

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.2820, 28.8494, 7.7834)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.2820, 28.8494, 7.7834)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.3105, 28.9147,  
7.7660)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F2673D
RGB	242, 103, 61
RGB Percent	95%, 40%, 24%
CMY	0.0510, 0.5960, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.75, 0.05
HSL	14°, 87%, 59%
HSV	14°, 75%, 95%
XYZ	42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660
YIQ	139.7730, 96.3260, 16.4060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

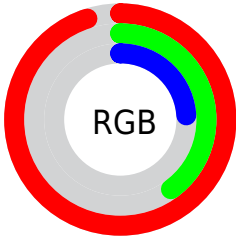
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 116, 61
Decimal	15886141
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.71, 51.14, 49.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 71.043, 43.954
Yxy	28.9147, 0.5356, 0.3660
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294076221 (0xFFFF2673D)
YUV	139.7730, -38.8351, 89.6531
Hunter-Lab	53.7724, 46.3500, 29.0778

# Details

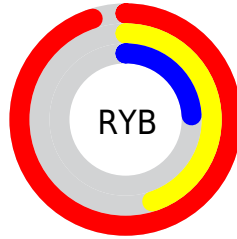
The XYZ color **42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **38.6038, 48.7077, 91.3706**, and the grayscale version is **24.9600, 26.2599, 28.5970**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.3361, 46.8614, 21.1148**, and **19.7078, 11.7218, 1.5404** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.1519, 25.4163, 4.5236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.1750, 33.3554, 12.6936**.

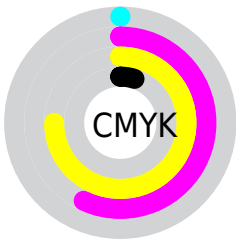
# Distribution



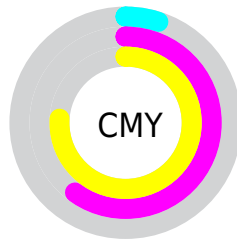
- Red (95%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (76%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.3105, 28.9147,  
7.7660


 42.3105, 28.9147,  
7.7660


346.7382,  
296.8123, 183.7505

 29.5367, 19.0163,  
3.8600


 77.9316, 57.9415,  
22.0370


 19.6335, 11.6821,  
1.5488


 101.5095, 77.8388,  
33.2390

 12.2356, 6.5276,  
0.2539


 129.4195,  
101.8377, 47.7101

 6.9777, 3.1685,  
0.0000

 162.0270,  
130.3228, 65.8688

 3.4944, 1.2203,  
0.0000

 199.6972,  
163.6784, 88.1336

 1.4203, 0.0782,  
0.0000

 242.7956,

 0.2706, 0.0000,

202.2889, 114.9231

0.0000

291.6875,  
246.5387, 146.6559

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.3105, 28.9147,  
7.7660

■ 42.3105, 28.9147,  
7.7660

■ 40.1519, 25.4163,  
4.5236

■ 45.1750, 33.3554,  
12.6936

■ 38.6268, 22.7832,  
2.7292


■ 48.8034, 38.7975,  
19.4980


■ 38.0398, 21.7215,  
2.1877


■ 53.2497, 45.3008,  
28.3461

■ 58.5620, 52.9187,  
39.3859

■ 64.7845, 61.7010,  
52.7516

 71.9584, 71.6945,  
68.5665

 80.1222, 82.9432,  
86.9453

 89.3123, 95.4891,  
107.9953

 90.4277, 97.6171,  
108.6837

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.5099, 28.9147, 20.7648



42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660



32.6759, 28.9147, 3.5640

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660



13.7308, 28.9147, 19.4385



31.9798, 28.9147, 110.8529

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660



38.6038, 48.7077, 91.3706

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.8709, 28.9147, 109.7472



42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660



13.6257, 28.9147, 45.3714

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660



16.9291, 28.9147, 7.2622



16.6002, 28.9147, 81.4603



41.7037, 28.9147, 83.9535



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660



26.2789, 28.9147, 3.1471



16.6002, 28.9147, 81.4603



28.7224, 28.9147, 114.0694

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.3112, 28.9163, 7.7665



75.0607, 72.4259, 63.9955



49.0401, 26.5162, 58.8979



15.6189, 14.8763, 12.7204



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.3112, 28.9163, 7.7665



44.1999, 26.8904, 3.8090



56.0290, 56.3521, 12.3391



16.0705, 16.3541, 16.4594



20.5213, 11.8406, 1.2039



1.7807, 1.1320, 0.1246

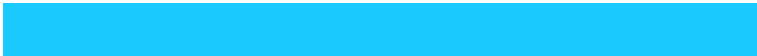


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.6038, 48.7077, 91.3706



39.5219, 49.5503, 102.0889



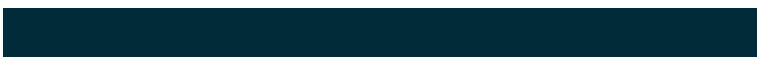
23.7770, 19.0541, 86.4283



15.9183, 17.2706, 20.2162



18.1330, 22.4903, 48.5132



1.5830, 2.0201, 4.0607



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.3105, 28.9147,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660

### Protanopia

26.5700, 29.0432, 10.6841

### Deuteranopia

29.5264, 29.0714, 7.3039



## Tritanopia

44.1746, 28.9679, 16.3598

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660

## Protanomaly

30.6763, 27.7386, 9.3675

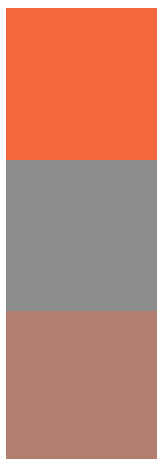
## Deuteranomaly

33.1808, 28.2919, 7.3265

## Tritanomaly

43.2808, 28.8736, 12.5245

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660

## Achromatopsia

24.9269, 26.2251, 28.5591

## Achromatomaly

28.5901, 25.6736, 18.4876

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 103, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 103, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 103, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 103, 61) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 103, 61) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 103, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 103, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 103, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 103, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 103,  
61) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.3105, 28.9147, 7.7660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 103, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
103, 61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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