

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.5061, 54.1322,  
102.8687)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.5061, 54.1322, 102.8687)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.5935, 54.3070,  
102.8978)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D4FF
RGB	0, 212, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 83%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.1686, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	190°, 100%, 50%
HSV	190°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978
YIQ	153.5140, -140.1550, -31.5710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

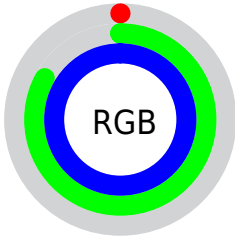
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 116, 255
Decimal	54527
CIELab	78.64, -28.33, -33.09
CIELCh	79, 43.561, 229.437
Yxy	54.3070, 0.2092, 0.2732
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278244607 (0xFF00D4FF)
YUV	153.5140, 50.0326, -134.6318
Hunter-Lab	73.6933, -28.2154, -31.2012

# Details

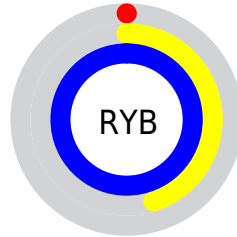
The XYZ color **41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **42.1070, 22.9933, 2.2211**, and the grayscale version is **30.3452, 31.9255, 34.7669**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.8802, 82.3848, 107.3009**, and **22.2500, 28.1912, 57.6948** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.5909, 54.3018, 102.8970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.0990, 56.7016, 103.2807**.

# Distribution



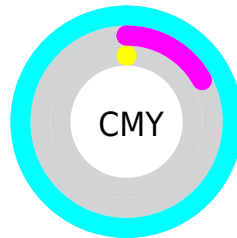
- Red (0%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



41.5935, 54.3070,  
102.8978

41.5935, 54.3070,  
102.8978

343.8154,  
403.2796, 590.7697

28.9728, 38.8472,  
78.0925

76.8531, 96.5249,  
167.2203

19.2045, 26.6408,  
57.6331

100.2227,  
124.0517, 207.5745

11.9230, 17.3037,  
41.1010

127.9060,  
156.3696, 253.9487

6.7631, 10.4512,  
28.0777

160.2684,  
193.8630, 306.7616

3.3594, 5.6992,  
18.1447

197.6751,  
236.9163, 366.4316

1.3465, 2.6630,  
10.8834

240.4917,

0.2176, 0.9585,

285.9139, 433.3772

5.8753

289.0833,  
341.2402, 508.0171

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.7018

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9444

■ 41.5935, 54.3070,  
102.8978

■ 41.5935, 54.3070,  
102.8978

■ 41.5909, 54.3018,  
102.8970

■ 43.0990, 56.7016,  
103.2807

■ 45.1713, 59.4302,  
103.6981

■ 47.9763, 62.5797,  
104.1582

■ 51.6148, 66.2024,  
104.6657

■ 56.1715, 70.3422,  
105.2246

■ 61.7203, 75.0376,  
105.8384

■ 68.3276, 80.3231,  
106.5104

■ 76.0538, 86.2300,  
107.2433

■ 84.9547, 92.7876,  
108.0399

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5412, 54.3070, 76.3315



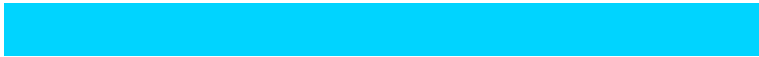
41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978



48.6447, 54.3070, 118.9728

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978



69.6390, 54.3070, 68.2446



46.3078, 54.3070, 24.7718

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978



42.1070, 22.9933, 2.2211

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.7083, 54.3070, 23.7251



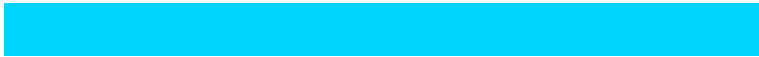
41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978



68.8337, 54.3070, 44.7307

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978



65.2259, 54.3070, 95.5828



63.1343, 54.3070, 29.9573



40.0466, 54.3070, 33.3719



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978



54.3761, 54.3070, 119.2307



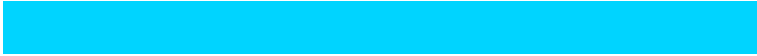
63.1343, 54.3070, 29.9573



48.9532, 54.3070, 23.6373

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.5951, 54.3088, 102.8981



68.3060, 80.3062, 106.5083



36.1890, 71.6917, 14.1743



13.9959, 16.6962, 22.7350



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

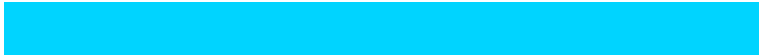


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

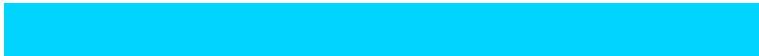


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.5951, 54.3088, 102.8981



41.5909, 54.3018, 102.8970



21.3035, 13.7256, 96.1342



18.2788, 19.9292, 23.1333



21.8283, 28.5662, 53.7979



2.1913, 2.9133, 5.2601



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.1248, 26.0153, 64.5106



53.1224, 26.0129, 64.5017



55.6199, 50.0192, 6.7254



18.6534, 18.2447, 22.0577



27.8061, 13.6117, 33.9592



2.7407, 1.3386, 3.4818



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

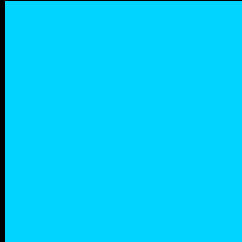
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

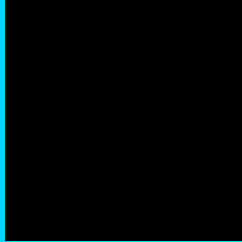
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978.



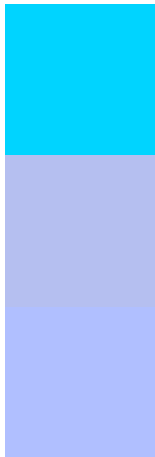
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.5935, 54.3070,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978

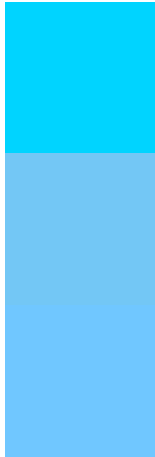
### Protanopia

53.4150, 53.3766, 89.9255

### Deuteranopia

54.5853, 53.7117, 102.0982

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978

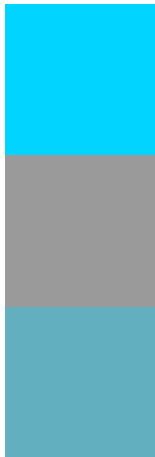
## Protanomaly

43.9751, 51.0843, 93.9287

## Deuteranomaly

45.1555, 51.5116, 102.1705

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978

## Achromatopsia

30.7148, 32.3143, 35.1903

## Achromatomaly

29.7709, 37.0182, 54.8663

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 212, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 212, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 212, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 212, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 212, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 212, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 212, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 212, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 212, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 212,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.5935, 54.3070, 102.8978 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 212, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 212,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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