

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.5386, 52.1301, 39.6785)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.5386, 52.1301, 39.6785)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.5044, 52.0463,  
39.7567)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FCA9D
RGB	159, 202, 157
RGB Percent	62%, 79%, 62%
CMY	0.3765, 0.2078, 0.3843
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.22, 0.21
HSL	117°, 30%, 70%
HSV	117°, 22%, 79%
XYZ	41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567
YIQ	184.0130, -11.1830, -23.1110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

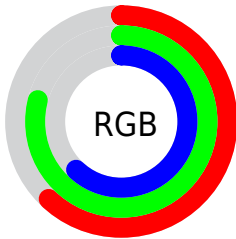
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">157, 202, 200</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10472093</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.31, -22.86, 17.93</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">77, 29.050, 141.892</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">52.0463, 0.3113, 0.3904</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288662173 (0xFF9FCA9D)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">184.0130, -13.3174, -21.9364</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.1431, -23.5583, 17.8266</a>

# Details

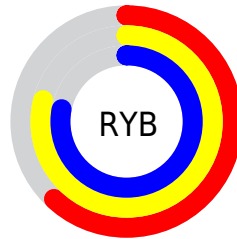
The XYZ color **41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **46.5392, 40.6591, 61.2749**, and the grayscale version is **45.6439, 48.0210, 52.2949**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.3752, 90.5696, 75.7963**, and **19.2548, 25.3462, 17.5131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.3871, 49.5928, 31.2468**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.5075, 54.9265, 49.7987**.

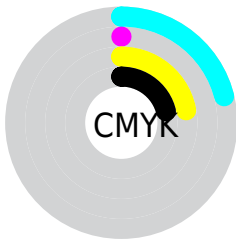
# Distribution



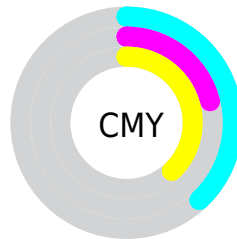
- Red (62%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41.5044, 52.0463,  
39.7567

■ 41.5044, 52.0463,  
39.7567

343.4510,  
394.6153, 360.6186

■ 28.9028, 37.0420,  
27.0366

■ 76.7189, 93.1995,  
76.0259

■ 19.1512, 25.2400,  
17.3680

■ 100.0625,  
120.1172, 100.4121

■ 11.8843, 16.2560,  
10.3325

127.7175,  
151.7748, 129.5240

■ 6.7366, 9.7055,  
5.5115

160.0493,  
188.5567, 163.7801

■ 3.3428, 5.2041,  
2.4864

197.4232,  
230.8473, 203.5992

■ 1.3375, 2.3675,  
0.8330

240.2045,

■ 0.2110, 0.8091,

279.0310, 249.3995

0.0000

288.7587,  
333.4922, 301.5998

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.5044, 52.0463,  
39.7567

■ 41.5044, 52.0463,  
39.7567

■ 36.3871, 49.5928,  
31.2468

■ 47.5075, 54.9265,  
49.7987

■ 32.1096, 47.5395,  
24.1905

■ 54.4310, 58.2452,  
61.4391

■ 28.6285, 45.8670,  
18.5076

■ 62.3131, 62.0222,  
74.7449

■ 25.8944, 44.5521,  
14.1086

■ 71.1882, 66.2740,  
89.7778

■ 23.8526, 43.5685,  
10.8937

■ 80.4116, 70.7231,  
104.0205

■ 22.4409, 42.8868,  
8.7483

■ 21.5859, 42.4720,  
7.5349

■ 21.2339, 42.3010,  
7.0458

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.5784, 52.0463, 32.6906



41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567



39.5972, 52.0463, 52.4490

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567



47.9719, 52.0463, 92.8183



60.0961, 52.0463, 45.9767

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567



46.5392, 40.6591, 61.2749

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.8573, 52.0463, 61.1107



41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567



53.5737, 52.0463, 90.1940

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567



43.1436, 52.0463, 84.4194



58.3912, 52.0463, 77.8051



56.3830, 52.0463, 35.7838



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567



39.7032, 52.0463, 63.2338



58.3912, 52.0463, 77.8051



60.7164, 52.0463, 50.5761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.5058, 52.0485, 39.7578



86.3088, 95.8105, 94.1800



51.0416, 56.1863, 40.0539



18.3204, 20.4339, 19.9008



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

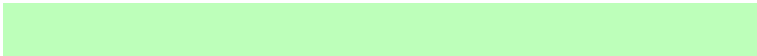


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.5058, 52.0485, 39.7578



65.6770, 85.9171, 59.6601



42.9876, 52.5958, 49.6136



11.1134, 12.5603, 11.9181



13.6830, 27.2291, 4.5346



0.7224, 1.4132, 0.2347



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.5392, 40.6591, 61.2749



75.7641, 63.0855, 102.7913



44.8336, 40.0389, 49.4876



11.6364, 11.3774, 14.1531



21.0367, 10.0524, 36.7878



1.1008, 0.5266, 1.8986



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

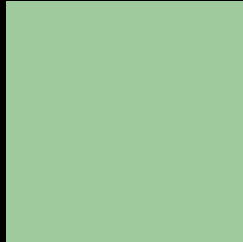
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567.

39.7567.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567

### Protanopia

48.3565, 51.6178, 36.6927

### Deuteranopia

52.5799, 51.5003, 40.8875



## Tritanopia

47.2964, 52.0082, 68.5186

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567

## Protanomaly

45.2913, 51.3226, 37.6561

## Deuteranomaly

47.7846, 51.2353, 40.6286

## Tritanomaly

45.1151, 52.1491, 56.9782

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

43.9500, 49.4316, 47.2692

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 202, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 202, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 202, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 202, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 202, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 202, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 202, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 202, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 202, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 202,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.5044, 52.0463, 39.7567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 202, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
202, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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