

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.6086, 23.2833, 4.5870)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.6086, 23.2833, 4.5870)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.6330, 23.3186,  
4.6368)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF2D2C
RGB	255, 45, 44
RGB Percent	100%, 18%, 17%
CMY	0.0000, 0.8234, 0.8274
CMYK	0.00, 0.82, 0.83, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 59%
HSV	0°, 83%, 100%
XYZ	42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368
YIQ	107.6760, 125.4810, 44.2090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

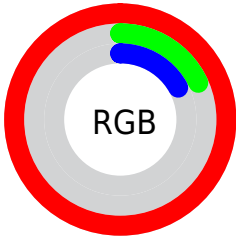
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	255, 45, 44
Decimal	16723244
CIELab	55.40, 74.99, 53.26
CIElCh	55, 91.977, 35.384
Yxy	23.3186, 0.6040, 0.3303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294913324 (0xFFFF2D2C)
YUV	107.6760, -31.3923, 129.2031
Hunter-Lab	48.2893, 73.0852, 28.1094

# Details

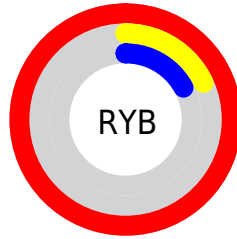
The XYZ color **42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **54.5238, 78.6258, 106.9096**, and the grayscale version is **14.2262, 14.9671, 16.2992**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.0769, 33.8430, 14.0709**, and **20.9863, 10.8188, 0.9821** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.5969, 21.7930, 2.6080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.5446, 26.1260, 8.4071**.

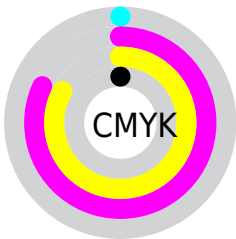
# Distribution



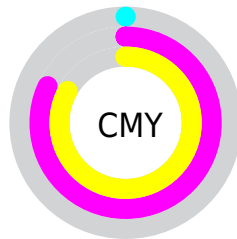
- Red (100%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (83%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.6330, 23.3186,  
4.6368


 42.6330, 23.3186,  
4.6368


348.0475,  
269.3572, 155.0603


 29.7905, 14.8289,  
1.9808


 78.4159, 48.9159,  
15.4537


 19.8269, 8.6994,  
0.5434


 102.0871, 66.7924,  
24.4516

 12.3768, 4.5456,  
0.0000


 130.0985, 88.5666,  
36.4006

 7.0749, 1.9832,  
0.0000

 162.8156,  
114.6229, 51.7192

 3.5557, 0.5977,  
0.0000

 200.6037,  
145.3457, 70.8259

 1.4540, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 243.8281,

 0.2942, 0.0000,

181.1194, 94.1393

0.0000

292.8543,  
222.3285, 122.0779

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.6330, 23.3186,  
4.6368

■ 42.6330, 23.3186,  
4.6368

■ 41.5969, 21.7930,  
2.6080

■ 44.5446, 26.1260,  
8.4071

■ 41.2531, 21.2866,  
1.9344

■ 47.4676, 30.4106,  
14.1946

■ 51.5160, 36.3395,  
22.2280

■ 56.7884, 44.0559,  
32.7048

■ 63.3724, 53.6877,  
45.8013

71.3478, 65.3511,  
61.6770

80.7878, 79.1530,  
80.4793

91.7608, 95.1928,  
102.3447

95.0497, 99.9998,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.4182, 23.3186, 20.4154



42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368



31.5140, 23.3186, 0.8318

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368



8.5618, 23.3186, 8.2969



24.0811, 23.3186, 134.6481

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368



54.5238, 78.6258, 106.9096

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.8741, 23.3186, 120.2310



42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368



7.6824, 23.3186, 31.1134

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368



12.5332, 23.3186, 1.5160



9.5894, 23.3186, 74.6589



35.7768, 23.3186, 105.7918



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368



23.8015, 23.3186, 0.2683



9.5894, 23.3186, 74.6589



20.6027, 23.3186, 134.8505

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.6335, 23.3201, 4.6371



69.4243, 62.5382, 57.8466



60.1903, 30.2812, 97.2795



14.2494, 12.4934, 11.1668



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.6335, 23.3201, 4.6371



41.2949, 21.3474, 2.0172



52.5210, 43.0951, 7.9330



18.0165, 18.0011, 18.6693



21.5588, 11.1289, 1.0118



2.1015, 1.0883, 0.0993



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.5238, 78.6258, 106.9096



53.4538, 77.9802, 106.8421



29.9153, 29.4089, 98.7068



18.5470, 20.4655, 23.2227



27.9155, 40.7406, 55.8270



2.7204, 3.9715, 5.4365



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.6330, 23.3186,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368

### Protanopia

21.4035, 23.3714, 8.5373

### Deuteranopia

23.7356, 23.2970, 3.9076



## Tritanopia

42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368

## Protanomaly

25.6671, 20.0520, 6.5206

## Deuteranomaly

28.3159, 20.9175, 3.7075

## Tritanomaly

42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368

## Achromatopsia

14.2537, 14.9960, 16.3306

## Achromatomaly

19.5861, 14.7299, 10.4052

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 45, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 45, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 45, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 45, 44) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 45, 44) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 45, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 45, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 45, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 45, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 45,  
44) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.6330, 23.3186, 4.6368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 45, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 45,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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