

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.1274, 49.6328,  
40.1606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAC29F
RGB	170, 194, 159
RGB Percent	67%, 76%, 62%
CMY	0.3333, 0.2392, 0.3765
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.18, 0.24
HSL	101°, 22%, 69%
HSV	101°, 18%, 76%
XYZ	42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606
YIQ	182.8340, -3.0690, -15.9730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

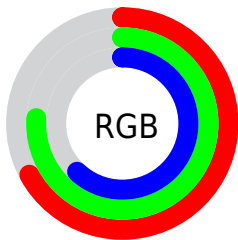
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	159, 194, 183
Decimal	11190943
CIELab	75.84, -14.65, 14.92
CIELCh	76, 20.912, 134.485
Yxy	49.6328, 0.3193, 0.3762
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289381023 (0xFFAAC29F)
YUV	182.8340, -11.7502, -11.2554
Hunter-Lab	70.4506, -16.5506, 15.5169

# Details

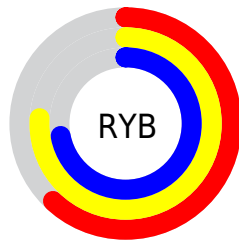
The XYZ color **42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **41.6660, 38.7599, 56.3268**, and the grayscale version is **44.9835, 47.3261, 51.5381**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.6861, 89.8570, 76.8680**, and **19.5031, 23.6693, 17.4506** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.8427, 47.6049, 31.8512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.9701, 51.9207, 49.8775**.

# Distribution



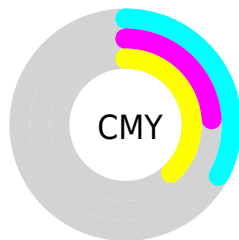
- Red (67%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.1274, 49.6328,  
40.1606


 42.1274, 49.6328,  
40.1606


345.9934,  
385.2282, 362.3722

 29.3926, 35.1217,  
27.3490

 77.6564, 89.6306,  
76.6478

 19.5238, 23.7567,  
17.6008

 101.1812,  
115.8861, 101.1605

 12.1556, 15.1532,  
10.4973


129.0335,  
146.8251, 130.4106

 6.9227, 8.9270,  
5.6200

161.5786,  
182.8322, 164.8168

 3.4597, 4.6936,  
2.5504

199.1817,  
224.2917, 204.7975

 1.4013, 2.0686,  
0.8667

242.2083,

 0.2571, 0.6469,

271.5879, 250.7712

0.0000

291.0238,  
325.1053, 303.1567

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.1274, 49.6328,  
40.1606

■ 42.1274, 49.6328,  
40.1606

■ 37.8427, 47.6049,  
31.8512

■ 46.9701, 51.9207,  
49.8775

■ 34.0911, 45.8213,  
24.8808

■ 52.3867, 54.4712,  
61.0596

■ 30.8516, 44.2741,  
19.1804

■ 58.3970, 57.2946,  
73.7652

■ 28.1004, 42.9527,  
14.6731

■ 65.0191, 60.3991,  
88.0485

■ 25.8112, 41.8455,  
11.2739

■ 72.1078, 63.7275,  
103.1079

■ 23.9553, 40.9396,  
8.8867

■ 76.7041, 66.0970,  
103.3230

■ 22.4999, 40.2207,  
7.3986

■ 78.5827, 67.0655,  
103.4109

■ 21.4001, 39.6695,  
6.6381

■ 21.2151, 39.5765,  
6.5209

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.3291, 49.6328, 35.8493



42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606



40.3314, 49.6328, 48.5145

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606



45.2029, 49.6328, 77.4088



54.7894, 49.6328, 48.8612

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606



41.6660, 38.7599, 56.3268

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.7509, 49.6328, 59.9735



42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606



49.0693, 49.6328, 77.5354

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606



42.0394, 49.6328, 70.4759



52.6094, 49.6328, 70.8011



52.7116, 49.6328, 40.3842



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606



40.1070, 49.6328, 55.7334



52.6094, 49.6328, 70.8011



55.0270, 49.6328, 52.3846

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.1287, 49.6349, 40.1617



87.8913, 95.3811, 96.0818



45.4244, 47.8072, 39.6352



19.0972, 20.8168, 20.7331



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

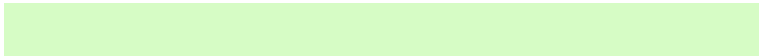


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.1287, 49.6349, 40.1617



72.8577, 88.2819, 65.9700



40.4209, 48.6885, 43.0649



10.2357, 11.4090, 10.7245



14.0232, 26.0581, 4.2906



0.6785, 1.1633, 0.1888



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.6660, 38.7599, 56.3268



71.8480, 64.6106, 101.1541



43.6803, 39.8798, 52.7393



10.1795, 10.0837, 12.6947



12.8532, 5.8865, 34.0154

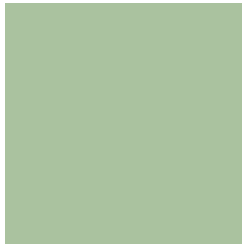


0.6239, 0.2897, 1.4729



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

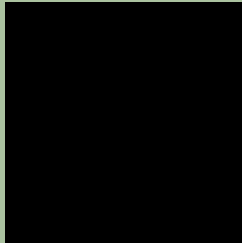
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.1274, 49.6328,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606

### Protanopia

46.5013, 49.3547, 38.0859

### Deuteranopia

50.2834, 49.3973, 41.0668



## Tritanopia

46.8942, 49.6253, 63.6070

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606

## Protanomaly

44.6919, 49.3603, 38.6245

## Deuteranomaly

46.8079, 49.1414, 40.7364

## Tritanomaly

44.8387, 49.4134, 54.1882

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

43.7704, 48.0616, 47.0143

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 194, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 194, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 194, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 194, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 194, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 194, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 194, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 194, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 194, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 194,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.1274, 49.6328, 40.1606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 194, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
194, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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