

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.6396, 37.9470, 35.7061)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.6396, 37.9470, 35.7061)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.7455, 38.0009,  
35.7065)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CA9A9A
RGB	202, 154, 154
RGB Percent	79%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.2078, 0.3961, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.24, 0.21
HSL	0°, 31%, 70%
HSV	0°, 24%, 79%
XYZ	41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065
YIQ	168.3520, 28.6080, 10.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

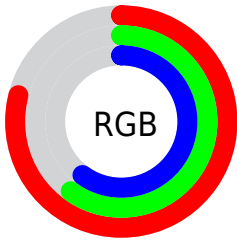
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	202, 154, 154
Decimal	13277850
CIE Lab	68.02, 17.91, 6.94
CIE LCh	68, 19.206, 21.198
Yxy	38.0009, 0.3616, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291467930 (0xFFCA9A9A)
YUV	168.3520, -7.0755, 29.5093
Hunter-Lab	61.6449, 13.0005, 8.8089

# Details

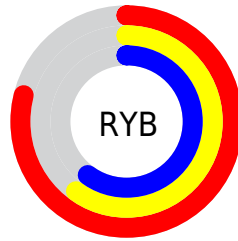
The XYZ color **41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **45.1071, 53.3738, 63.8022**, and the grayscale version is **37.4172, 39.3658, 42.8693**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.4256, 71.4150, 69.4836**, and **19.3311, 16.8828, 15.0718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.1449, 31.2691, 26.5594**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.1923, 45.9713, 46.5333**.

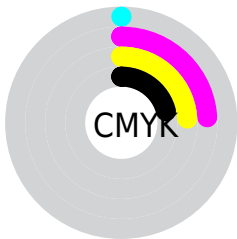
# Distribution



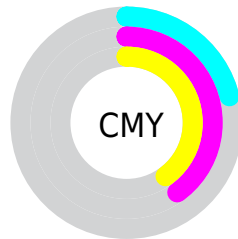
- Red (79%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (21%)




- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.7455, 38.0009,  
35.7065


 41.7455, 38.0009,  
35.7065


344.4365,  
337.6238, 342.6744

 29.0923, 25.9834,  
23.9197


 77.0819, 72.1095,  
69.7428

 19.2953, 16.8112,  
15.0624


 100.4958, 94.9694,  
92.8293

 11.9891, 10.1000,  
8.7161


128.2273,  
122.2122, 120.5195

 6.8084, 5.4653,  
4.4622

160.6418,  
154.2223, 153.2319

 3.3878, 2.5228,  
1.8822

198.1046,  
191.3842, 191.3851

 1.3620, 0.8880,  
0.4814

240.9810,

 0.2289, 0.0000,

234.0821, 235.3975

0.0000

289.6366,  
282.7005, 285.6878

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.7455, 38.0009,  
35.7065

■ 41.7455, 38.0009,  
35.7065

■ 37.1449, 31.2691,  
26.5594

■ 47.1923, 45.9713,  
46.5333

■ 33.3451, 25.7090,  
19.0056

■ 53.5213, 55.2324,  
59.1155

■ 30.3013, 21.2550,  
12.9548

■ 60.7705, 65.8399,  
73.5271

■ 27.9630, 17.8333,  
8.3067

■ 68.9746, 77.8446,  
89.8370

■ 26.2736, 15.3611,  
4.9485

■ 78.1662, 91.2946,  
108.1096

■ 25.1677, 13.7428,  
2.7504

■ 78.1673, 91.2966,  
108.1099

■ 24.5664, 12.8628,  
1.5554

■ 24.3574, 12.5570,  
1.1400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.1002, 38.0009, 43.9462



41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065



39.8405, 38.0009, 29.8307

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065



31.8230, 38.0009, 31.8970



35.2465, 38.0009, 59.8636

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065



45.1071, 53.3738, 63.8022

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.6362, 38.0009, 55.5725



41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065



30.7325, 38.0009, 38.9090

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065



34.0805, 38.0009, 27.8514



31.0217, 38.0009, 47.6171



38.2366, 38.0009, 58.6948



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065



38.0026, 38.0009, 27.6711



31.0217, 38.0009, 47.6171



34.2981, 38.0009, 58.9924

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.7465, 38.0027, 35.7073



86.8761, 88.0393, 92.6501



46.5738, 39.9325, 61.1305



18.4520, 18.6347, 19.5466



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.7465, 38.0027, 35.7073



66.1209, 57.6689, 51.3892



46.1106, 46.7309, 37.1620



11.2124, 11.2138, 11.6530



15.6737, 8.0803, 0.7336



0.8086, 0.4169, 0.0379

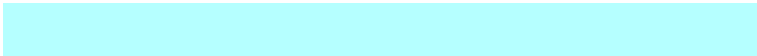


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.1071, 53.3738, 63.8022



72.8758, 88.5658, 107.8617



39.9079, 42.9755, 62.0692



11.5432, 12.7269, 14.4185



20.4483, 29.9205, 40.6538

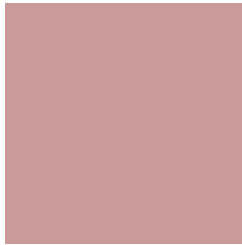


1.0549, 1.5436, 2.0973



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

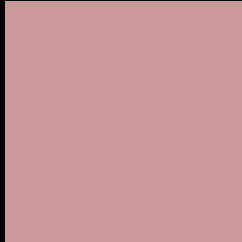
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.7455, 38.0009,

35.7065.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065

### Protanopia

36.3779, 37.9944, 38.6740

### Deuteranopia

38.8141, 38.0063, 35.4272



## Tritanopia

42.5577, 37.8333, 40.1815

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065

## Protanomaly

38.2078, 37.9034, 37.6501

## Deuteranomaly

39.7149, 37.9601, 35.3708

## Tritanomaly

42.3650, 38.0170, 38.3629

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065

## Achromatopsia

37.2190, 39.1572, 42.6422

## Achromatomaly

38.5304, 38.5420, 40.0589

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 154, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 154, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 154, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 154, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 154, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 154, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 154, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 154, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 154, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 154,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.7455, 38.0009, 35.7065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 154, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
154, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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