

# Converting Colors

XYZ(41.9693, 43.0570, 35.6150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(41.9693, 43.0570, 35.6150)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.0969, 43.2305,  
35.8313)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFAD98
RGB	191, 173, 152
RGB Percent	75%, 68%, 60%
CMY	0.2510, 0.3215, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.20, 0.25
HSL	32°, 23%, 67%
HSV	32°, 20%, 75%
XYZ	42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313
YIQ	175.9880, 17.4690, -2.7150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

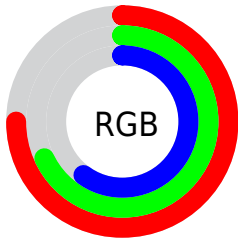
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	185, 191, 152
Decimal	12561816
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.71, 3.07, 13.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 13.499, 76.874
Yxy	43.2305, 0.3475, 0.3568
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290751896 (0xFFBFAD98)
YUV	175.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655
Hunter-Lab	65.7499, -0.7763, 13.7140

# Details

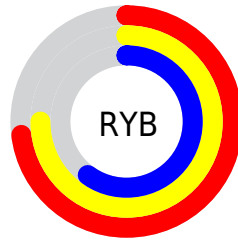
The XYZ color **42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **36.7273, 39.1854, 54.9183**, and the grayscale version is **41.3148, 43.4664, 47.3349**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.5954, 79.8995, 69.7249**, and **19.5029, 19.9327, 15.1314** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.0225, 39.3866, 27.7002**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.5371, 47.4021, 45.3282**.

# Distribution



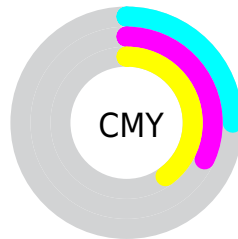
- Red (75%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 42.0969, 43.2305,  
35.8313


 42.0969, 43.2305,  
35.8313


345.8693,  
359.5588, 343.2377

 29.3686, 30.0660,  
24.0153


 77.6105, 80.0586,  
69.9377

 19.5055, 19.8887,  
15.1326


 101.1265,  
104.4910, 93.0652

 12.1423, 12.3142,  
8.7649


128.9692,  
133.4481, 120.8002

 6.9136, 6.9580,  
4.4934

161.5038,  
167.3144, 153.5613

 3.4539, 3.4359,  
1.8998

199.0958,  
206.4742, 191.7671

 1.3981, 1.3633,  
0.4926

242.1104,

 0.2549, 0.1894,

251.3119, 235.8361

0.0000

290.9132,  
302.2120, 286.1867

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.0969, 43.2305,  
35.8313

■ 42.0969, 43.2305,  
35.8313

■ 39.0225, 39.3866,  
27.7002

■ 45.5371, 47.4021,  
45.3282

■ 36.2963, 35.8555,  
20.8681

■ 49.3528, 51.9041,  
56.2480

■ 33.9041, 32.6294,  
15.2666

■ 53.5579, 56.7468,  
68.6479

■ 31.8294, 29.6983,  
10.8197

■ 58.1643, 61.9381,  
82.5810

■ 30.0541, 27.0509,  
7.4433

■ 63.1834, 67.4857,  
98.0979

■ 28.5576, 24.6753,  
5.0411

■ 66.7012, 72.6269,  
105.1106

■ 27.3160, 22.5579,  
3.4997

■ 69.1582, 77.5408,  
105.9296

■ 26.3229, 20.7503,  
2.6178

■ 71.7401, 82.7047,  
106.7902

■ 74.4488, 88.1221,  
107.6931

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.1720, 43.2305, 38.4573



42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313



39.8249, 43.2305, 36.0095

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313



37.0198, 43.2305, 50.8251



44.3860, 43.2305, 56.2239

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313



36.7273, 39.1854, 54.9183

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.3801, 43.2305, 60.1925



42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313



38.1534, 43.2305, 56.8828

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313



36.9503, 43.2305, 44.2659



40.0979, 43.2305, 60.4443



45.5263, 43.2305, 49.9915



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313



38.5045, 43.2305, 37.6902



40.0979, 43.2305, 60.4443



43.7873, 43.2305, 57.8911

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0981, 43.2324, 35.8322



84.4273, 88.3091, 89.3191



39.9891, 36.4432, 43.0565



18.4413, 19.2758, 19.3338



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0981, 43.2324, 35.8322



72.5760, 73.9294, 56.6277



45.4589, 50.4374, 37.0458



9.9442, 10.3645, 10.0531



17.3803, 13.7994, 1.7475



0.7456, 0.6701, 0.0900



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.7273, 39.1854, 54.9183



61.0324, 65.2319, 97.6534



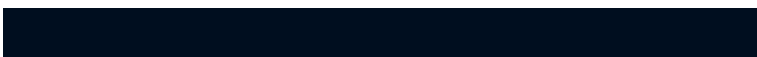
33.8263, 33.0202, 53.8811



9.3695, 9.9313, 12.0953



8.5596, 7.2310, 33.3375

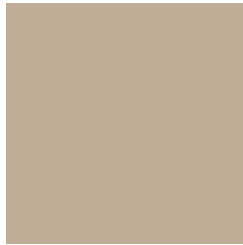


0.4007, 0.4141, 1.3277



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

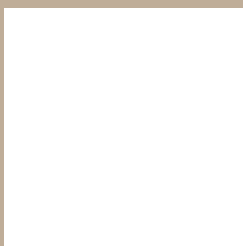
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0969, 43.2305,

35.8313.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313

### Protanopia

40.8469, 43.1502, 36.3129

### Deuteranopia

44.0251, 43.0933, 36.1345



## Tritanopia

45.1371, 43.3554, 50.2454

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313

## Protanomaly

41.3793, 43.1368, 36.2823

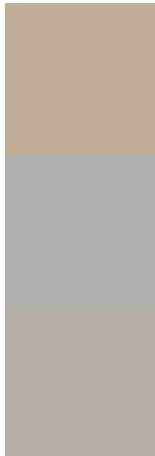
## Deuteranomaly

43.1505, 42.9197, 36.1470

## Tritanomaly

43.9735, 43.1591, 44.5410

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313

## Achromatopsia

41.2663, 43.4154, 47.2793

## Achromatomaly

41.3611, 43.2737, 42.7319

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 173, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 173, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 173, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 173, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 173, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 173, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 173, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 173, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 173, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 173,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.0969, 43.2305, 35.8313 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 173, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
173, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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