

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.6740, 59.2225, 44.6170)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.6740, 59.2225, 44.6170)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.7013, 59.2214,  
44.7776)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89DCA5
RGB	137, 220, 165
RGB Percent	54%, 86%, 65%
CMY	0.4627, 0.1372, 0.3529
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.25, 0.14
HSL	140°, 54%, 70%
HSV	140°, 38%, 86%
XYZ	42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776
YIQ	188.9130, -31.8130, -34.7010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

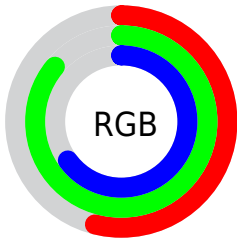
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	137, 199, 220
Decimal	9034917
CIELab	81.41, -36.94, 19.22
CIELCh	81, 41.641, 152.506
Yxy	59.2214, 0.2911, 0.4037
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287224997 (0xFF89DCA5)
YUV	188.9130, -11.7891, -45.5277
Hunter-Lab	76.9554, -35.6253, 19.3701

# Details

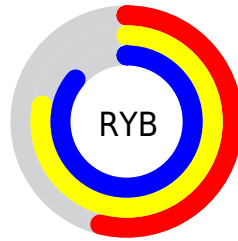
The XYZ color **42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **47.9773, 36.9141, 54.4681**, and the grayscale version is **48.3997, 50.9202, 55.4521**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.6706, 88.0248, 80.9759**, and **19.8234, 29.5822, 20.2879** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.2039, 57.0492, 38.0312**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.0884, 61.8380, 52.3578**.

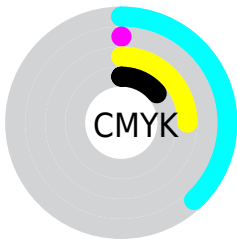
# Distribution



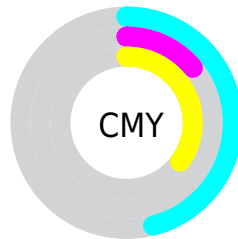
- Red (54%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 42.7013, 59.2214,  
44.7776


 42.7013, 59.2214,  
44.7776


348.3243,  
421.7219, 382.0059


 29.8443, 42.7914,  
30.9406


 78.5184, 103.6994,  
83.7015

 19.8679, 29.7215,  
20.2955

 102.2093,  
132.5161, 109.6255

 12.4068, 19.6273,  
12.4239


 130.2422,  
166.2305, 140.4155

 7.0955, 12.1244,  
6.9070

162.9825,  
205.2271, 176.4902

 3.5688, 6.8285,  
3.3264

200.7955,  
249.8901, 218.2680

 1.4612, 3.3550,  
1.2636

244.0465,

 0.2992, 1.3198,

300.6039, 266.1676

0.0317

293.1010,  
357.7531, 320.6074

■ 0.0000, 0.1564,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.7013, 59.2214,  
44.7776

■ 42.7013, 59.2214,  
44.7776

■ 38.2039, 57.0492,  
38.0312

■ 48.0884, 61.8380,  
52.3578

■ 34.5415, 55.2890,  
32.0859

■ 54.4066, 64.9149,  
60.7953

■ 31.6604, 53.9153,  
26.9127

■ 61.7000, 68.4761,  
70.1172

■ 29.4983, 52.8966,  
22.4790

■ 70.0089, 72.5416,  
80.3485

■ 27.9828, 52.1962,  
18.7500

■ 79.3708, 77.1305,  
91.5131

■ 27.0152, 51.7642,  
15.6872

■ 84.4803, 79.5071,  
103.3842

■ 26.8377, 51.6860,  
15.0788

■ 84.8843, 79.6686,  
105.5114

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.7598, 59.2214, 31.9019



42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776



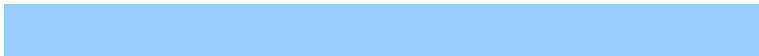
41.1602, 59.2214, 66.6016

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776



57.0235, 59.2214, 125.2465



71.6256, 59.2214, 41.9897

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776



47.9773, 36.9141, 54.4681

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.7314, 59.2214, 62.4080



42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776



65.7758, 59.2214, 113.9769

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776



48.9053, 59.2214, 117.0697



72.4888, 59.2214, 89.2553



64.3790, 59.2214, 30.6082



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776



42.1909, 59.2214, 84.6379



72.4888, 59.2214, 89.2553



73.2204, 59.2214, 47.8107

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.7029, 59.2239, 44.7789



82.6231, 93.9229, 93.4456



51.9334, 64.2453, 33.3310



17.3827, 19.9559, 19.6166



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.7029, 59.2239, 44.7789



54.7500, 80.3702, 55.2539



47.0725, 60.9717, 67.7889



13.0668, 14.6784, 14.8149



15.7968, 30.3513, 9.0951



1.0628, 1.9821, 0.7968



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.9773, 36.9141, 54.4681



63.0869, 45.0622, 70.5354



44.0350, 35.3372, 33.7081



13.4180, 13.1963, 15.4623



20.4112, 10.1655, 17.0774



1.3619, 0.6744, 1.3147



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776.



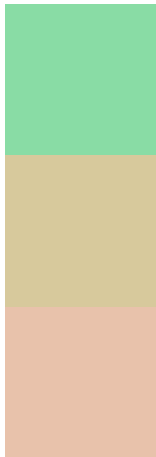
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.7013, 59.2214,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776

### Protanopia

54.9117, 58.6207, 39.8733

### Deuteranopia

59.9212, 58.6797, 46.6962



## Tritanopia

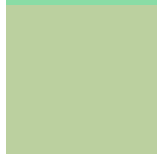
50.4488, 59.3234, 82.9204

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776



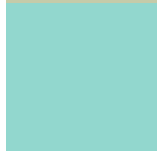
## Protanomaly

49.3074, 58.1797, 41.4319



## Deuteranomaly

51.5433, 57.4468, 45.9078



## Tritanomaly

47.2951, 59.1681, 67.3204

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776



## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172



## Achromatomaly

45.4701, 53.1499, 51.0424

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 220, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 220, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 220, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 220, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 220, 165) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 220, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 220, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 220, 165); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 220, 165); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 220, 165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.7013, 59.2214, 44.7776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 220, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
220, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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