

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.3896, 22.7218, 12.8534)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.3896, 22.7218, 12.8534)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.2035, 22.6497,  
12.7371)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FA285E
RGB	250, 40, 94
RGB Percent	98%, 16%, 37%
CMY	0.0196, 0.8431, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.84, 0.62, 0.02
HSL	345°, 95%, 57%
HSV	345°, 84%, 98%
XYZ	42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371
YIQ	108.9460, 107.8260, 61.3140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

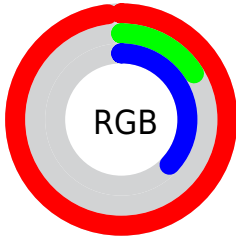
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	250, 40, 94
Decimal	16394334
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.71, 76.67, 24.10
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 80.367, 17.450
Yxy	22.6497, 0.5439, 0.2919
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294584414 (0xFFFA285E)
YUV	108.9460, -7.3684, 123.7044
Hunter-Lab	47.5917, 75.0052, 17.4462

# Details

The XYZ color **42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **45.0275, 72.8089, 63.9172**, and the grayscale version is **14.5222, 15.2785, 16.6382**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.8500, 34.4255, 30.2975**, and **20.8041, 10.6609, 3.8670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.8799, 21.1800, 8.6670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.2723, 25.2896, 18.0452**.

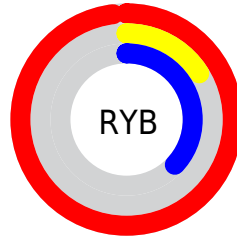
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (16%)

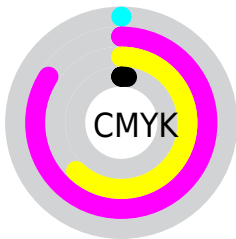
Blue (37%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (37%)

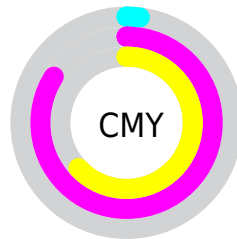


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (62%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (84%)


Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 42.2035, 22.6497,  
12.7371


 42.2035, 22.6497,  
12.7371


346.3031,  
265.9206, 220.3742


 29.4525, 14.3351,  
7.1192


 77.7708, 47.8175,  
31.5149


 19.5694, 8.3541,  
3.4572


 101.3177, 65.4394,  
45.5118


 12.1889, 4.3223,  
1.3325


 129.1940, 86.9326,  
63.1389

 6.9455, 1.8555,  
0.0882

 161.7650,  
112.6814, 84.8145

 3.4741, 0.5214,  
0.0000

 199.3960,  
143.0702, 110.9573

 1.4091, 0.0000,  
0.0000

242.4525,

 0.2627, 0.0000,

178.4834, 141.9858

0.0000

291.2998,  
219.3054, 178.3186

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.2035, 22.6497,  
12.7371

■ 42.2035, 22.6497,  
12.7371

■ 40.8799, 21.1800,  
8.6670

■ 44.2723, 25.2896,  
18.0452

■ 40.3572, 20.6971,  
6.7583

■ 47.1888, 29.2825,  
24.6899

■ 51.0398, 34.7832,  
32.7598

■ 55.9006, 41.9244,  
42.3351

■ 61.8384, 50.8239,  
53.4895

68.9148, 61.5890,  
66.2919

77.1862, 74.3180,  
80.8068

86.7056, 89.1025,  
97.0953

93.2341, 99.0639,  
108.8150

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.7964, 22.6497, 36.8505



42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371



35.2197, 22.6497, 3.3561

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371



11.2615, 22.6497, 4.1980



18.0353, 22.6497, 109.4725

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371



45.0275, 72.8089, 63.9172

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9431, 22.6497, 80.8646



42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371



8.8164, 22.6497, 15.5092

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371



16.8143, 22.6497, 1.2605



9.0258, 22.6497, 42.3683



27.0490, 22.6497, 106.5839



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371



28.7415, 22.6497, 1.4763



9.0258, 22.6497, 42.3683



15.6351, 22.6497, 102.6932

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.2040, 22.6511, 12.7374



71.2661, 63.1670, 67.8777



40.2642, 19.8912, 92.1592



14.6764, 12.6394, 13.4913



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.2040, 22.6511, 12.7374



42.2102, 21.6481, 7.0391



43.3812, 27.6247, 5.0551



17.4277, 17.2984, 18.8420



21.4560, 10.9981, 3.8437



2.0283, 1.0351, 0.5727



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2040, 22.6511, 12.7374



42.2102, 21.6481, 7.0391



39.0188, 49.1291, 97.8683



17.4277, 17.2984, 18.8420



21.4560, 10.9981, 3.8437



2.0283, 1.0351, 0.5727



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

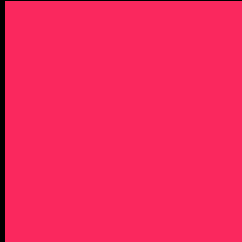
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371.



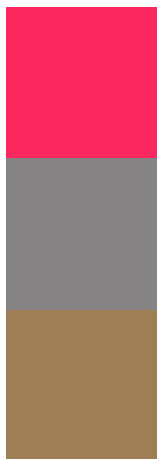
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.2035, 22.6497,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371

### Protanopia

21.9540, 22.8851, 25.0900

### Deuteranopia

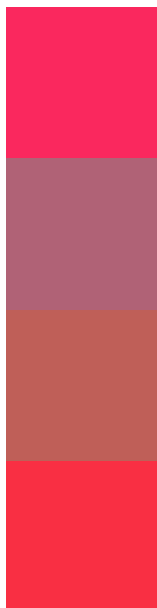
23.1616, 22.8309, 11.5736



## Tritanopia

40.4928, 22.5631, 5.3529

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371

## Protanomaly

25.5422, 19.2735, 19.5135

## Deuteranomaly

27.3395, 19.9654, 11.6453

## Tritanomaly

41.0966, 22.5780, 7.5022

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371

## Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537

## Achromatomaly

20.1662, 14.8137, 14.8932

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 40, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 40, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 40, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 40, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 40, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 40, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 40, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 40, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 40, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 40,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.2035, 22.6497, 12.7371 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 40, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250, 40,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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