

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.2080, 51.2160, 76.7263)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.2080, 51.2160, 76.7263)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.1154, 51.0257,  
76.7892)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71CADE
RGB	113, 202, 222
RGB Percent	44%, 79%, 87%
CMY	0.5568, 0.2078, 0.1294
CMYK	0.49, 0.09, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	191°, 62%, 66%
HSV	191°, 49%, 87%
XYZ	41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892
YIQ	177.6690, -59.4640, -12.6480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

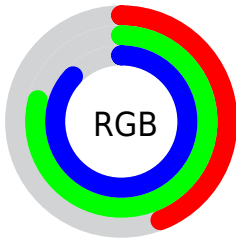
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">113, 162, 222</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7457502</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.69, -21.40, -18.21</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">77, 28.096, 220.387</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">51.0257, 0.2434, 0.3021</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285647582 (0xFF71CADE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">177.6690, 21.8552, -56.7147</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.4323, -22.2644, -13.7337</a>

# Details

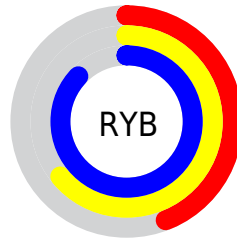
The XYZ color **41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **41.4935, 33.4980, 19.9031**, and the grayscale version is **42.0543, 44.2444, 48.1821**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.6046, 87.3979, 107.7560**, and **18.9811, 24.6999, 40.3264** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.6583, 47.8445, 76.3583**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.2994, 54.6214, 77.2636**.

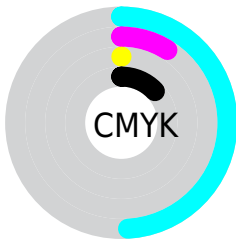
# Distribution



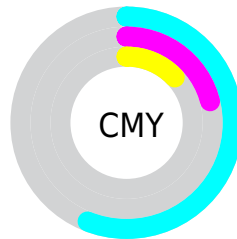
- Red (44%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



41.1154, 51.0257,  
76.7892

41.1154, 51.0257,  
76.7892

341.8570,  
390.6636, 503.4636

28.5973, 36.2291,  
56.5693

76.1326, 91.6928,  
130.6122

18.9192, 24.6112,  
40.2525

99.3625, 118.3320,  
165.0524

11.7155, 15.7876,  
27.4202

126.8937,  
149.6875, 205.0698

6.6211, 9.3740,  
17.6538

159.0916,  
186.1437, 251.0829

3.2705, 4.9859,  
10.5349

196.3216,  
228.0851, 303.5103

1.2984, 2.2390,  
5.6448

238.9489,

0.1820, 0.7411,

275.8959, 362.7705

2.5651

287.3389,  
329.9606, 429.2821

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8743

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.1154, 51.0257,  
76.7892

■ 41.1154, 51.0257,  
76.7892

■ 37.6583, 47.8445,  
76.3583

■ 45.2994, 54.6214,  
77.2636

■ 34.8713, 45.0447,  
75.9648


■ 50.2524, 58.6500,  
77.7802


■ 32.6967, 42.5976,  
75.6070


■ 56.0186, 63.1360,  
78.3421


■ 31.0646, 40.4667,  
75.2818


■ 62.6377, 68.0999,  
78.9514


 29.8639, 38.5945,  
74.9837


 70.1466, 73.5610,  
79.6098

 29.7638, 38.4316,  
74.9575

 78.5800, 79.5376,  
80.3189

 82.8655, 83.4149,  
80.8414

 84.0157, 85.7153,  
81.2248

 85.1925, 88.0691,  
81.6171

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.1148, 51.0257, 61.0107



41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892



45.1446, 51.0257, 87.9831

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892



58.7886, 51.0257, 65.9854



46.6769, 51.0257, 31.4335

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892



41.4935, 33.4980, 19.9031

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0143, 51.0257, 32.2753



41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892



59.2741, 51.0257, 50.4408

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892



55.4344, 51.0257, 80.9986



56.7162, 51.0257, 38.6529



42.1665, 51.0257, 36.0950



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892



48.5676, 51.0257, 90.3121



56.7162, 51.0257, 38.6529



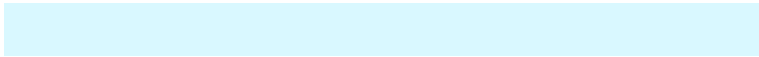
48.4292, 51.0257, 31.1066

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1170, 51.0276, 76.7904



80.1529, 89.0572, 107.5730



37.1651, 57.4474, 31.3155



16.7553, 18.7593, 22.9877



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1170, 51.0276, 76.7904



51.4006, 65.3513, 104.5127



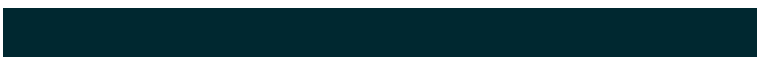
30.5105, 29.8147, 73.2549



13.8916, 15.1223, 17.5744



17.7545, 22.9786, 44.5479



1.2869, 1.7053, 3.1066



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.6914, 31.6056, 59.5187



60.1658, 36.8397, 76.8998



50.9791, 52.4693, 23.0649



14.1815, 13.8902, 16.7259



22.9019, 11.2277, 27.2127

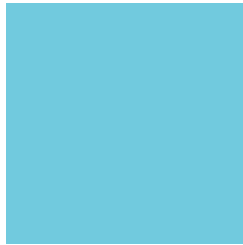


1.6158, 0.7896, 2.0358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

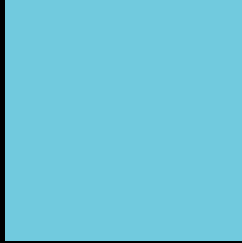
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1154, 51.0257,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892

### Protanopia

49.4212, 50.4845, 69.4271

### Deuteranopia

51.6070, 50.4633, 78.9719



## Tritanopia

40.8242, 51.2711, 74.7625

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892

**Protanomaly**

45.3449, 49.9262, 72.2125

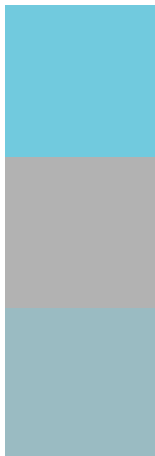
**Deuteranomaly**

46.9194, 50.2749, 78.4653

**Tritanomaly**

40.9563, 51.3239, 75.4580

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892

**Achromatopsia**

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824

**Achromatomaly**

40.8344, 46.3057, 57.8246

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 202, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 202, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 202, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 202, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 202, 222) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 202, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 202, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 202, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 202, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 202,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.1154, 51.0257, 76.7892 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 202, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
202, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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