

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.0003, 46.1249, 37.9717)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.0003, 46.1249, 37.9717)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(41.9903, 46.0910,  
38.1358)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5B79C
RGB	181, 183, 156
RGB Percent	71%, 72%, 61%
CMY	0.2902, 0.2823, 0.3882
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.15, 0.28
HSL	64°, 16%, 66%
HSV	64°, 15%, 72%
XYZ	41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358
YIQ	179.3240, 7.4750, -8.8210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

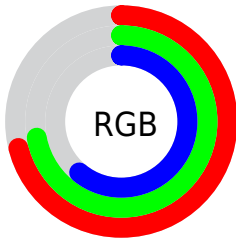
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	156, 183, 158
Decimal	11909020
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	73.60, -5.42, 13.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	74, 14.557, 111.849
Yxy	46.0910, 0.3327, 0.3652
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290099100 (0xFFB5B79C)
YUV	179.3240, -11.4987, 1.4699
Hunter-Lab	67.8904, -8.4056, 14.2185

# Details

The XYZ color **41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **34.5380, 34.4661, 49.6345**, and the grayscale version is **43.0783, 45.3217, 49.3553**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.5494, 84.4407, 73.8394**, and **19.4345, 21.5744, 16.5046** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.2396, 45.3556, 30.5651**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.9801, 46.9254, 46.9384**.

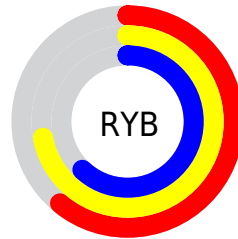
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (72%)

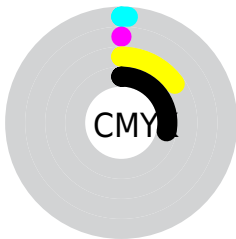
Blue (61%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (62%)

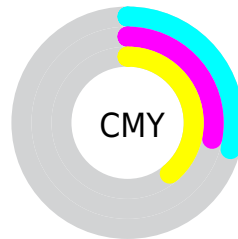


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 41.9903, 46.0910,  
38.1358


 41.9903, 46.0910,  
38.1358


345.4350,  
371.1744, 353.5178

 29.2848, 32.3176,  
25.7855


 77.4502, 84.3552,  
73.5220

 19.4417, 21.6042,  
16.4389


 100.9353,  
109.6148, 97.3949

 12.0958, 13.5664,  
9.6775


128.7443,  
139.4719, 125.9457

 6.8816, 7.8197,  
5.0829

161.2425,  
174.3110, 159.5930

 3.4338, 3.9798,  
2.2364

198.7953,  
214.5163, 198.7553

 1.3871, 1.6623,  
0.6953

241.7681,

 0.2470, 0.3990,

260.4724, 243.8512

0.0000

290.5262,  
312.5637, 295.2992

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

41.9903, 46.0910,  
38.1358

41.9903, 46.0910,  
38.1358

40.2396, 45.3556,  
30.5651

43.9801, 46.9254,  
46.9384

38.7139, 44.7091,  
24.1684

46.2151, 47.8567,  
57.0213

37.4031, 44.1489,  
18.8879

48.7057, 48.8907,  
68.4339

36.2952, 43.6702,  
14.6594

51.4606, 50.0307,  
81.2222

35.3768, 43.2677,  
11.4122

54.4882, 51.2801,  
95.4300

■ 34.6327, 42.9352,  
9.0673

■ 56.0075, 51.9266,  
101.6787

■ 34.0455, 42.6658,  
7.5332

■ 56.3463, 52.1013,  
101.6945

■ 33.5943, 42.4512,  
6.6989

■ 56.6882, 52.2776,  
101.7105

■ 33.3880, 42.3510,  
6.4148

■ 57.0334, 52.4555,  
101.7267

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.5142, 46.0910, 37.4111



41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358



40.0270, 46.0910, 41.9220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358



40.8188, 46.0910, 62.1886



48.8969, 46.0910, 52.2236

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358



34.5380, 34.4661, 49.6345

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.8201, 46.0910, 59.4688



41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358



43.1096, 46.0910, 65.5792

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358



39.3694, 46.0910, 55.6524



45.6776, 46.0910, 64.5380



48.5685, 46.0910, 45.0885



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358



39.2676, 46.0910, 45.8944



45.6776, 46.0910, 64.5380



48.6858, 46.0910, 54.7356

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.9915, 46.0930, 38.1368



79.0250, 84.1474, 85.2315



37.7234, 36.8543, 36.5785



17.3911, 18.5592, 18.5428



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.9915, 46.0930, 38.1368



74.0433, 82.0606, 63.2488



39.0205, 44.5614, 37.9977



9.6826, 10.4686, 9.6172



23.3161, 29.5562, 4.4760



0.8416, 1.0521, 0.1587



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5380, 34.4661, 49.6345



57.8944, 56.8688, 88.1611



37.2971, 35.8885, 49.7636



8.5812, 8.7505, 11.3162



6.1080, 2.4600, 31.4060

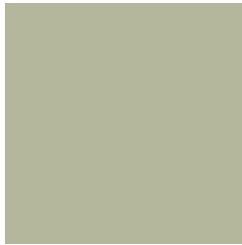


0.2363, 0.0975, 1.1081



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

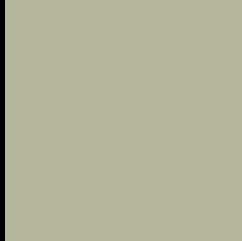
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

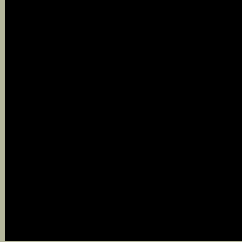
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

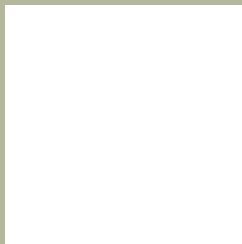
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 41.9903, 46.0910,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358

### Protanopia

43.4729, 45.9562, 37.5895

### Deuteranopia

46.7612, 45.8625, 38.7355



## Tritanopia

45.6845, 46.0857, 56.3568

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358

## Protanomaly

42.9338, 45.9791, 37.6223

## Deuteranomaly

44.8339, 45.7489, 38.3657

## Tritanomaly

44.2251, 46.0875, 49.2127

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358

## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

## Achromatomaly

42.4943, 45.2861, 45.0295

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 183, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 183, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 183, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 183, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 183, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 183, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 183, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 183, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 183, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 183,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 41.9903, 46.0910, 38.1358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 183, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
183, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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