

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.6974, 38.6920, 37.1705)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.6974, 38.6920, 37.1705)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.6960, 38.6904,  
37.1687)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C79D9D
RGB	199, 157, 157
RGB Percent	78%, 62%, 62%
CMY	0.2196, 0.3843, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.22
HSL	0°, 27%, 70%
HSV	0°, 21%, 78%
XYZ	41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687
YIQ	169.5580, 25.0320, 8.9040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

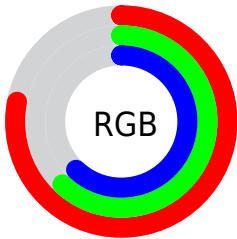
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 157, 157
Decimal	13082013
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	68.53, 15.58, 5.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	69, 16.679, 20.929
Yxy	38.6904, 0.3547, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291272093 (0xFFC79D9D)
YUV	169.5580, -6.1911, 25.8206
Hunter-Lab	62.2016, 10.8022, 8.1123

# Details

The XYZ color **41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **44.6364, 52.1372, 61.7441**, and the grayscale version is **38.0106, 39.9901, 43.5492**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.6671, 73.1004, 72.3564**, and **19.2572, 17.2780, 15.9557** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.0368, 31.8729, 27.9050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.1824, 46.7187, 48.0742**.

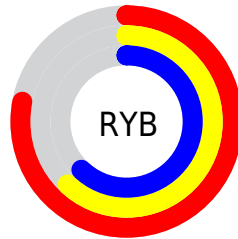
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (62%)

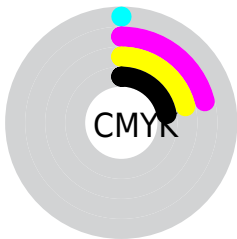
Blue (62%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (62%)

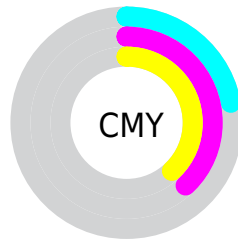


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.6960, 38.6904,  
37.1687


 41.6960, 38.6904,  
37.1687


344.2343,  
340.5724, 349.2310

 29.0534, 26.5190,  
25.0413

 77.0074, 73.1651,  
72.0214

 19.2657, 17.2123,  
15.8885


 100.4069, 96.2372,  
95.5838

 11.9676, 10.3860,  
9.2918


128.1227,  
123.7116, 123.7950

 6.7936, 5.6556,  
4.8326

160.5202,  
155.9727, 157.0734

 3.3786, 2.6368,  
2.0924

197.9648,  
193.4050, 195.8377

 1.3570, 0.9452,  
0.6112

240.8217,

 0.2253, 0.0000,

236.3927, 240.5064

0.0000

289.4565,  
285.3204, 291.4979

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.6960, 38.6904,  
37.1687

■ 41.6960, 38.6904,  
37.1687

■ 37.0368, 31.8729,  
27.9050

■ 47.1824, 46.7187,  
48.0742

■ 33.1617, 26.2025,  
20.2015

■ 53.5298, 56.0067,  
60.6931

■ 30.0285, 21.6177,  
13.9730

■ 60.7745, 66.6075,  
75.0956

■ 27.5899, 18.0493,  
9.1253

■ 68.9492, 78.5693,  
91.3472

■ 25.7931, 15.4199,  
5.5536

■ 77.3633, 90.8822,  
108.0723

■ 24.5777, 13.6413,  
3.1378

■ 23.8718, 12.6084,  
1.7350

■ 23.5535, 12.1426,  
1.1023

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.9903, 38.6904, 44.4490



41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687



40.0501, 38.6904, 31.8658

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687



32.9907, 38.6904, 33.6524



35.9836, 38.6904, 58.0860

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687



44.6364, 52.1372, 61.7441

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.6818, 38.6904, 54.3844



41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687



32.0087, 38.6904, 39.8878

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687



34.9993, 38.6904, 30.0099



32.2556, 38.6904, 47.5083



38.6079, 38.6904, 57.1331



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687



38.4491, 38.6904, 29.8821



32.2556, 38.6904, 47.5083



35.1484, 38.6904, 57.3299

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.6971, 38.6922, 37.1695



87.9959, 89.6779, 94.8763



45.9194, 40.3801, 59.4071



18.6778, 18.9651, 19.9954



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.6971, 38.6922, 37.1695



69.3581, 62.4058, 57.8245



45.5598, 46.4177, 38.4571



10.6340, 10.6371, 11.0555



15.1454, 7.8080, 0.7088



0.7172, 0.3698, 0.0336



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6364, 52.1372, 61.7441



75.3570, 89.8452, 107.9779



40.1343, 43.1329, 60.2434



10.9467, 12.0674, 13.6698



19.7590, 28.9119, 39.2835

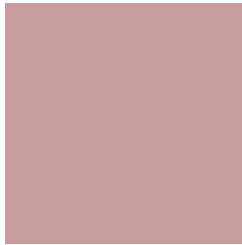


0.9356, 1.3690, 1.8601



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

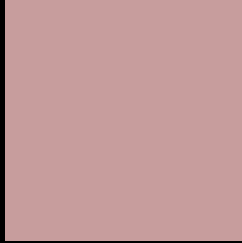
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.6960, 38.6904,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687

### Protanopia

37.3536, 39.0167, 39.7447

### Deuteranopia

39.6601, 38.9323, 36.8769



## Tritanopia

42.5158, 38.5121, 41.7520

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687

## Protanomaly

38.7338, 38.6775, 38.6817

## Deuteranomaly

40.3098, 38.7484, 36.8071

## Tritanomaly

42.3187, 38.7006, 39.8899

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687

## Achromatopsia

38.2080, 40.1978, 43.7754

## Achromatomaly

39.3027, 39.4506, 41.1406

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 157, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 157, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 157, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 157, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 157, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 157, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 157, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 157, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 157, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 157,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.6960, 38.6904, 37.1687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 157, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
157, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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