

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.3753, 48.3549, 49.1553)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.3753, 48.3549, 49.1553)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.3857, 48.2568,  
49.2000)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7BEB2
RGB	167, 190, 178
RGB Percent	65%, 75%, 70%
CMY	0.3451, 0.2549, 0.3020
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.06, 0.25
HSL	149°, 15%, 70%
HSV	149°, 12%, 75%
XYZ	42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000
YIQ	181.7550, -9.8560, -8.6080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

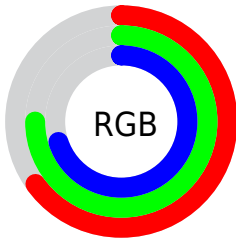
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">167, 183, 190</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10993330</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.99, -10.18, 3.40</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 10.736, 161.534</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.2568, 0.3031, 0.3451</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289183410 (0xFFA7BEB2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">181.7550, -1.8512, -12.9401</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.4671, -12.6548, 6.6349</a>

# Details

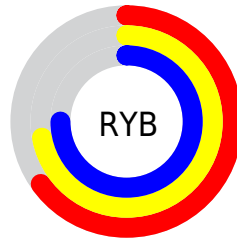
The XYZ color **42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **43.1924, 41.8405, 48.4496**, and the grayscale version is **44.3449, 46.6543, 50.8065**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.9313, 87.3816, 90.6008**, and **19.7176, 23.0168, 22.8055** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.7033, 45.9552, 43.9714**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.7326, 50.8953, 54.8374**.

# Distribution



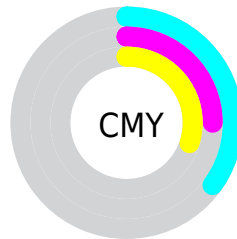
- Red (65%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 42.3857, 48.2568,  
49.2000


 42.3857, 48.2568,  
49.2000


347.0438,  
379.8091, 400.1742

 29.5959, 34.0303,  
34.4114


 78.0445, 87.5866,  
90.3725

 19.6786, 22.9169,  
22.9299


 101.6442,  
113.4587, 117.5935

 12.2685, 14.5321,  
14.3370

129.5779,  
143.9815, 149.7957

 7.0003, 8.4917,  
8.2140

162.2110,  
179.5394, 187.3977

 3.5086, 4.4112,  
4.1424

199.9087,  
220.5166, 230.8180

 1.4281, 1.9061,  
1.7038

243.0366,

 0.2761, 0.5520,

267.2978, 280.4752

0.3633

291.9598,  
320.2671, 336.7877

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.3857, 48.2568,  
49.2000

■ 42.3857, 48.2568,  
49.2000

■ 37.7033, 45.9552,  
43.9714

■ 47.7326, 50.8953,  
54.8374

■ 33.6542, 43.9705,  
39.1391

■ 53.7653, 53.8776,  
60.8891

■ 30.2106, 42.2901,  
34.6948

■ 60.5094, 57.2180,  
67.3649

■ 27.3411, 40.8979,  
30.6285

■ 67.9879, 60.9281,  
74.2729

■ 25.0114, 39.7763,  
26.9299

■ 73.5988, 63.6666,  
81.4985

■ 23.1832, 38.9059,  
23.5881

■ 75.0119, 64.2318,  
88.9394

■ 21.8129, 38.2644,  
20.5916

■ 76.5051, 64.8291,  
96.8025

■ 20.8485, 37.8252,  
17.9280

■ 77.7044, 65.3088,  
103.1181

■ 20.2967, 37.5817,  
16.0502

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.4140, 48.2568, 44.8746



42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000



42.2740, 48.2568, 54.7302

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000



46.6240, 48.2568, 63.8382



48.7445, 48.2568, 45.7100

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000



43.1924, 41.8405, 48.4496

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.6573, 48.2568, 50.4158



42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000



48.4099, 48.2568, 61.0397

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000



44.6838, 48.2568, 63.4546



49.5331, 48.2568, 56.0350



47.0701, 48.2568, 42.9608



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000



42.7304, 48.2568, 58.3900



49.5331, 48.2568, 56.0350



49.1527, 48.2568, 47.1008

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.3871, 48.2588, 49.2011



84.5006, 91.2410, 97.3096



44.0424, 49.2347, 43.7418



18.3879, 19.9530, 21.1940



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

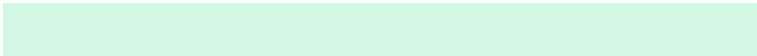


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.3871, 48.2588, 49.2011



74.0190, 86.0747, 86.1043



43.5622, 48.7289, 55.3891



9.5937, 10.7236, 11.1097



13.5347, 25.0042, 10.8784



0.5632, 0.9927, 0.6003



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.1924, 41.8405, 48.4496



75.8169, 71.7445, 84.4264



42.1015, 41.4041, 42.7054



9.7325, 9.6173, 10.9802



15.6622, 7.8960, 8.7806

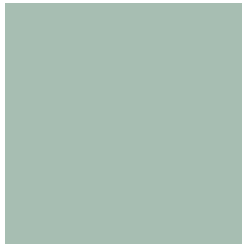


0.6464, 0.3224, 0.5171



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

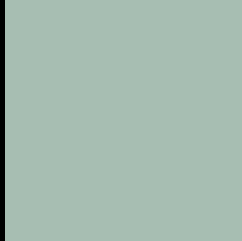
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

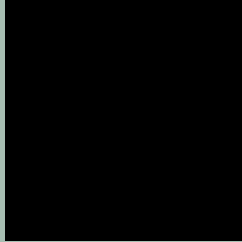
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000.



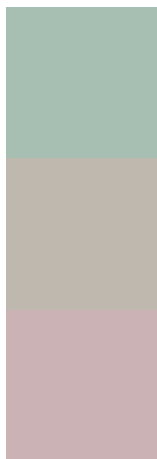
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.3857, 48.2568,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000

### Protanopia

46.0157, 48.2841, 46.9389

### Deuteranopia

48.7872, 47.8326, 49.8413



## Tritanopia

45.1075, 48.4156, 62.2261

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000

## Protanomaly

44.5882, 48.1580, 47.5028

## Deuteranomaly

46.0998, 47.6577, 49.4170

## Tritanomaly

44.1864, 48.3627, 57.4581

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000

## Achromatopsia

44.4628, 46.7784, 50.9417

## Achromatomaly

43.8209, 47.3812, 50.5519

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 190, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 190, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 190, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 190, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 190, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 190, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 190, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 190, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 190, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 190,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.3857, 48.2568, 49.2000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 190, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
190, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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