

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.0743, 39.4040, 37.9024)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.0743, 39.4040, 37.9024)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.1229, 39.4070,  
37.7339)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C79F9E
RGB	199, 159, 158
RGB Percent	78%, 62%, 62%
CMY	0.2196, 0.3765, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.21, 0.22
HSL	1°, 27%, 70%
HSV	1°, 21%, 78%
XYZ	42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339
YIQ	170.8460, 24.1610, 8.1690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

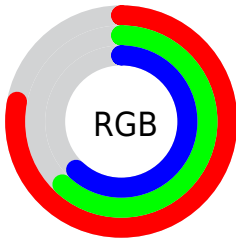
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 159, 158
Decimal	13082526
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	69.05, 14.64, 6.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	69, 15.874, 22.784
Yxy	39.4070, 0.3532, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291272606 (0xFFC79F9E)
YUV	170.8460, -6.3331, 24.6911
Hunter-Lab	62.7750, 9.9198, 8.3034

# Details

The XYZ color **42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **44.6030, 51.7795, 61.6768**, and the grayscale version is **38.6546, 40.6676, 44.2870**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.2968, 74.1572, 73.1906**, and **19.4131, 17.5062, 16.2658** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.4667, 32.6172, 28.4042**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.5830, 47.3599, 48.7009**.

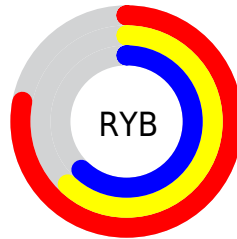
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (62%)

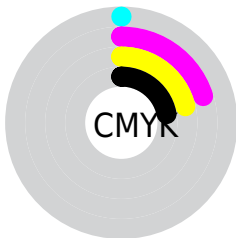
Blue (62%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (62%)

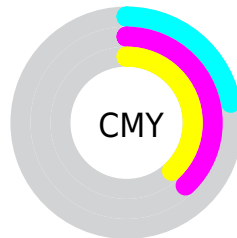


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.1229, 39.4070,  
37.7339


 42.1229, 39.4070,  
37.7339


345.9751,  
343.6178, 351.7410

 29.3891, 27.0765,  
25.4760


 77.6496, 74.2597,  
72.8990

 19.5211, 17.6307,  
16.2098


 101.1732, 97.5506,  
96.6432

 12.1536, 10.6852,  
9.5168

129.0240,  
125.2638, 125.0534

 6.9213, 5.8555,  
4.9784

161.5675,  
157.7837, 158.5479

 3.4589, 2.7574,  
2.1761

199.1690,  
195.4947, 197.5454

 1.4008, 1.0065,  
0.6605

242.1939,

 0.2568, 0.0000,

238.7811, 242.4644

0.0000

291.0075,  
288.0273, 293.7234

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.1229, 39.4070,  
37.7339

■ 42.1229, 39.4070,  
37.7339

■ 37.4667, 32.6172,  
28.4042

■ 47.5830, 47.3599,  
48.7009

■ 33.5734, 26.9311,  
20.6309

■ 53.8789, 56.5210,  
61.3759

■ 30.4032, 22.2918,  
14.3302

■ 61.0448, 66.9398,  
75.8282

■ 27.9117, 18.6355,  
9.4092

■ 69.1122, 78.6614,  
92.1227

■ 26.0493, 15.8916,  
5.7645

■ 77.3634, 90.8822,  
108.0723

■ 24.7598, 13.9797,  
3.2783

■ 23.9770, 12.8056,  
1.8108

■ 23.6062, 12.2480,  
1.1199

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.4929, 39.4070, 44.6819



42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339



40.4759, 39.4070, 32.7390

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339



33.7122, 39.4070, 35.0188



36.8473, 39.4070, 58.2708

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339



44.6030, 51.7795, 61.6768

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.5886, 39.4070, 54.9896



42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339



32.8322, 39.4070, 41.1808

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339



35.6022, 39.4070, 31.2991



33.1457, 39.4070, 48.5337



39.3713, 39.4070, 57.0808



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339



38.9139, 39.4070, 30.9253



33.1457, 39.4070, 48.5337



36.0334, 39.4070, 57.6428

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.1240, 39.4088, 37.7347



88.1057, 89.8976, 94.9129



46.0101, 40.6882, 59.0468



18.7036, 19.0168, 20.0041



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.1240, 39.4088, 37.7347



69.6997, 63.0889, 57.9384



45.8821, 46.9249, 38.9874



10.6543, 10.6778, 11.0622



15.1886, 7.8944, 0.7232



0.7266, 0.3887, 0.0367

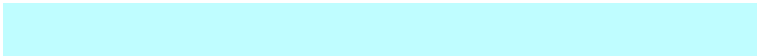


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6030, 51.7795, 61.6768



74.8629, 88.8570, 107.8132



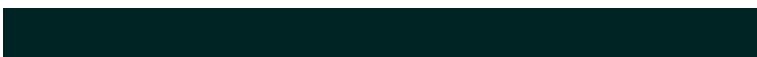
40.2938, 43.1610, 60.2404



10.9236, 12.0213, 13.6621



19.0621, 27.5182, 39.0512



0.9098, 1.3174, 1.8515



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

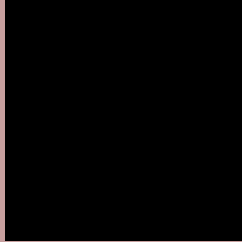
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.1229, 39.4070,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339

### Protanopia

37.8471, 39.5338, 40.2864

### Deuteranopia

40.1693, 39.4475, 37.3953



## Tritanopia

43.0378, 39.2579, 42.8453

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339

## Protanomaly

39.1796, 39.4286, 39.2637

## Deuteranomaly

40.9985, 39.6124, 37.3834

## Tritanomaly

42.8378, 39.4497, 40.9541

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

39.7577, 40.2144, 41.7431

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 159, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 159, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 159, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 159, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 159, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 159, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 159, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 159, 158); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 159, 158); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 159, 158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.1229, 39.4070, 37.7339 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 159, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
159, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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