

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.2304, 48.5596, 42.6480)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.2304, 48.5596, 42.6480)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.1582, 48.4152,  
42.7731)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5C0A5
RGB	165, 192, 165
RGB Percent	65%, 75%, 65%
CMY	0.3529, 0.2470, 0.3529
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.14, 0.25
HSL	120°, 18%, 70%
HSV	120°, 14%, 75%
XYZ	41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731
YIQ	180.8490, -7.4250, -14.1210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

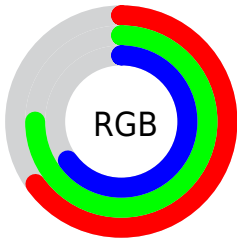
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	165, 192, 192
Decimal	10862757
CIELab	75.09, -14.34, 10.57
CIElCh	75, 17.811, 143.601
Yxy	48.4152, 0.3110, 0.3658
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289052837 (0xFFA5C0A5)
YUV	180.8490, -7.8136, -13.8996
Hunter-Lab	69.5810, -16.1814, 12.2598

# Details

The XYZ color **41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **44.7095, 41.9236, 55.6070**, and the grayscale version is **43.8842, 46.1696, 50.2787**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.0009, 87.5178, 80.5971**, and **18.8792, 22.8799, 19.0440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.8421, 45.8630, 34.0766**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.3389, 51.3856, 52.8817**.

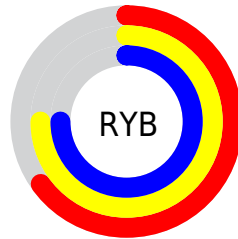
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (75%)

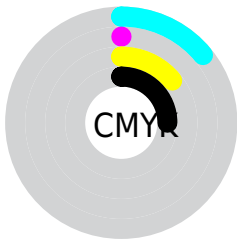
Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (75%)

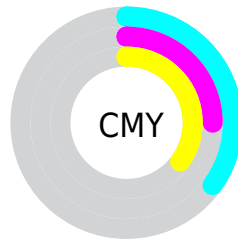


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (25%)


Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 41.1582, 48.4152,  
42.7731


 41.1582, 48.4152,  
42.7731


342.0327,  
380.4355, 373.5716

 28.6309, 34.1558,  
29.3770


 76.1972, 87.8223,  
80.6510

 18.9447, 23.0133,  
19.1182


 99.4396, 113.7387,  
105.9700

 11.7341, 14.6033,  
11.5780


126.9845,  
144.3097, 136.1003

 6.6338, 8.5415,  
6.3380

159.1971,  
179.9195, 171.4606

 3.2784, 4.4433,  
2.9796

196.4429,  
220.9526, 212.4693

 1.3027, 1.9245,  
1.0842

239.0872,

 0.1852, 0.5631,

267.7934, 259.5450

0.0000

287.4953,  
320.8262, 313.1062

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.1582, 48.4152,  
42.7731

■ 41.1582, 48.4152,  
42.7731

■ 35.8421, 45.8630,  
34.0766

■ 47.3389, 51.3856,  
52.8817

■ 31.3484, 43.7045,  
26.7263

■ 54.4162, 54.7851,  
64.4578

■ 27.6372, 41.9218,  
20.6559

■ 62.4253, 58.6323,  
77.5579

■ 24.6638, 40.4935,  
15.7924

■ 71.3981, 62.9424,  
92.2345

■ 22.3790, 39.3960,  
12.0551

■ 78.1406, 66.1811,  
103.2635

■ 20.7275, 38.6027,  
9.3538

■ 19.6457, 38.0831,  
7.5842

■ 19.0567, 37.8001,  
6.6207

■ 18.8506, 37.7012,  
6.2836

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.5551, 48.4152, 37.9294



41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731



40.0700, 48.4152, 50.7422

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731



45.3228, 48.4152, 72.6241



51.9978, 48.4152, 45.8562

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731



44.7095, 41.9236, 55.6070

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.5256, 48.4152, 54.7401



41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731



48.5704, 48.4152, 70.9185

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731



42.4001, 48.4152, 68.5104



51.2443, 48.4152, 64.0912



49.8344, 48.4152, 39.5571



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731



40.1947, 48.4152, 57.0472



51.2443, 48.4152, 64.0912



52.3765, 48.4152, 48.6096

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1595, 48.4173, 42.7742



85.7711, 93.1031, 95.8135



47.3815, 51.6248, 43.0651



18.2062, 19.8803, 20.2370



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

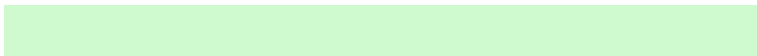


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1595, 48.4173, 42.7742



71.3170, 86.1601, 72.1713



42.4543, 48.9352, 49.5924



9.9445, 11.2588, 10.7110



12.6838, 25.3676, 4.2280



0.5480, 1.0961, 0.1827



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.7095, 41.9236, 55.6070



79.0420, 72.0293, 100.0968



43.2811, 41.3523, 48.0852



10.4973, 10.2475, 12.7095



21.0295, 10.1015, 34.3968



0.9086, 0.4365, 1.4862



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

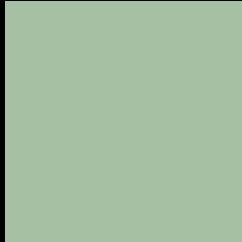
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

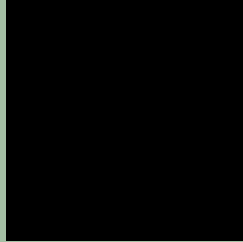
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1582, 48.4152,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731

### Protanopia

45.5658, 48.1916, 40.6186

### Deuteranopia

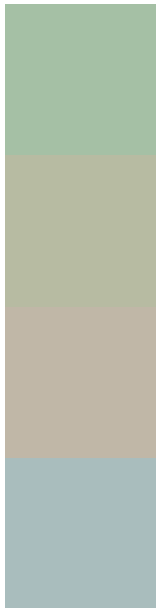
49.0007, 48.0778, 43.7431



## Tritanopia

45.2256, 48.4628, 62.8477

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731

## Protanomaly

43.8204, 48.2166, 41.1796

## Deuteranomaly

45.6468, 47.8635, 43.3919

## Tritanomaly

43.7451, 48.5043, 55.2008

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731

## Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202

## Achromatomaly

42.7660, 46.9070, 47.3574

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 192, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 192, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 192, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 192, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 192, 165) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 192, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 192, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 192, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 192, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 192,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.1582, 48.4152, 42.7731 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 192, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
192, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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