

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.4020, 53.2573,  
79.3317)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64D0E1
RGB	100, 208, 225
RGB Percent	39%, 82%, 88%
CMY	0.6078, 0.1843, 0.1176
CMYK	0.56, 0.08, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	188°, 68%, 64%
HSV	188°, 56%, 88%
XYZ	41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317
YIQ	177.6460, -69.8250, -17.6090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

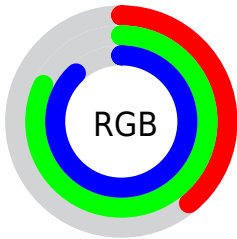
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	100, 158, 225
Decimal	6607073
CIELab	78.03, -26.27, -17.85
CIELCh	78, 31.758, 214.203
Yxy	53.2573, 0.2380, 0.3061
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284797153 (0xFF64D0E1)
YUV	177.6460, 23.3455, -68.0955
Hunter-Lab	72.9776, -26.4433, -13.3680

# Details

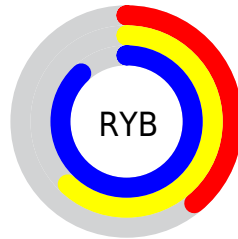
The XYZ color **41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **39.7141, 29.6515, 15.6883**, and the grayscale version is **42.0387, 44.2279, 48.1642**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485**, and **19.0729, 25.9044, 42.0250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.5101, 50.6708, 78.9858**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.9986, 56.2308, 79.7170**.

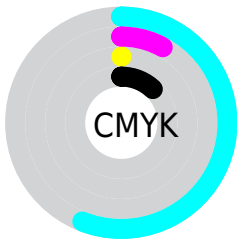
# Distribution



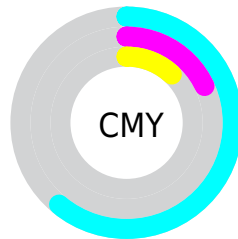
- Red (39%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



41.4020, 53.2573,  
79.3317

41.4020, 53.2573,  
79.3317

343.0319,  
399.2715, 512.3250

28.8224, 38.0082,  
58.6456

76.5646, 94.9829,  
134.2286

19.0901, 25.9891,  
41.9098

99.8784, 122.2282,  
169.2766

11.8398, 16.8155,  
28.7056

127.5008,  
154.2409, 209.9489

6.7061, 10.1030,  
18.6146

159.7974,  
191.4057, 256.6641

3.3237, 5.4673,  
11.2181

197.1335,  
234.1067, 309.8408

1.3272, 2.5240,  
6.0977

239.8743,

0.2034, 0.8886,

282.7284, 369.8975

2.8349

288.3854,  
337.6552, 437.2527

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0109

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.4020, 53.2573,  
79.3317

■ 41.4020, 53.2573,  
79.3317

■ 38.5101, 50.6708,  
78.9858

■ 44.9986, 56.2308,  
79.7170

■ 36.2599, 48.4352,  
78.6729

■ 49.3466, 59.6120,  
80.1405

■ 34.5852, 46.5174,  
78.3910

■ 54.4943, 63.4270,  
80.6056

■ 33.4028, 44.8744,  
78.1362

■ 60.4845, 67.6980,  
81.1143

■ 32.9725, 44.1997,  
78.0287

■ 67.3570, 72.4458,  
81.6684

■ 75.1489, 77.6894,  
82.2699

■ 82.9669, 82.9686,  
82.8768

■ 83.8231, 84.6810,  
83.1622

■ 84.6943, 86.4234,  
83.4526

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.6553, 53.2573, 60.5217



41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317



45.6155, 53.2573, 94.4007

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317



62.1066, 53.2573, 74.1193



49.7524, 53.2573, 30.2084

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317



39.7141, 29.6515, 15.6883

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.9766, 53.2573, 32.3989



41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317



63.4385, 53.2573, 55.5263

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317



57.6074, 53.2573, 90.9865



61.1125, 53.2573, 40.8636



44.2208, 53.2573, 34.1228

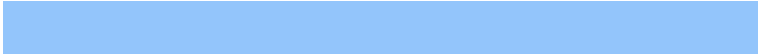


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317



49.4270, 53.2573, 98.9301



61.1125, 53.2573, 40.8636



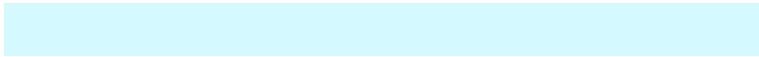
51.8310, 53.2573, 30.2619

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.4037, 53.2593, 79.3330



79.0087, 88.9813, 107.6186



35.3734, 57.8375, 26.0281



16.5546, 18.7935, 23.0049



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.4037, 53.2593, 79.3330



50.5104, 66.6934, 104.8187



29.1009, 28.6538, 75.2320



13.9493, 15.2378, 17.5937



19.0634, 25.5964, 44.9842



1.3659, 1.8632, 3.1329



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.9951, 29.6775, 62.9280



58.9543, 33.4369, 79.5166



49.5064, 49.2363, 18.9524



14.2106, 13.9019, 16.8794



23.5625, 11.4920, 30.6918

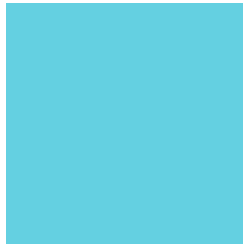


1.6557, 0.8056, 2.2457



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

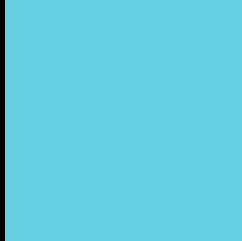
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

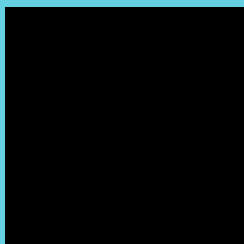
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

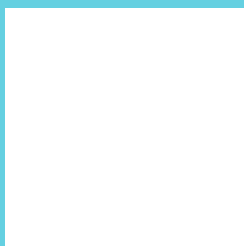
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.4020, 53.2573,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317

### Protanopia

51.5373, 52.5008, 71.0357

### Deuteranopia

53.6514, 52.4043, 81.4160



## **Tritanopia**

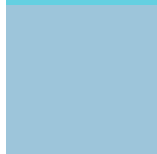
41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317

# Trichromacy



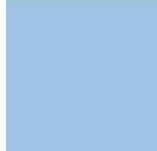
## Original Color

41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317



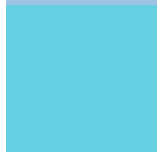
## Protanomaly

46.5258, 52.1626, 73.9459



## Deuteranomaly

47.8168, 52.0026, 80.9161



## Tritanomaly

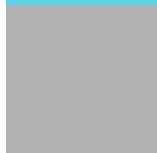
41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317



## Achromatopsia

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824



## Achromatomaly

40.6256, 46.8194, 58.5256

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 208, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 208, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 208, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 208, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 208, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 208, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 208, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 208, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 208, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 208,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.4020, 53.2573, 79.3317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 208, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
208, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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