

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.6843, 21.8377, 9.5354)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.6843, 21.8377, 9.5354)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.6880, 21.8392,  
9.5549)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF0050
RGB	255, 0, 80
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 31%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9997, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.69, 0.00
HSL	341°, 100%, 50%
HSV	341°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549
YIQ	85.3650, 126.3000, 78.9400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

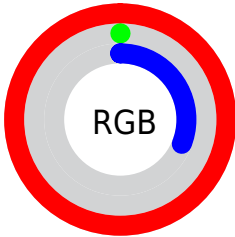
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 0, 80
Decimal	16711760
CIELab	53.86, 81.80, 31.57
CIELCh	54, 87.682, 21.100
Yxy	21.8392, 0.5762, 0.2948
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901840 (0xFFFF0050)
YUV	85.3650, -2.6449, 148.7699
Hunter-Lab	46.7324, 81.2701, 20.5903

# Details

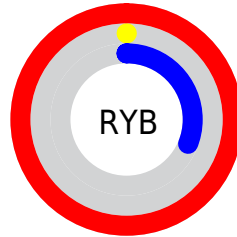
The XYZ color **42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **43.5052, 74.6179, 52.7022**, and the grayscale version is **8.7060, 9.1593, 9.9745**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.5701, 31.5803, 24.2519**, and **21.3047, 10.9462, 2.6590** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.6860, 21.8384, 9.5457**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.7810, 22.8522, 13.5365**.

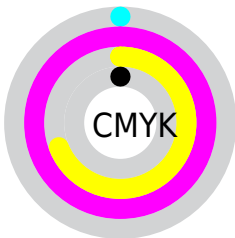
# Distribution



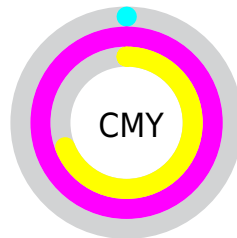
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 42.6880, 21.8392,  
9.5549


 42.6880, 21.8392,  
9.5549


348.2704,  
261.7054, 197.8331


 29.8339, 13.7388,  
5.0031


 78.4985, 46.4801,  
25.5495


 19.8600, 7.9392,  
2.1903


 102.1855, 63.7894,  
37.8294


 12.4010, 4.0561,  
0.6688


 130.2142, 84.9370,  
53.5224

 7.0915, 1.7050,  
0.0000

 162.9500,  
110.3075, 73.0470

 3.5662, 0.4269,  
0.0000

 200.7581,  
140.2852, 96.8219

 1.4598, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 244.0040,

 0.2982, 0.0000,

175.2545, 125.2655

0.0000

293.0530,  
215.5997, 158.7964

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.6880, 21.8392,  
9.5549

■ 42.6880, 21.8392,  
9.5549

■ 42.6860, 21.8384,  
9.5457

■ 43.7810, 22.8522,  
13.5365

■ 45.5217, 24.8716,  
18.6240

■ 48.0637, 28.1876,  
24.9223

■ 51.5045, 32.9788,  
32.5131

■ 55.9264, 39.3954,  
41.4699

■ 61.4022, 47.5688,  
51.8600

■ 67.9974, 57.6170,  
63.7458

■ 75.7722, 69.6475,  
77.1859

■ 84.7821, 83.7598,  
92.2354

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.3215, 21.8392, 32.7528



42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549



34.3541, 21.8392, 1.9363

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549



9.6016, 21.8392, 3.8038



18.0765, 21.8392, 120.8384

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549



43.5052, 74.6179, 52.7022

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.3255, 21.8392, 91.4200



42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549



7.5019, 21.8392, 16.6154

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549



14.8898, 21.8392, 0.7727



8.0195, 21.8392, 47.8032



27.9939, 21.8392, 112.5897



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549



27.2028, 21.8392, 0.6922



8.0195, 21.8392, 47.8032



15.4203, 21.8392, 114.5237

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.6885, 21.8406, 9.5552



67.9784, 57.5875, 63.7119



35.5667, 16.2513, 95.8695



13.9252, 11.3693, 12.5249



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.6885, 21.8406, 9.5552



42.6862, 21.8385, 9.5458



42.2489, 23.2776, 2.2682



18.2440, 18.0809, 19.9018



22.3635, 11.4347, 5.2985



2.2243, 1.1321, 0.7626



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.6885, 21.8406, 9.5552



42.6862, 21.8385, 9.5458



40.6706, 52.4601, 102.5895



18.2440, 18.0809, 19.9018



22.3635, 11.4347, 5.2985



2.2243, 1.1321, 0.7626



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

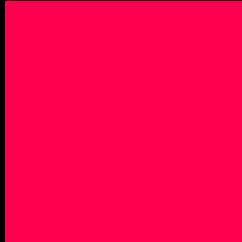
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549.



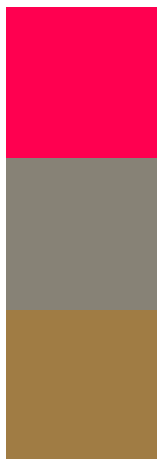
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.6880, 21.8392,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549

### Protanopia

21.2443, 22.4242, 20.3481

### Deuteranopia

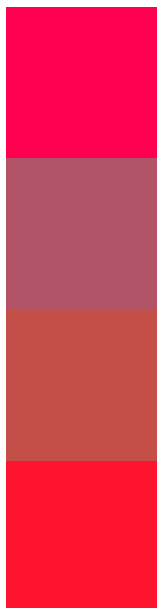
22.7482, 22.3062, 8.5754



## Tritanopia

41.5874, 22.1830, 3.1268

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549

## Protanomaly

24.1824, 16.7697, 15.0590

## Deuteranomaly

26.4714, 17.6619, 8.1448

## Tritanomaly

41.6163, 21.7684, 4.5931

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549

## Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

## Achromatomaly

14.9131, 9.4659, 9.2247

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 80) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 80) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 80)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.6880, 21.8392, 9.5549 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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