

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.3619, 29.3474, 48.9069)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.3619, 29.3474, 48.9069)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.3605, 29.2766,  
48.7657)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D76FB8
RGB	215, 111, 184
RGB Percent	84%, 44%, 72%
CMY	0.1569, 0.5647, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.14, 0.16
HSL	318°, 57%, 64%
HSV	318°, 48%, 84%
XYZ	42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657
YIQ	150.4180, 38.5510, 44.7510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

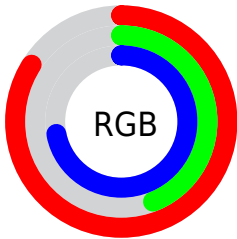
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 111, 184
Decimal	14118840
CIE Lab	61.02, 49.92, -20.22
CIE LCh	61, 53.859, 337.952
Yxy	29.2766, 0.3518, 0.2432
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292308920 (0xFFD76FB8)
YUV	150.4180, 16.5559, 56.6384
Hunter-Lab	54.1079, 45.0571, -15.5607

# Details

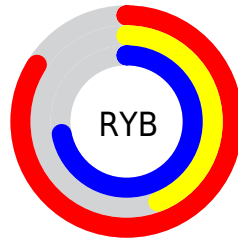
The XYZ color **42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **35.7398, 53.9343, 34.1201**, and the grayscale version is **29.0882, 30.6030, 33.3267**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.6044, 54.8237, 89.2989**, and **19.7103, 11.9339, 22.7374** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.6341, 24.8743, 44.6171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.6837, 34.8228, 53.2640**.

# Distribution



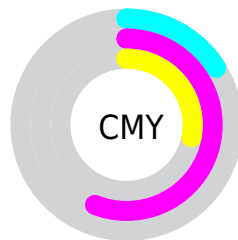
- Red (84%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.3605, 29.2766,  
48.7657


 42.3605, 29.2766,  
48.7657

346.9414,  
298.5178, 398.4151

 29.5760, 19.2902,  
34.0694

 78.0067, 58.5163,  
89.7208


 19.6635, 11.8801,  
22.6691


 101.5991, 78.5383,  
116.8165

 12.2575, 6.6621,  
14.1464

 129.5249,  
102.6743, 148.8826

 6.9927, 3.2517,  
8.0826

 162.1493,  
131.3086, 186.3374

 3.5038, 1.2645,  
4.0593

199.8379,  
164.8258, 229.5995

 1.4255, 0.1135,  
1.6580

242.9558,

 0.2743, 0.0000,

203.6101, 279.0875

0.3317

291.8686,  
248.0460, 335.2198

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.3605, 29.2766,  
48.7657

■ 42.3605, 29.2766,  
48.7657

■ 39.6341, 24.8743,  
44.6171

■ 45.6837, 34.8228,  
53.2640

■ 37.4601, 21.5293,  
40.8006

■ 49.6384, 41.5832,  
58.1246

■ 35.7924, 19.1493,  
37.2991


■ 54.2598, 49.6270,  
63.3614


■ 34.5753, 17.6239,  
34.0920


■ 59.5798, 59.0174,  
68.9870


■ 33.7265, 16.7888,  
31.1497


■ 65.6280, 69.8130,  
75.0130

 33.6033, 16.6787,  
30.6884

 72.4323, 82.0692,  
81.4505

 77.9084, 91.6167,  
87.6066

 78.8194, 91.9811,  
92.4039

 79.7638, 92.3589,  
97.3770

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.0136, 29.2766, 73.2830



42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657



43.5091, 29.2766, 26.8074

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657



25.9949, 29.2766, 6.8284



18.4556, 29.2766, 62.1733

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657



35.7398, 53.9343, 34.1201

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.4538, 29.2766, 37.5491



42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657



20.3013, 29.2766, 10.0321

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657



33.2261, 29.2766, 7.7489



17.0672, 29.2766, 19.4219



23.0461, 29.2766, 83.0315



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657



41.5853, 29.2766, 16.9348



17.0672, 29.2766, 19.4219



17.4962, 29.2766, 53.7313

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.3614, 29.2780, 48.7663



82.2566, 77.2642, 95.8463



28.8456, 21.8928, 66.9960



17.2632, 15.9344, 20.1454



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.3614, 29.2780, 48.7663



58.2550, 36.4950, 65.5442



37.9805, 27.5256, 25.6968



12.7880, 12.5667, 14.8237



20.1473, 9.9952, 18.6116



1.2508, 0.6171, 1.3103



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.3614, 29.2780, 48.7663



58.2550, 36.4950, 65.5442



40.4233, 55.8078, 58.7832



12.7880, 12.5667, 14.8237



20.1473, 9.9952, 18.6116



1.2508, 0.6171, 1.3103



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

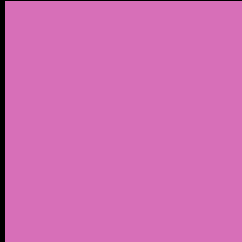
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

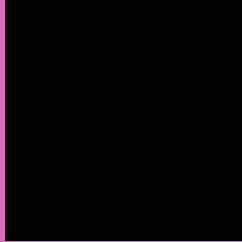
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.3605, 29.2766,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657

### Protanopia

30.8138, 29.8001, 65.1007

### Deuteranopia

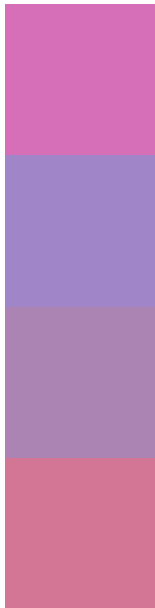
30.0418, 29.3639, 46.2039



## Tritanopia

37.3508, 29.1131, 25.1235

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657

## Protanomaly

33.4273, 28.4657, 58.9910

## Deuteranomaly

33.5027, 28.5685, 46.9285

## Tritanomaly

38.8474, 29.0078, 32.4057

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657

## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

## Achromatomaly

32.7813, 29.2156, 38.0938

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 111, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 111, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 111, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 111, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 111, 184) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 111, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 111, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 111, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 111, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 111,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.3605, 29.2766, 48.7657 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 111, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
111, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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