

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.4504, 62.6686, 76.1902)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.4504, 62.6686, 76.1902)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(41.5115, 62.7752,  
76.2586)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00E8DA
RGB	0, 232, 218
RGB Percent	0%, 91%, 85%
CMY	0.9998, 0.0902, 0.1451
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.06, 0.09
HSL	176°, 100%, 46%
HSV	176°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586
YIQ	161.0360, -133.7780, -53.5380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

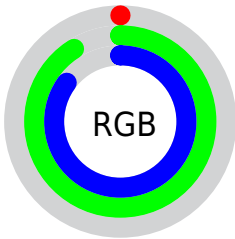
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 120, 232</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">59610</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.32, -48.76, -6.36</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 49.178, 187.435</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">62.7752, 0.2299, 0.3477</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278249690 (0xFF00E8DA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">161.0360, 28.0833, -141.2286</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.2308, -45.1322, -1.6043</a>

# Details

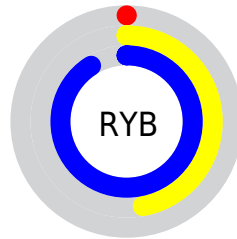
The XYZ color **41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **33.3600, 17.1894, 1.9770**, and the grayscale version is **33.8192, 35.5804, 38.7471**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.6201, 82.2507, 107.2887**, and **21.9408, 33.3043, 39.9223** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.5123, 62.7771, 76.2579**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.0560, 63.0360, 77.2463**.

# Distribution



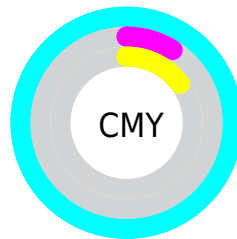
- Red (0%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



41.5115, 62.7752,  
76.2586

41.5115, 62.7752,  
76.2586

343.4801,  
434.7532, 501.6029

28.9084, 45.6594,  
56.1367

76.7296, 108.8451,  
129.8558

19.1555, 31.9771,  
39.9078

100.0753,  
138.5680, 164.1682

11.8874, 21.3440,  
27.1534

127.7326,  
173.2621, 204.0478

6.7387, 13.3757,  
17.4550

160.0668,  
213.3116, 249.9131

3.3441, 7.6878,  
10.3941

197.4433,  
259.1011, 302.1827

1.3382, 3.8958,  
5.5520

240.2274,

0.2116, 1.6155,

311.0150, 361.2752

2.5103

288.7846,  
369.4375, 427.6091

■ 0.0000, 0.3680,  
0.8456

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.5115, 62.7752,  
76.2586

■ 41.5115, 62.7752,  
76.2586

■ 41.5123, 62.7771,  
76.2579

■ 42.0560, 63.0360,  
77.2463

■ 43.0297, 63.5165,  
78.2609

■ 44.5705, 64.2892,  
79.3100

■ 46.7578, 65.3951,  
80.3976

■ 49.6584, 66.8684,  
81.5267

■ 53.3307, 68.7393,  
82.7002

■ 57.8270, 71.0349,  
83.9203

■ 63.1952, 73.7798,  
85.1896

■ 69.4795, 76.9967,  
86.5099

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.6214, 62.7752, 48.1538



41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586



44.7832, 62.7752, 110.7589

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586



73.0576, 62.7752, 126.5825



67.9088, 62.7752, 27.1188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586



33.3600, 17.1894, 1.9770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.5271, 62.7752, 38.4413



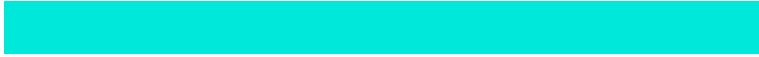
41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586



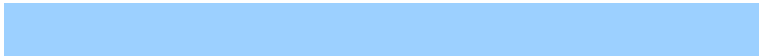
80.7388, 62.7752, 93.5293

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586



62.3665, 62.7752, 144.9489



82.4651, 62.7752, 61.0108



57.0445, 62.7752, 25.0093

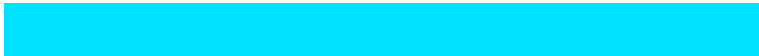


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586



49.2689, 62.7752, 130.9608



82.4651, 62.7752, 61.0108



71.4316, 62.7752, 29.7652

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.5134, 62.7776, 76.2601



71.5503, 87.9704, 103.9658



29.0634, 57.8212, 9.6303



14.7835, 18.5579, 22.1143



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.5134, 62.7776, 76.2601



51.4298, 77.7879, 94.4361



22.7491, 22.1916, 79.4309



14.7679, 16.3206, 18.3085



23.0623, 34.8570, 42.4241



1.7157, 2.5804, 3.1954



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.3600, 17.1894, 1.9770



41.3291, 21.2956, 2.3990



37.8916, 26.3795, 3.0962



14.4121, 14.3820, 15.1045



18.5342, 9.5479, 1.1759

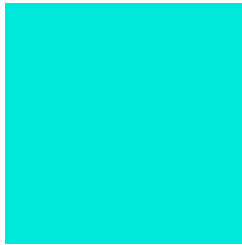


1.3821, 0.7106, 0.1527



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

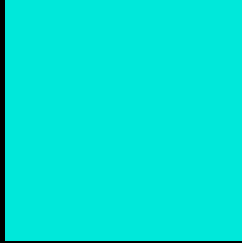
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

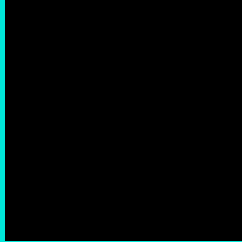
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

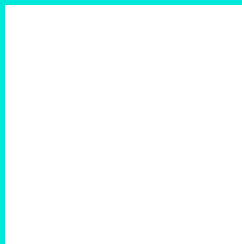
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586.



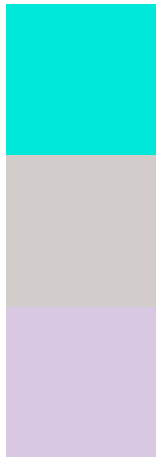
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.5115, 62.7752,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586

### Protanopia

59.0703, 61.6285, 64.6593

### Deuteranopia

62.8602, 61.4965, 79.7911



## Tritanopia

45.8462, 62.8975, 96.9129

# Trichromacy



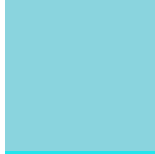
## Original Color

41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586



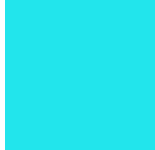
## Protanomaly

45.5171, 58.2233, 68.5137



## Deuteranomaly

47.2095, 57.7642, 77.7686



## Tritanomaly

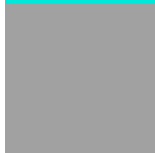
43.8193, 62.4348, 89.0985

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586



## Achromatopsia

33.8758, 35.6400, 38.8120



## Achromatomaly

31.6933, 41.7428, 50.6427

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 232, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 232, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 232, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 232, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 232, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 232, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 232, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 232, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 232, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 232,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.5115, 62.7752, 76.2586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 232, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 232,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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