

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.3550, 28.2237, 3.2698)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.3550, 28.2237, 3.2698)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.2716, 28.1846,  
3.2649)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F26500
RGB	242, 101, 0
RGB Percent	95%, 40%, 0%
CMY	0.0510, 0.6039, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 1.00, 0.05
HSL	25°, 100%, 47%
HSV	25°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649
YIQ	131.6450, 116.4570, -1.5190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

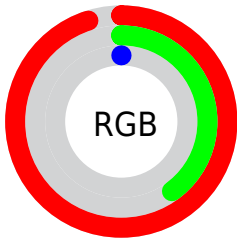
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 173, 0
Decimal	15885568
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.06, 50.80, 68.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 85.679, 53.637
Yxy	28.1846, 0.5675, 0.3876
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294075648 (0xFFFF26500)
YUV	131.6450, -64.9010, 96.7813
Hunter-Lab	53.0892, 45.8601, 33.5162

# Details

The XYZ color **41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**. The color can be described as dark saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **25.5512, 25.4592, 87.5711**, and the grayscale version is **22.0024, 23.1483, 25.2085**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.1416, 45.4422, 11.2278**, and **19.3371, 11.4190, 1.1849** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.2719, 28.1856, 3.2651**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.9277, 31.2301, 4.6409**.

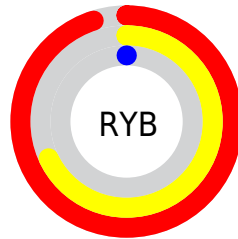
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (40%)

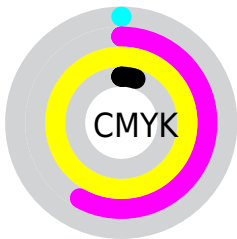
Blue (0%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (0%)

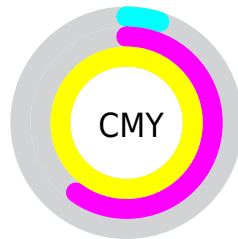


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.2716, 28.1846,  
3.2649


 41.2716, 28.1846,  
3.2649

342.4977,  
293.3480, 139.6661

 28.7200, 18.4649,  
1.2314


 76.3681, 56.7790,  
12.2754

 19.0123, 11.2842,  
0.0046


 99.6437, 76.4225,  
20.0895

 11.7832, 6.2584,  
0.0000


 127.2247,  
100.1427, 30.6675

 6.6674, 3.0028,  
0.0000

 159.4764,  
128.3240, 44.4281

 3.2994, 1.1332,  
0.0000

 196.7642,  
161.3507, 61.7897


 1.3140, 0.0061,  
0.0000

 239.4535,


 0.1937, 0.0000,


199.6074, 83.1709


0.0000


 287.9095,  
243.4783, 108.9902


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 41.2716, 28.1846,  
3.2649


 41.2716, 28.1846,  
3.2649

 41.2719, 28.1856,  
3.2651

 42.9277, 31.2301,  
4.6409

 45.0372, 34.8491,  
7.1932

 47.6758, 39.0901,  
11.2673

 50.8920, 43.9882,  
17.0700

 54.7277, 49.5749,  
24.7752

■ 59.2201, 55.8793,  
34.5356

■ 64.4030, 62.9286,  
46.4877

■ 70.3078, 70.7482,  
60.7567

■ 76.9637, 79.3622,  
77.4578

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.0056, 28.1846, 12.3367



41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649



29.1847, 28.1846, 1.3229

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649



10.8665, 28.1846, 24.4922



36.1232, 28.1846, 125.3642

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649



25.5512, 25.4592, 87.5711

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.5274, 28.1846, 137.6969



41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649



11.7860, 28.1846, 61.6759

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649



13.1846, 28.1846, 7.0551



16.1652, 28.1846, 109.0866



47.5122, 28.1846, 81.9554



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649



22.1355, 28.1846, 1.4926



16.1652, 28.1846, 109.0866



32.0520, 28.1846, 134.1235

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.2722, 28.1862, 3.2654



72.4790, 70.8001, 52.2289



41.4379, 20.8053, 27.0969



14.9651, 14.4140, 9.8965



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.2722, 28.1862, 3.2654



46.4387, 31.6574, 3.6629



62.6946, 71.0309, 10.4061



16.3149, 16.8429, 16.5408



22.2996, 15.3973, 1.7967



1.9512, 1.4730, 0.1815



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5512, 25.4592, 87.5711



28.7292, 28.5784, 98.6097



16.2801, 6.9172, 84.4807



15.6624, 16.7589, 20.1309



13.8643, 13.9528, 47.0903



1.2514, 1.3568, 3.9501



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.2716, 28.1846,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649

### Protanopia

25.7434, 28.5121, 4.9572

### Deuteranopia

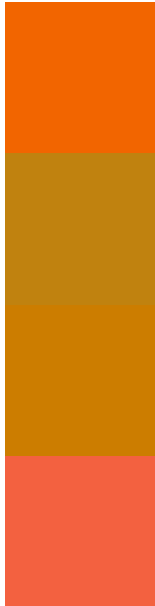
28.6169, 28.2442, 3.9434



## Tritanopia

43.6112, 28.1586, 15.1932

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649

**Protanomaly**

29.8071, 27.2062, 4.1323

**Deuteranomaly**

32.2355, 27.5046, 3.6099

**Tritanomaly**

42.1623, 27.9742, 8.0279

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649

**Achromatopsia**

21.9318, 23.0740, 25.1276

**Achromatomaly**

25.4509, 23.0855, 11.5020

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 101, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 101, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 101, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 101, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 101, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 101, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 101, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 101, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 101, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 101,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.2716, 28.1846, 3.2649 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 101, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
101, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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