

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.1185, 41.8482, 33.5695)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.1185, 41.8482, 33.5695)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.0340, 41.8476,  
33.4657)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C4A893
RGB	196, 168, 147
RGB Percent	77%, 66%, 58%
CMY	0.2314, 0.3412, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.25, 0.23
HSL	26°, 29%, 67%
HSV	26°, 25%, 77%
XYZ	42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657
YIQ	173.9780, 23.4290, -0.5950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

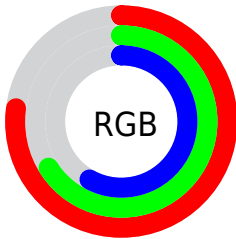
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	196, 184, 147
Decimal	12888211
CIE Lab	70.77, 6.95, 14.62
CIE LCh	71, 16.192, 64.579
Yxy	41.8476, 0.3582, 0.3566
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291078291 (0xFFC4A893)
YUV	173.9780, -13.3002, 19.3133
Hunter-Lab	64.6897, 2.7785, 14.6105

# Details

The XYZ color **42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **37.3260, 40.8473, 58.1417**, and the grayscale version is **40.2794, 42.3771, 46.1487**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.4383, 77.8750, 66.2083**, and **19.5120, 19.0861, 13.7219** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.6463, 37.3271, 25.3840**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.8641, 46.8328, 42.9886**.

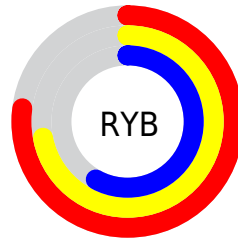
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (66%)

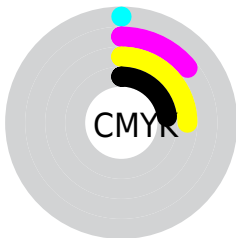
Blue (58%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (58%)

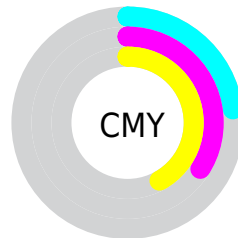


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (34%)


Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.0340, 41.8476,  
33.4657


 42.0340, 41.8476,  
33.4657


345.6131,  
353.8508, 332.4391

 29.3191, 28.9820,  
22.2094


 77.5159, 77.9689,  
66.2263

 19.4679, 19.0672,  
13.8111

 101.0137,  
101.9934, 88.5677

 12.1148, 11.7188,  
7.8521


128.8365,  
130.5063, 115.4412

 6.8947, 6.5525,  
3.9141

161.3496,  
163.8920, 147.2653

 3.4421, 3.1839,  
1.5783

198.9185,  
202.5349, 184.4586

 1.3916, 1.2285,  
0.2753

241.9085,

 0.2502, 0.0848,

246.8194, 227.4397

0.0000

290.6849,  
297.1299, 276.6270

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.0340, 41.8476,  
33.4657

■ 42.0340, 41.8476,  
33.4657

■ 38.6463, 37.3271,  
25.3840

■ 45.8641, 46.8328,  
42.9886

■ 35.6798, 33.2515,  
18.6696

■ 50.1499, 52.2907,  
54.0166

■ 33.1167, 29.6074,  
13.2457

■ 54.9082, 58.2360,  
66.6128

■ 30.9361, 26.3790,  
9.0267

■ 60.1540, 64.6811,  
80.8358

■ 29.1150, 23.5488,  
5.9167

■ 65.9014, 71.6380,  
96.7414

■ 27.6275, 21.0979,  
3.8048

■ 70.5792, 78.4842,  
106.0368

■ 26.4426, 19.0051,  
2.5561

■ 73.8906, 85.1069,  
107.1406

■ 25.9366, 18.0790,  
2.1226

■ 76.5750, 90.4758,  
108.0354

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.1818, 41.8476, 37.6731



42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657



39.3639, 41.8476, 32.3506

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657



34.8443, 41.8476, 46.7564



42.7796, 41.8476, 58.8645

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657



37.3260, 40.8473, 58.1417

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.1888, 41.8476, 61.9616



42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657



35.6712, 41.8476, 54.4884

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657



35.2890, 41.8476, 39.5043



37.5982, 41.8476, 60.2768



44.6257, 41.8476, 52.2157



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657



37.6645, 41.8476, 33.3910



37.5982, 41.8476, 60.2768



41.9627, 41.8476, 60.3876

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0351, 41.8495, 33.4666



89.1404, 92.5680, 93.4049



40.9943, 35.7218, 45.5932



18.9750, 19.6807, 19.7209



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0351, 41.8495, 33.4666



72.6931, 71.2283, 52.3003



46.8630, 51.5052, 35.0759



10.4203, 10.7720, 10.5919



16.7472, 11.7802, 1.3911



0.7919, 0.6456, 0.0829

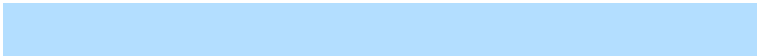


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3260, 40.8473, 58.1417



62.7015, 69.0972, 104.6401



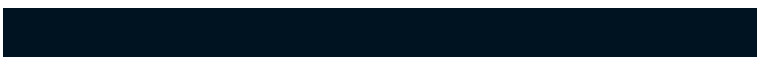
33.0769, 32.3491, 56.7253



9.9952, 10.6818, 12.8198



10.2109, 10.1782, 34.9830



0.5085, 0.5744, 1.5339



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

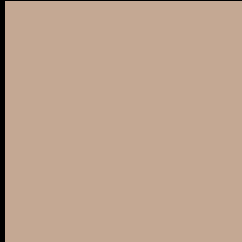
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

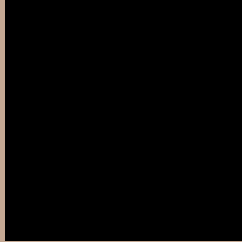
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0340, 41.8476,

33.4657.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657

### Protanopia

39.6598, 42.0021, 34.4507

### Deuteranopia

42.6384, 41.8861, 33.4413



## Tritanopia

44.7645, 41.8674, 47.3168

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657

## Protanomaly

40.4017, 41.8287, 33.9613

## Deuteranomaly

42.3739, 41.7498, 33.4289

## Tritanomaly

43.6268, 41.6692, 41.8200

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657

## Achromatopsia

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

## Achromatomaly

40.7448, 42.1305, 41.1065

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 168, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 168, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 168, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 168, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 168, 147) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 168, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 168, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 168, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 168, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 168,  
147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.0340, 41.8476, 33.4657 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 168, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
168, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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