

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.3654, 42.3721, 48.3819)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.3654, 42.3721, 48.3819)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.2786, 42.1945,  
48.5639)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8AAB3
RGB	184, 170, 179
RGB Percent	72%, 67%, 70%
CMY	0.2784, 0.3333, 0.2980
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.03, 0.28
HSL	321°, 9%, 69%
HSV	321°, 8%, 72%
XYZ	42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639
YIQ	175.2120, 5.4550, 5.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

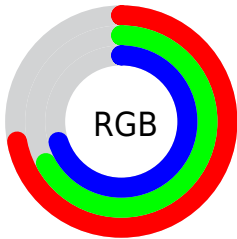
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 170, 179
Decimal	12102323
CIELab	71.00, 6.66, -2.80
CIELCh	71, 7.222, 337.187
Yxy	42.1945, 0.3178, 0.3172
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290292403 (0xFFB8AAB3)
YUV	175.2120, 1.8675, 7.7071
Hunter-Lab	64.9573, 2.5046, 1.1432

# Details

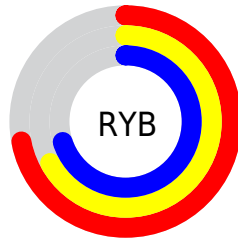
The XYZ color **42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **41.4575, 45.9233, 47.2387**, and the grayscale version is **40.8470, 42.9742, 46.7989**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.8558, 78.3739, 89.6215**, and **19.6044, 19.2885, 22.4285** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.4192, 35.5138, 44.0757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.6549, 49.8571, 53.3818**.

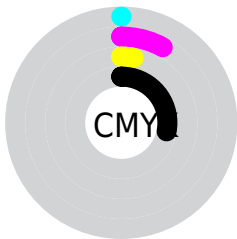
# Distribution



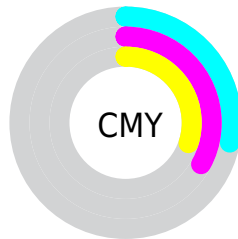
- Red (72%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.2786, 42.1945,  
48.5639

■ 42.2786, 42.1945,  
48.5639

346.6086,  
355.2886, 397.5960

■ 29.5116, 29.2536,  
33.9105

■ 77.8836, 78.4939,  
89.4177

■ 19.6144, 19.2728,  
22.5481

101.4523,  
102.6212, 116.4551

■ 12.2217, 11.8675,  
14.0580

129.3523,  
131.2461, 148.4577

■ 6.9681, 6.6535,  
8.0218

161.9489,  
164.7531, 185.8439

■ 3.4883, 3.2464,  
4.0209

199.6074,  
203.5264, 229.0323

■ 1.4169, 1.2617,  
1.6368

242.6933,

■ 0.2683, 0.1112,

247.9505, 278.4414

0.3169

291.5719,  
298.4097, 334.4898

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.2786, 42.1945,  
48.5639

■ 42.2786, 42.1945,  
48.5639

■ 38.4192, 35.5138,  
44.0757

■ 46.6549, 49.8571,  
53.3818

■ 35.0526, 29.7694,  
39.9055

■ 51.5637, 58.5338,  
58.5351

■ 32.1584, 24.9204,  
36.0448

■ 57.0244, 68.2622,  
64.0329

■ 29.7131, 20.9205,  
32.4835

■ 63.0542, 79.0763,  
69.8830

■ 27.6911, 17.7194,  
29.2107

■ 67.3942, 86.4572,  
75.3344

■ 26.0641, 15.2615,  
26.2147

■ 68.2398, 86.7954,  
79.7875

■ 24.8005, 13.4837,  
23.4826

■ 69.1196, 87.1474,  
84.4204

■ 23.8629, 12.3127,  
20.9993

■ 70.0339, 87.5131,  
89.2352

■ 23.1960, 11.6384,  
18.7440

■ 70.9832, 87.8928,  
94.2338

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.5215, 42.1945, 51.4347



42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639



42.4477, 42.1945, 45.1174

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639



39.8154, 42.1945, 39.6683



38.2868, 42.1945, 50.0714

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639



41.4575, 45.9233, 47.2387

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.8494, 42.1945, 46.7779



42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639



38.7203, 42.1945, 40.8561

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639



41.0097, 42.1945, 40.0932



38.0064, 42.1945, 43.4174



39.2129, 42.1945, 52.3351



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639



42.2012, 42.1945, 42.9769



38.0064, 42.1945, 43.4174



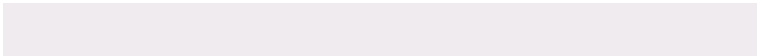
38.0786, 42.1945, 49.0418

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.2798, 42.1963, 48.5648



80.9456, 84.0080, 92.8282



40.6849, 41.3146, 51.1782



17.4685, 18.1425, 20.0320



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.2798, 42.1963, 48.5648



75.5024, 74.5073, 86.7412



41.5994, 41.9242, 44.9817



9.2410, 9.1068, 10.6167



15.9229, 7.9429, 12.7466



0.5897, 0.2914, 0.5987



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2798, 42.1963, 48.5648



75.5024, 74.5073, 86.7412



42.1526, 46.2013, 50.8988



9.2410, 9.1068, 10.6167



15.9229, 7.9429, 12.7466

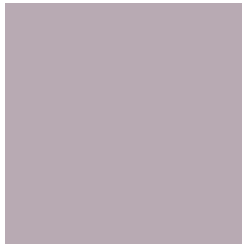


0.5897, 0.2914, 0.5987



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

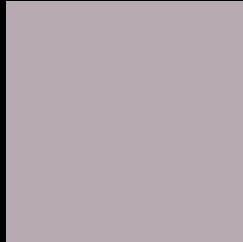
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

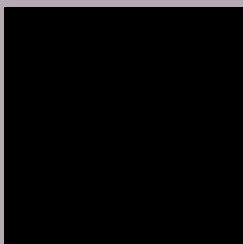
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

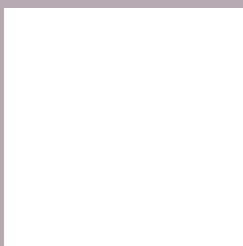
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.2786, 42.1945,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639

### Protanopia

40.9633, 42.3373, 49.7290

### Deuteranopia

43.0637, 42.3220, 48.5471



## Tritanopia

42.7428, 42.1091, 50.6748

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639

## Protanomaly

41.3508, 42.2653, 49.1586

## Deuteranomaly

42.8182, 42.1954, 48.5356

## Tritanomaly

42.6390, 42.0676, 50.1285

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639

## Achromatopsia

40.7470, 42.8690, 46.6844

## Achromatomaly

41.1401, 42.4867, 47.1067

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 170, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 170, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 170, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 170, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 170, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 170, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 170, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 170, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 170, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 170,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.2786, 42.1945, 48.5639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 170, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
170, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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