

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.8846, 38.3324, 41.3595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.8846, 38.3324, 41.3595)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(42.0601, 38.5359,  
41.2978)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C69CA6
RGB	198, 156, 166
RGB Percent	78%, 61%, 65%
CMY	0.2235, 0.3882, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.16, 0.22
HSL	346°, 27%, 69%
HSV	346°, 21%, 78%
XYZ	42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978
YIQ	169.6980, 21.8220, 12.0140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

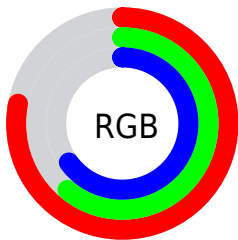
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	198, 156, 166
Decimal	13016230
CIE Lab	68.41, 17.17, 0.77
CIE LCh	68, 17.184, 2.563
Yxy	38.5359, 0.3451, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291206310 (0xFFC69CA6)
YUV	169.6980, -1.8231, 24.8209
Hunter-Lab	62.0773, 12.3064, 4.0106

# Details

The XYZ color **42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **42.9830, 51.0878, 55.1749**, and the grayscale version is **38.0603, 40.0424, 43.6061**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.5854, 73.0690, 78.4211**, and **19.5904, 17.2473, 18.2161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.7008, 31.9035, 33.4126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.1255, 46.3199, 50.2204**.

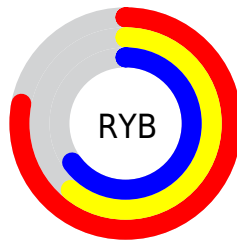
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (61%)

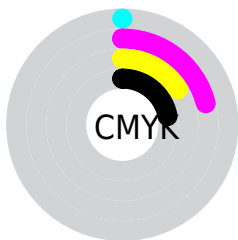
Blue (65%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (65%)

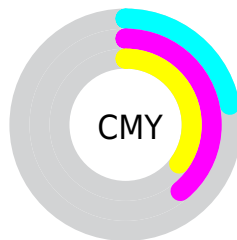


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (39%)


Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.0601, 38.5359,  
41.2978


 42.0601, 38.5359,  
41.2978


345.7194,  
339.9133, 367.2772

 29.3397, 26.3989,  
28.2304


 77.5552, 72.9288,  
78.3943

 19.4835, 17.1223,  
18.2589

 101.0605, 95.9535,  
103.2606

 12.1262, 10.3217,  
10.9646


128.8916,  
123.3761, 132.8968

 6.9025, 5.6128,  
5.9292

161.4136,  
155.5812, 167.7216

 3.4470, 2.6111,  
2.7340

198.9921,  
192.9530, 208.1535

 1.3943, 0.9322,  
0.9605

241.9923,

 0.2522, 0.0000,

235.8761, 254.6110

0.0000

290.7796,  
284.7347, 307.5127

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.0601, 38.5359,  
41.2978

■ 42.0601, 38.5359,  
41.2978

■ 37.7008, 31.9035,  
33.4126

■ 47.1255, 46.3199,  
50.2204

■ 34.0127, 26.3628,  
26.5241

■ 52.9236, 55.3013,  
60.2140

■ 30.9624, 21.8565,  
20.5925

■ 59.4834, 65.5296,  
71.3139

■ 28.5126, 18.3197,  
15.5745

■ 66.8314, 77.0502,  
83.5529

■ 26.6219, 15.6804,  
11.4232

■ 74.9913, 89.9028,  
96.9617

■ 25.2433, 13.8563,  
8.0870

■ 77.0988, 90.7458,  
108.0599

■ 24.3216, 12.7498,  
5.5086

■ 23.8046, 12.2121,  
3.8057

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.4289, 38.5359, 49.1866



42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978



41.1774, 38.5359, 34.4571

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978



33.9044, 38.5359, 30.6380



34.2877, 38.5359, 56.5806

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978



42.9830, 51.0878, 55.1749

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4252, 38.5359, 50.4778



42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978



32.2117, 38.5359, 35.4766

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978



36.3956, 38.5359, 28.7937



31.6836, 38.5359, 42.6273



36.8598, 38.5359, 58.6271



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978



39.8733, 38.5359, 31.2295



31.6836, 38.5359, 42.6273



33.5622, 38.5359, 54.9014

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0612, 38.5376, 41.2986



88.5412, 89.8954, 97.7499



42.6989, 38.4840, 58.6041



18.8062, 19.0163, 20.6720



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0612, 38.5376, 41.2986



71.1176, 63.1076, 67.0959



43.0180, 41.8623, 37.2676



10.7356, 10.6776, 11.5911



15.5089, 7.9531, 2.6239



0.7637, 0.3883, 0.2787



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0612, 38.5376, 41.2986



71.1176, 63.1076, 67.0959



41.7813, 46.8995, 60.2768



10.7356, 10.6776, 11.5911



15.5089, 7.9531, 2.6239

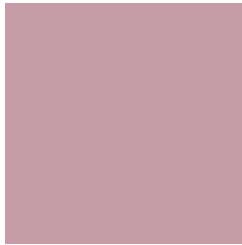


0.7637, 0.3883, 0.2787



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

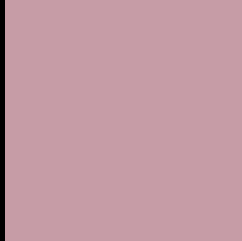
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

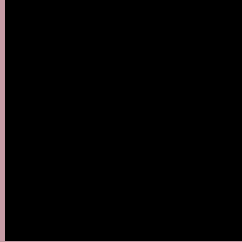
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0601, 38.5359,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978

### Protanopia

37.4448, 38.6860, 44.5233

### Deuteranopia

39.4790, 38.7476, 40.9956



## Tritanopia

42.2451, 38.6099, 42.2717

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978

## Protanomaly

38.9984, 38.4462, 43.3956

## Deuteranomaly

40.3486, 38.6770, 40.9361

## Tritanomaly

42.1522, 38.5727, 41.7828

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978

## Achromatopsia

38.2080, 40.1978, 43.7754

## Achromatomaly

39.4390, 39.4781, 43.0775

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 156, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 156, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 156, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 156, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 156, 166) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 156, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 156, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 156, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 156, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 156,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.0601, 38.5359, 41.2978 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 156, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
156, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor