

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.2769, 21.2748, 2.1244)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.2769, 21.2748, 2.1244)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.2784, 21.2753,  
2.1320)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF0007
RGB	255, 0, 7
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 3%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9997, 0.9725
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.97, 0.00
HSL	358°, 100%, 50%
HSV	358°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320
YIQ	77.0430, 149.7330, 56.2370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

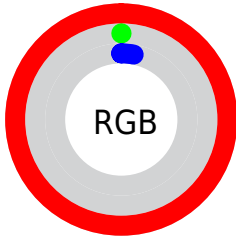
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 0, 7
Decimal	16711687
CIELab	53.25, 80.16, 65.49
CIELCh	53, 103.507, 39.250
Yxy	21.2753, 0.6381, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901767 (0xFFFF0007)
YUV	77.0430, -34.5312, 156.0683
Hunter-Lab	46.1252, 79.0245, 29.5471

# Details

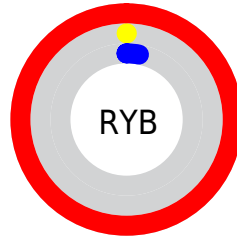
The XYZ color **41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0000**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **52.7137, 78.3012, 101.1938**, and the grayscale version is **7.1118, 7.4821, 8.1480**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.3201, 29.9846, 8.0489**, and **20.4935, 10.5648, 0.9591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.2778, 21.2751, 2.1301**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.8578, 22.0829, 3.4092**.

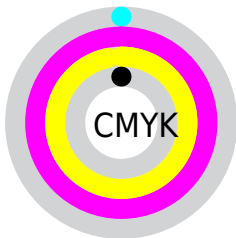
# Distribution



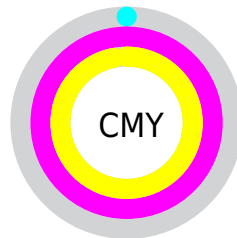
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (3%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (3%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (97%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.2784, 21.2753,  
2.1320


 41.2784, 21.2753,  
2.1320

342.5256,  
258.7380, 124.3939


 28.7253, 13.3254,  
0.6347


 76.3784, 45.5453,  
9.3986

 19.0164, 7.6530,  
0.0000


 99.6560, 62.6341,  
16.0412

 11.7862, 3.8737,  
0.0000


 127.2391, 83.5380,  
25.2480

 6.6694, 1.6032,  
0.0000

 159.4932,  
108.6415, 37.4375

 3.3007, 0.3597,  
0.0000

 196.7835,  
138.3288, 53.0283


 1.3147, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 239.4754,


 0.1942, 0.0000,


172.9844, 72.4390


0.0000


 287.9343,  
212.9926, 96.0880


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 41.2784, 21.2753,  
2.1320


 41.2784, 21.2753,  
2.1320


 41.2778, 21.2751,  
2.1301

 41.8578, 22.0829,  
3.4092

 43.1555, 23.9250,  
6.1642

 45.3645, 27.1077,  
10.7091

 48.6111, 31.8212,  
17.2779

 53.0016, 38.2251,  
26.0695

■ 58.6292, 46.4591,  
37.2590

■ 65.5774, 56.6484,  
51.0040

■ 73.9226, 68.9070,  
67.4487

■ 83.7354, 83.3403,  
86.7265

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.9018, 21.2753, 14.7677



41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320



28.6278, 21.2753, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320



6.2391, 21.2753, 7.7048



23.7950, 21.2753, 148.0217

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320



52.7137, 78.3012, 101.1938

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.6466, 21.2753, 137.5211



41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320



5.7541, 21.2753, 34.2617

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320



9.6182, 21.2753, 0.8148



7.9139, 21.2753, 86.0153



36.6654, 21.2753, 108.1511



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320



20.4982, 21.2753, 0.0000



7.9139, 21.2753, 86.0153



19.9474, 21.2753, 150.7178

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.2788, 21.2767, 2.1323



65.5577, 56.6192, 50.9645



56.2328, 26.9051, 96.8365



13.3698, 11.1471, 9.6000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.2788, 21.2767, 2.1323



41.2780, 21.2752, 2.1302



47.8412, 34.4621, 4.1323



18.0294, 17.9951, 18.7720



21.5773, 11.1202, 1.1586



2.1076, 1.0854, 0.1482



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.2788, 21.2767, 2.1323



41.2780, 21.2752, 2.1302



26.8593, 24.8375, 97.9856



18.0294, 17.9951, 18.7720



21.5773, 11.1202, 1.1586



2.1076, 1.0854, 0.1482



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.2784, 21.2753,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320

### Protanopia

19.6406, 21.7453, 4.6755

### Deuteranopia

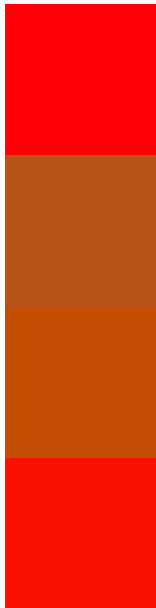
21.8598, 21.6004, 3.0172



## Tritanopia

40.8346, 21.5359, 2.0046

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320

## Protanomaly

22.9493, 16.2909, 2.7990

## Deuteranomaly

25.5058, 17.1911, 2.0601

## Tritanomaly

41.0603, 21.4191, 2.0563

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320

## Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

## Achromatomaly

12.8735, 8.1953, 4.1522

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 7) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 0, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.2784, 21.2753, 2.1320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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