

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.3425, 46.8496, 95.1430)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.3425, 46.8496, 95.1430)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(41.1458, 46.6065,  
94.8230)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6ABEF7
RGB	106, 190, 247
RGB Percent	42%, 75%, 97%
CMY	0.5843, 0.2549, 0.0314
CMYK	0.57, 0.23, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	204°, 90%, 69%
HSV	204°, 57%, 97%
XYZ	41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230
YIQ	171.3820, -68.3610, -0.0810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

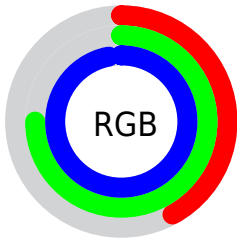
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	106, 159, 247
Decimal	6995703
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	73.94, -9.42, -35.93
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	74, 37.142, 255.304
Yxy	46.6065, 0.2254, 0.2553
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285185783 (0xFF6ABEF7)
YUV	171.3820, 37.2797, -57.3400
Hunter-Lab	68.2690, -11.8885, -34.5633

# Details

The XYZ color **41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **54.0581, 47.0113, 19.8625**, and the grayscale version is **38.7453, 40.7630, 44.3909**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.7317, 81.2385, 106.7712**, and **18.9331, 21.9664, 51.9572** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.5332, 41.1280, 94.0096**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.7549, 52.8204, 95.7277**.

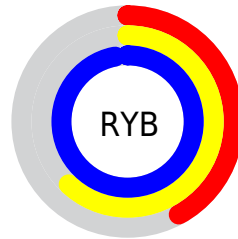
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (75%)

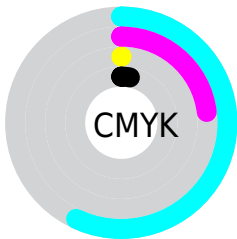
Blue (97%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (97%)

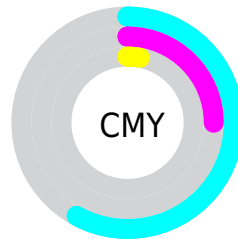


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.1458, 46.6065,  
94.8230

■ 41.1458, 46.6065,  
94.8230

341.9818,  
373.2416, 564.5680

■ 28.6212, 32.7247,  
71.3916

■ 76.1785, 85.1260,  
156.0135

■ 18.9373, 21.9156,  
52.1780

■ 99.4173, 110.5324,  
194.6097

■ 11.7287, 13.7949,  
36.7638

■ 126.9582,  
140.5491, 239.0979

■ 6.6301, 7.9782,  
24.7303

159.1666,  
175.5606, 289.8967

■ 3.2761, 4.0810,  
15.6590

196.4077,  
215.9512, 347.4245

■ 1.3014, 1.7190,  
9.1315

239.0471,

■ 0.1843, 0.4359,

262.1053, 412.1000

4.7291

287.4500,  
314.4073, 484.3417

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.0332

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5756

■ 41.1458, 46.6065,  
94.8230

■ 41.1458, 46.6065,  
94.8230

■ 36.5332, 41.1280,  
94.0096

■ 46.7549, 52.8204,  
95.7277

■ 32.8344, 36.3354,  
93.2794

■ 53.4245, 59.8044,  
96.7242

■ 29.9604, 32.1790,  
92.6286

■ 61.2183, 67.5963,  
97.8174

■ 27.7951, 28.5944,  
92.0509

■ 70.1936, 76.2296,  
99.0107

■ 27.2455, 27.6291,  
91.8935

■ 80.4031, 85.7355,  
100.3075

■ 91.8967, 96.1435,  
101.7106

■ 93.7887, 99.4955,  
102.2579

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.9325, 46.6065, 81.3324



41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230



47.7445, 46.6065, 94.6711

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230



57.7493, 46.6065, 41.7174



35.8494, 46.6065, 29.1769

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230



54.0581, 47.0113, 19.8625

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.0216, 46.6065, 23.0742



41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230



53.8707, 46.6065, 28.9880

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230



57.7910, 46.6065, 60.5710



47.6074, 46.6065, 23.0150



33.0880, 46.6065, 42.0464



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230



52.0715, 46.6065, 86.7025



47.6074, 46.6065, 23.0150



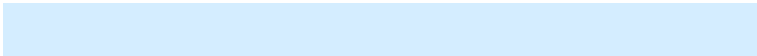
37.3395, 46.6065, 26.4253

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1474, 46.6082, 94.8241



75.5226, 82.0091, 106.4566



45.7634, 72.2098, 45.8972



15.7265, 17.1374, 22.7289



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1474, 46.6082, 94.8241



38.8233, 43.6526, 100.9873



29.4626, 23.2386, 90.9292



16.4021, 17.5685, 21.0691



14.5521, 14.8980, 48.6466



1.3796, 1.5107, 4.3091



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.8075, 33.8017, 52.4579



52.9738, 30.7331, 48.9844



70.0711, 79.0373, 25.2001



16.9135, 16.6483, 19.2913



23.1497, 11.6033, 16.0288

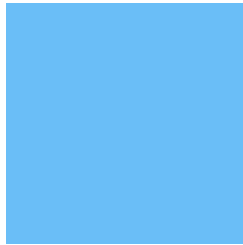


2.0854, 1.0401, 1.6763



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

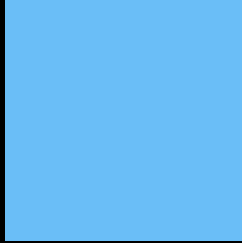
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

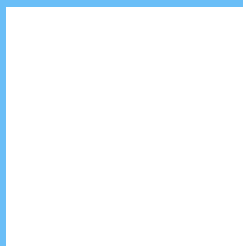
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.1458, 46.6065,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230

### Protanopia

46.8626, 46.3058, 87.3569

### Deuteranopia

47.6735, 46.5133, 96.9078



## Tritanopia

36.0372, 46.5086, 69.3651

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230

**Protanomaly**

44.1384, 46.0575, 89.7827

**Deuteranomaly**

44.8476, 46.2820, 96.1921

**Tritanomaly**

37.8122, 46.5612, 78.2285

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230

**Achromatopsia**

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

**Achromatomaly**

38.2618, 42.1674, 60.1553

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 190, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 190, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 190, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 190, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 190, 247) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 190, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 190, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 190, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 190, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 190,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.1458, 46.6065, 94.8230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 190, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
190, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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