

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.3021, 51.0539, 50.5429)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.3021, 51.0539, 50.5429)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(41.1854, 50.9528,  
50.3120)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95C8B3
RGB	149, 200, 179
RGB Percent	58%, 78%, 70%
CMY	0.4157, 0.2157, 0.2980
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.11, 0.22
HSL	155°, 32%, 68%
HSV	155°, 26%, 78%
XYZ	41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120
YIQ	182.3570, -23.6550, -17.3430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

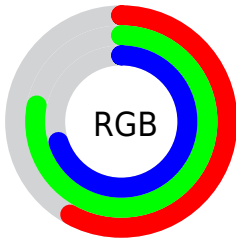
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	149, 181, 200
Decimal	9816243
CIELab	76.65, -21.00, 5.12
CIElCh	77, 21.611, 166.291
Yxy	50.9528, 0.2891, 0.3577
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288006323 (0xFF95C8B3)
YUV	182.3570, -1.6550, -29.2541
Hunter-Lab	71.3812, -21.9266, 8.1772

# Details

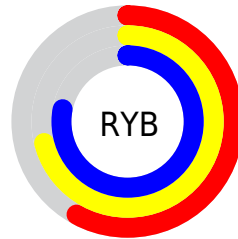
The XYZ color **41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **41.8244, 36.6778, 42.9075**, and the grayscale version is **44.6772, 47.0038, 51.1872**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.6572, 90.3555, 92.0501**, and **18.9745, 24.6055, 23.4879** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.0370, 48.9090, 45.8993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.0130, 53.3437, 55.0184**.

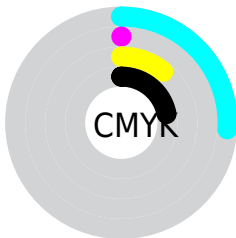
# Distribution



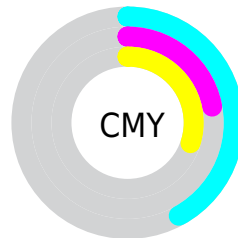
- Red (58%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.1854, 50.9528,  
50.3120

■ 41.1854, 50.9528,  
50.3120

342.1443,  
390.3804, 404.6548

■ 28.6523, 36.1710,  
35.2885

■ 76.2382, 91.5850,  
92.0380

■ 18.9609, 24.5663,  
23.5998

■ 99.4886, 118.2042,  
119.5776

■ 11.7459, 15.7543,  
14.8276

127.0421,  
149.5381, 152.1263

■ 6.6418, 9.3504,  
8.5532

159.2641,  
185.9709, 190.1025

■ 3.2835, 4.9704,  
4.3581

196.5200,  
227.8872, 233.9250

■ 1.3054, 2.2299,  
1.8238

239.1751,

■ 0.1872, 0.7362,

275.6713, 284.0122

0.4436

287.5947,  
329.7075, 340.7826

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.1854, 50.9528,  
50.3120

■ 41.1854, 50.9528,  
50.3120

■ 37.0370, 48.9090,  
45.8993

■ 46.0130, 53.3437,  
55.0184

■ 33.5308, 47.1892,  
41.7708

■ 51.5461, 56.0912,  
60.0209

■ 30.6323, 45.7772,  
37.9215

■ 57.8149, 59.2119,  
65.3263

■ 28.3022, 44.6528,  
34.3446

■ 64.8463, 62.7198,  
70.9399

■ 26.4963, 43.7932,  
31.0333

■ 72.6659, 66.6278,  
76.8672

■ 25.1634, 43.1722,  
27.9802

■ 75.9569, 68.1951,  
82.8631

■ 24.2405, 42.7576,  
25.1770

■ 77.1308, 68.6647,  
89.0445

■ 23.9041, 42.6100,  
23.9932

■ 78.3599, 69.1563,  
95.5169

■ 79.6450, 69.6703,  
102.2841

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.9652, 50.9528, 41.3292



41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120



41.2678, 50.9528, 62.0381

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120



50.6683, 50.9528, 80.0196



54.0675, 50.9528, 40.7423

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120



41.8244, 36.6778, 42.9075

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.3744, 50.9528, 49.3992



41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120



54.3376, 50.9528, 72.5377

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120



46.5897, 50.9528, 80.3554



56.4760, 50.9528, 60.9880



50.3164, 50.9528, 36.3528



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120



42.3644, 50.9528, 69.9021



56.4760, 50.9528, 60.9880



55.0466, 50.9528, 43.1902

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1868, 50.9549, 50.3131



86.6157, 95.8048, 101.5989



42.7124, 52.0547, 36.2309



18.2199, 20.3475, 21.4607



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

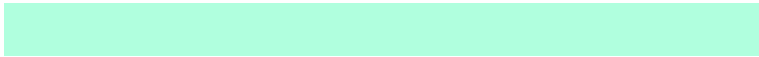


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1868, 50.9549, 50.3131



66.8981, 86.0422, 82.5040



42.5050, 49.9290, 62.0431



10.7548, 11.9908, 12.6588



15.2438, 27.1099, 15.4944



0.7572, 1.2978, 0.9200



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.8244, 36.6778, 42.9075



68.2026, 56.8699, 67.3815



40.6780, 37.3150, 33.4931



10.8119, 10.7082, 11.9929



16.1645, 8.2154, 6.0763



0.8012, 0.4033, 0.4765



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

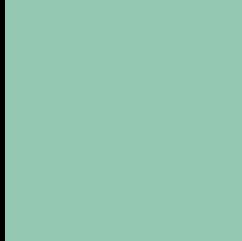
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

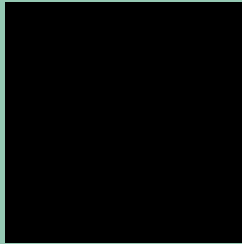
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1854, 50.9528,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120

### Protanopia

48.1946, 50.6808, 46.2720

### Deuteranopia

51.5697, 50.4301, 51.8157



## Tritanopia

44.7905, 50.7019, 69.0538

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120

## Protanomaly

45.1779, 50.3781, 47.9003

## Deuteranomaly

47.1346, 50.3374, 51.4878

## Tritanomaly

43.4119, 50.8283, 61.5556

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120

## Achromatopsia

44.4628, 46.7784, 50.9417

## Achromatomaly

43.1156, 48.2774, 50.7621

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 200, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 200, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 200, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 200, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 200, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 200, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 200, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 200, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 200, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 200,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.1854, 50.9528, 50.3120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 200, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
200, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor