

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.2263, 60.6072, 62.9591)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.2263, 60.6072, 62.9591)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.1553, 60.5243,  
62.8866)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62E1C6
RGB	98, 225, 198
RGB Percent	38%, 88%, 78%
CMY	0.6157, 0.1176, 0.2235
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.12, 0.12
HSL	167°, 68%, 63%
HSV	167°, 56%, 88%
XYZ	42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866
YIQ	183.9490, -67.0250, -35.3210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

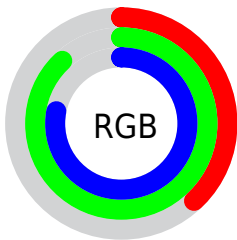
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	98, 169, 225
Decimal	6480326
CIELab	82.12, -41.63, 2.62
CIELCh	82, 41.717, 176.400
Yxy	60.5243, 0.2546, 0.3656
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284670406 (0xFF62E1C6)
YUV	183.9490, 6.9271, -75.3773
Hunter-Lab	77.7974, -39.4233, 6.5318

# Details

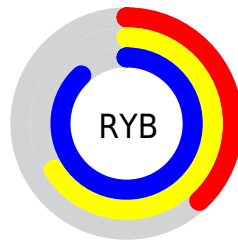
The XYZ color **42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **39.1228, 26.2253, 22.4045**, and the grayscale version is **45.5229, 47.8936, 52.1562**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.9106, 86.0091, 107.6299**, and **19.5313, 30.5490, 31.2527** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.5175, 59.2287, 59.9290**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.4962, 62.1833, 65.9708**.

# Distribution



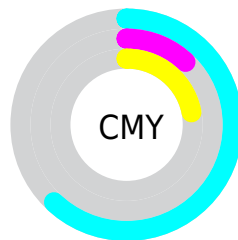
- Red (38%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 42.1553, 60.5243,  
62.8866


 42.1553, 60.5243,  
62.8866


346.1070,  
426.5276, 453.2544

 29.4146, 43.8414,  
45.3091


 77.6983, 105.5899,  
110.5899


 19.5405, 30.5458,  
31.3562


 101.2313,  
134.7413, 141.5527

 12.1678, 20.2533,  
20.6095


 129.0924,  
168.8177, 177.8144

 6.9311, 12.5793,  
12.6504

 161.6469,  
208.2034, 219.7935

 3.4650, 7.1395,  
7.0604

199.2603,  
253.2828, 267.9085

 1.4042, 3.5495,  
3.4209

242.2979,

 0.2592, 1.4249,

304.4404, 322.5779

1.3133

291.1250,  
362.0606, 384.2204

■ 0.0000, 0.2350,  
0.0727

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.1553, 60.5243,  
62.8866

■ 42.1553, 60.5243,  
62.8866

■ 39.5175, 59.2287,  
59.9290

■ 45.4962, 62.1833,  
65.9708

■ 37.5186, 58.2590,  
57.0902


■ 49.5872, 64.2255,  
69.1805


■ 36.0915, 57.5821,  
54.3674


■ 54.4771, 66.6775,  
72.5202


■ 35.1495, 57.1533,  
51.7559


■ 60.2092, 69.5616,  
75.9928


 34.8784, 57.0333,  
50.8510

 66.8235, 72.8983,  
79.6009

 74.3574, 76.7071,  
83.3470

 82.6592, 80.9096,  
87.2247

 83.3463, 81.1844,  
90.8426

 84.0520, 81.4667,  
94.5586

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.4812, 60.5243, 42.4363



42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866



43.5868, 60.5243, 90.0402

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866



65.4320, 60.5243, 119.9220



67.4701, 60.5243, 33.0642

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866



39.1228, 26.2253, 22.4045

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.1604, 60.5243, 46.5143



42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866



72.9015, 60.5243, 96.7279

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866



56.4642, 60.5243, 127.5112



76.2425, 60.5243, 69.0095



58.6021, 60.5243, 28.2378

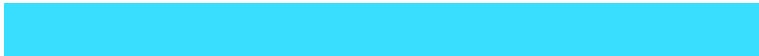


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866



46.5680, 60.5243, 107.8839



76.2425, 60.5243, 69.0095



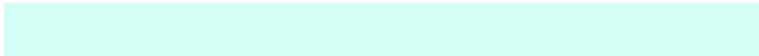
70.0821, 60.5243, 36.5259

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.1570, 60.5267, 62.8880



79.4118, 92.1056, 100.6070



37.6649, 59.1337, 20.9854



16.6513, 19.5401, 21.3318



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.1570, 60.5267, 62.8880



51.8772, 78.3648, 78.8122



36.8307, 44.4375, 77.8729



13.9852, 15.5198, 16.9575



20.1422, 32.8817, 29.5355



1.4277, 2.2918, 2.2134



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1228, 26.2253, 22.4045



47.5251, 28.5536, 20.2922



41.7808, 33.9370, 15.9050



13.8259, 13.7480, 14.8533



18.2336, 9.3604, 2.6299

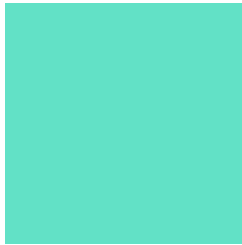


1.2967, 0.6620, 0.3552



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

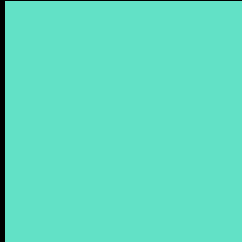
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

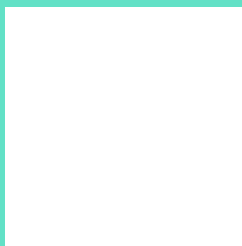
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866.



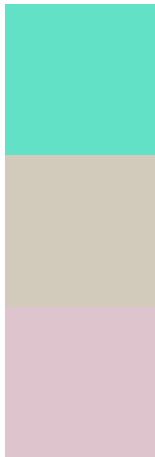
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.1553, 60.5243,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866

### Protanopia

56.5618, 59.4879, 54.9556

### Deuteranopia

60.7632, 59.3691, 65.3836



## Tritanopia

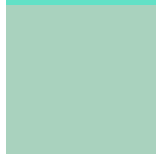
47.2997, 60.2222, 89.2519

# Trichromacy



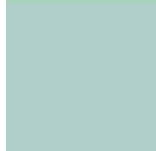
## Original Color

42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866



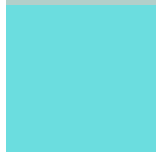
## Protanomaly

48.7030, 58.2459, 57.3909



## Deuteranomaly

51.1050, 58.2370, 64.4245



## Tritanomaly

45.2391, 60.1664, 79.0410

# Monochromacy



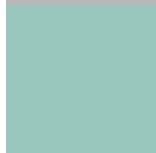
## Original Color

42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866



## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980



## Achromatomaly

42.7456, 51.2933, 55.7918

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 225, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 225, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 225, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 225, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 225, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 225, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 225, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 225, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 225, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 225,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.1553, 60.5243, 62.8866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 225, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 225,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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