

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.6376, 22.4922, 29.9605)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.6376, 22.4922, 29.9605)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.7220, 22.5329,  
30.1146)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F22894
RGB	242, 40, 148
RGB Percent	95%, 16%, 58%
CMY	0.0510, 0.8431, 0.4196
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.39, 0.05
HSL	328°, 89%, 55%
HSV	328°, 83%, 95%
XYZ	42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146
YIQ	112.7100, 85.7240, 76.4120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

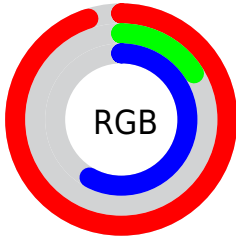
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 40, 148
Decimal	15870100
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.59, 78.75, -8.60
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 79.218, 353.765
Yxy	22.5329, 0.4480, 0.2363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294060180 (0xFFFF22894)
YUV	112.7100, 17.3980, 113.3873
Hunter-Lab	47.4688, 77.5797, -4.3859

# Details

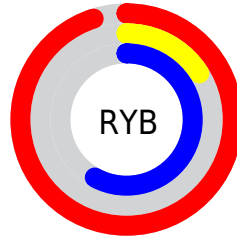
The XYZ color **42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **36.9322, 65.6774, 33.2912**, and the grayscale version is **15.5452, 16.3548, 17.8104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.5851, 36.8931, 59.9631**, and **20.9801, 10.5664, 12.2430** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.2971, 21.0411, 25.4533**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.7445, 25.0810, 35.4034**.

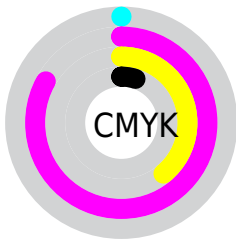
# Distribution



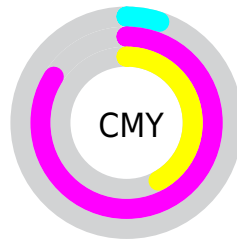
- Red (95%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 42.7220, 22.5329,  
30.1146


 42.7220, 22.5329,  
30.1146


348.4082,  
265.3167, 316.6622

 29.8606, 14.2490,  
19.6728


 78.5495, 47.6252,  
60.9065


 19.8804, 8.2940,  
11.9757

 102.2464, 65.2024,  
82.0937


 12.4159, 4.2837,  
6.6048

 130.2857, 86.6461,  
107.6998

 7.1018, 1.8335,  
3.1415

 163.0330,  
112.3408, 138.1433

 3.5727, 0.5079,  
1.1673

 200.8535,  
142.6708, 173.8427

 1.4634, 0.0000,  
0.0000

244.1127,

 0.3007, 0.0000,

178.0205, 215.2166

0.0000

293.1758,  
218.7743, 262.6836

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.7220, 22.5329,  
30.1146

■ 42.7220, 22.5329,  
30.1146

■ 41.2971, 21.0411,  
25.4533

■ 44.7445, 25.0810,  
35.4034

■ 40.6054, 20.4722,  
22.7117

■ 47.4476, 28.8477,  
41.3586

■ 50.9021, 33.9711,  
48.0151

■ 55.1689, 40.5694,  
55.4042

■ 60.3025, 48.7480,  
63.5542

66.3523, 58.6024,  
72.4919

73.3637, 70.2207,  
82.2423

81.3793, 83.6845,  
92.8289

89.5332, 97.2594,  
103.9724

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.9422, 22.5329, 65.1475



42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146



40.6650, 22.5329, 9.8493

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146



15.3581, 22.5329, 1.6211



12.9723, 22.5329, 87.0176

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146



36.9322, 65.6774, 33.2912

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.4651, 22.5329, 49.3481



42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146



10.5590, 22.5329, 5.7137

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146



23.2856, 22.5329, 1.0786



8.7200, 22.5329, 19.6901



19.6508, 22.5329, 109.6244



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146



35.9121, 22.5329, 4.0767



8.7200, 22.5329, 19.6901



11.4649, 22.5329, 74.8329

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.7226, 22.5342, 30.1150



73.5613, 64.0851, 79.9642



26.1325, 12.7477, 85.0875



15.2184, 12.8562, 16.3455



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.7226, 22.5342, 30.1150



45.7072, 23.0469, 25.4539



37.9556, 20.6273, 5.0119



16.1261, 15.9001, 18.2201



21.8834, 11.0258, 12.5685



1.8707, 0.9373, 1.3101



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.7226, 22.5342, 30.1150



45.7072, 23.0469, 25.4539



47.1793, 69.7762, 87.2516



16.1261, 15.9001, 18.2201



21.8834, 11.0258, 12.5685



1.8707, 0.9373, 1.3101



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

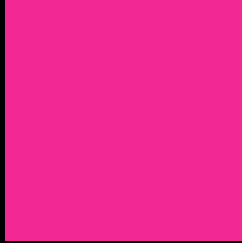
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.7220, 22.5329,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146

### Protanopia

24.3429, 22.9437, 60.2723

### Deuteranopia

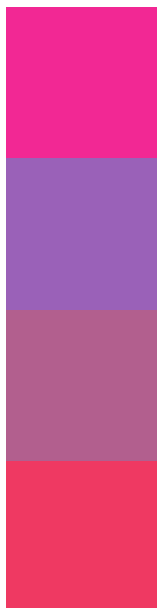
23.1613, 22.6764, 27.2010



## Tritanopia

38.0377, 22.4610, 8.1250

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146

## Protanomaly

26.2528, 18.8801, 47.6079

## Deuteranomaly

27.3348, 19.6024, 27.9341

## Tritanomaly

39.2643, 22.1588, 13.7629

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

21.5909, 15.6355, 21.6187

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 40, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 40, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 40, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 40, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 40, 148) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 40, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 40, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 40, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 40, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 40,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.7220, 22.5329, 30.1146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 40, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 40,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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