

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.8276, 22.2030, 65.8084)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.8276, 22.2030, 65.8084)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.8227, 22.1863,  
65.6964)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D837D6
RGB	216, 55, 214
RGB Percent	85%, 22%, 84%
CMY	0.1529, 0.7843, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.01, 0.15
HSL	301°, 67%, 53%
HSV	301°, 75%, 85%
XYZ	41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964
YIQ	121.2650, 44.9170, 83.5810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

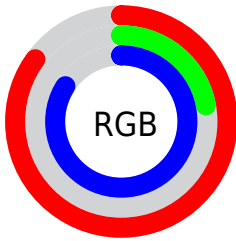
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 55, 214
Decimal	14170070
CIE Lab	54.22, 77.61, -47.93
CIE LCh	54, 91.216, 328.304
Yxy	22.1863, 0.3224, 0.1711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292360150 (0xFFD837D6)
YUV	121.2650, 45.7184, 83.0826
Hunter-Lab	47.1023, 76.0631, -49.7236

# Details

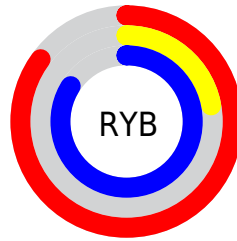
The XYZ color **41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **26.8710, 50.2205, 12.1493**, and the grayscale version is **18.1076, 19.0506, 20.7461**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.7684, 41.4369, 99.1395**, and **20.1626, 9.6713, 33.6049** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.9780, 20.5510, 65.2459**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.1179, 24.7210, 66.2976**.

# Distribution



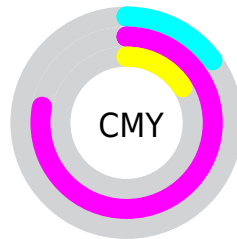
- Red (85%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 41.8227, 22.1863,  
65.6964

 41.8227, 22.1863,  
65.6964

344.7516,  
263.5176, 463.6649

 29.1530, 13.9939,  
47.5711


 77.1981, 47.0537,  
114.6733


 19.3414, 8.1164,  
33.1298


 100.6344, 64.4975,  
146.3620


 12.0227, 4.1695,  
21.9539


 128.3904, 85.7938,  
183.4088

 6.8315, 1.7688,  
13.6251

 160.8313,  
111.3271, 226.2324

 3.4023, 0.4676,  
7.7246

 198.3225,  
141.4817, 275.2513

 1.3699, 0.0000,  
3.8340

241.2294,

 0.2346, 0.0000,

176.6421, 330.8839

1.5347

289.9173,  
217.1926, 393.5490

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2436

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.8227, 22.1863,  
65.6964

■ 41.8227, 22.1863,  
65.6964

■ 40.9780, 20.5510,  
65.2459

■ 43.1179, 24.7210,  
66.2976

■ 40.5177, 19.6851,  
64.9237

■ 44.9129, 28.2560,  
67.0655

■ 40.3698, 19.4194,  
64.7823

■ 47.2536, 32.8823,  
68.0157

■ 50.1798, 38.6797,  
69.1612

■ 53.7279, 45.7205,  
70.5144

■ 57.9310, 54.0713,  
72.0861

■ 62.8201, 63.7940,  
73.8868

■ 68.4241, 74.9464,  
75.9261

■ 74.7702, 87.5831,  
78.2130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.4799, 22.1863, 111.1629



41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964



46.4595, 22.1863, 25.8089

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964



21.6566, 22.1863, 0.1618



8.3621, 22.1863, 60.3940

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964



26.8710, 50.2205, 12.1493

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.1953, 22.1863, 22.5773



41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964



13.2781, 22.1863, 0.9214

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964



32.7734, 22.1863, 1.1176



8.6703, 22.1863, 5.3275



12.5732, 22.1863, 106.7530



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964



44.8591, 22.1863, 10.7469



8.6703, 22.1863, 5.3275



7.6724, 22.1863, 45.6818

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.8236, 22.1873, 65.6968



79.5783, 69.2360, 103.1899



15.3374, 8.5035, 65.7998



16.6975, 14.1529, 21.9605



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.8236, 22.1873, 65.6968



59.2555, 29.1325, 94.7443



34.0947, 19.0958, 24.9972



12.9461, 12.6299, 15.6563



23.8977, 11.4954, 38.3609



1.4436, 0.6942, 2.3253



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.8236, 22.1873, 65.6968



59.2555, 29.1325, 94.7443



30.5410, 51.6885, 31.4756



12.9461, 12.6299, 15.6563



23.8977, 11.4954, 38.3609



1.4436, 0.6942, 2.3253



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

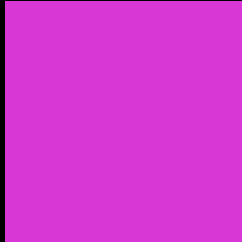
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

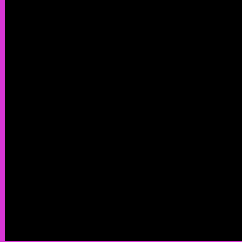
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.8227, 22.1863,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964

### Protanopia

26.7775, 22.7947, 97.5962

### Deuteranopia

23.1758, 22.5524, 59.6315



## Tritanopia

31.4830, 22.1624, 15.1888

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964



## Protanomaly

26.7158, 18.7206, 84.6434



## Deuteranomaly

26.4293, 19.5239, 61.4070



## Tritanomaly

33.9128, 21.2779, 28.3062

# Monochromacy



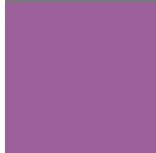
## Original Color

41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964



## Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



## Achromatomaly

23.9014, 17.9839, 33.2218

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 55, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 55, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 55, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 55, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 55, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 55, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 55, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 55, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 55, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 55,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.8227, 22.1863, 65.6964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 55, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216, 55,  
214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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