

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.3046, 44.9751,  
31.3150)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAB48C
RGB	186, 180, 140
RGB Percent	73%, 71%, 55%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2941, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.25, 0.27
HSL	52°, 25%, 64%
HSV	52°, 25%, 73%
XYZ	41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150
YIQ	177.2340, 16.4160, -11.1680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

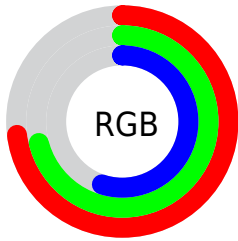
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	147, 186, 140
Decimal	12235916
CIELab	72.88, -4.36, 21.22
CIELCh	73, 21.661, 101.611
Yxy	44.9751, 0.3512, 0.3825
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290425996 (0xFFBAB48C)
YUV	177.2340, -18.3564, 7.6878
Hunter-Lab	67.0635, -7.4224, 19.2592

# Details

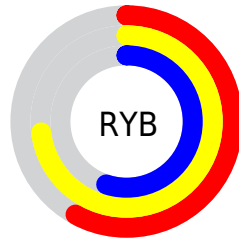
The XYZ color **41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **29.9569, 29.6776, 50.6040**, and the grayscale version is **42.0014, 44.1887, 48.1215**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.6952, 82.9406, 63.0058**, and **18.9506, 20.8225, 12.6932** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.5627, 43.5036, 24.5304**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.2893, 46.5605, 39.3254**.

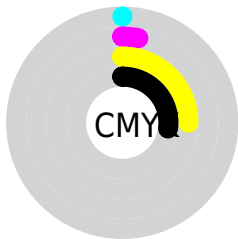
# Distribution



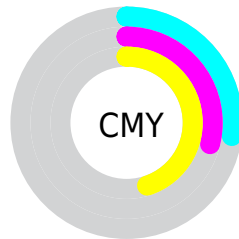
- Red (73%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.3046, 44.9751,  
31.3150

■ 41.3046, 44.9751,  
31.3150

342.6330,  
366.6727, 322.3829

■ 28.7459, 31.4378,  
20.5784

■ 76.4179, 82.6830,  
62.8210

■ 19.0320, 20.9325,  
12.6279

■ 99.7031, 107.6225,  
84.4275

■ 11.7975, 13.0746,  
7.0451

■ 127.2946,  
137.1315, 110.4944

■ 6.6772, 7.4800,  
3.4115

159.5577,  
171.5943, 141.4401

■ 3.3056, 3.7640,  
1.3084

196.8577,  
211.3955, 177.6833

■ 1.3173, 1.5425,  
0.0686

239.5600,

■ 0.1961, 0.3183,

256.9193, 219.6425

0.0000

288.0300,  
308.5503, 267.7362

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.3046, 44.9751,  
31.3150

■ 41.3046, 44.9751,  
31.3150

■ 39.5627, 43.5036,  
24.5304

■ 43.2893, 46.5605,  
39.3254

■ 38.0484, 42.1352,  
18.9073

■ 45.5241, 48.2582,  
48.6158

■ 36.7501, 40.8668,  
14.3801

■ 48.0204, 50.0743,  
59.2406

■ 35.6539, 39.6927,  
10.8751

■ 50.7878, 52.0128,  
71.2503

■ 34.7440, 38.6065,  
8.3101

■ 53.8355, 54.0773,  
84.6926

■ 34.0023, 37.6010,  
6.5896

■ 57.1721, 56.2715,  
99.6131

■ 33.4068, 36.6672,  
5.5982

■ 58.2604, 57.5804,  
102.6512

■ 33.1273, 36.1943,  
5.2402

■ 58.8153, 58.6901,  
102.8362

■ 59.3790, 59.8176,  
103.0241

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.0760, 44.9751, 31.7890



41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150



38.1107, 44.9751, 35.0267

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150



37.5520, 44.9751, 64.0959



50.0042, 44.9751, 55.8179

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150



29.9569, 29.6776, 50.6040

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.7458, 44.9751, 66.1958



41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150



40.5006, 44.9751, 71.4382

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150



36.0308, 44.9751, 53.2700



44.2236, 44.9751, 72.2587



50.2509, 44.9751, 44.9083



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150



36.6804, 44.9751, 39.7453



44.2236, 44.9751, 72.2587



49.4492, 44.9751, 59.5224

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.3058, 44.9771, 31.3159



81.5062, 86.7173, 83.8858



34.8269, 31.2753, 31.4503



17.8938, 19.0551, 18.2422



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

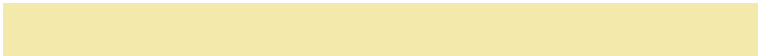


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.3058, 44.9771, 31.3159



72.9953, 79.9596, 49.4062



38.6837, 45.4613, 31.5476



9.6477, 10.2983, 9.5862



22.3258, 24.4280, 3.5384



0.8151, 0.9172, 0.1341



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.9569, 29.6776, 50.6040



48.6801, 47.1838, 90.7431



32.1201, 29.4566, 50.4474



8.6130, 8.9032, 11.3440



6.2177, 2.8951, 31.4842

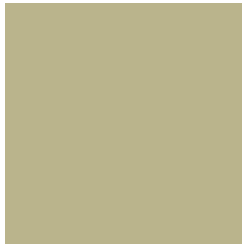


0.2499, 0.1634, 1.1201



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

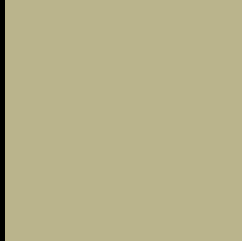
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

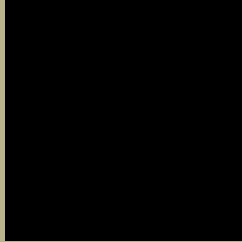
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.3046, 44.9751,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150

### Protanopia

42.2662, 45.1806, 30.9192

### Deuteranopia

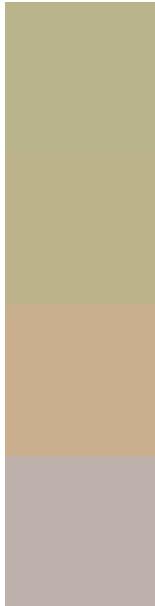
45.9295, 45.0134, 31.8589



## Tritanopia

45.8439, 45.0664, 53.2962

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150

## Protanomaly

41.7666, 44.9231, 30.8958

## Deuteranomaly

44.2251, 45.0005, 31.5544

## Tritanomaly

44.0162, 44.9001, 44.3769

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150

## Achromatopsia

41.7894, 43.9657, 47.8787

## Achromatomaly

41.4436, 44.2244, 41.4738

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 180, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 180, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 180, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 180, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 180, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 180, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 180, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 180, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 180, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 180,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.3046, 44.9751, 31.3150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 180, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
180, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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