

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.7814, 28.2223, 14.6249)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.7814, 28.2223, 14.6249)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.8479, 28.3180,  
14.7629)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F16262
RGB	241, 98, 98
RGB Percent	95%, 38%, 38%
CMY	0.0549, 0.6157, 0.6157
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.59, 0.05
HSL	0°, 84%, 66%
HSV	0°, 59%, 95%
XYZ	42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629
YIQ	140.7570, 85.2280, 30.3160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

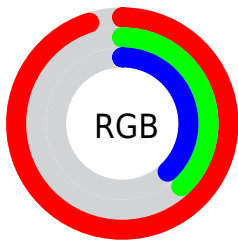
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	241, 98, 98
Decimal	15819362
CIE Lab	60.17, 55.04, 28.59
CIE LCh	60, 62.025, 27.447
Yxy	28.3180, 0.4986, 0.3296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294009442 (0xFFFF16262)
YUV	140.7570, -21.0792, 87.9131
Hunter-Lab	53.2147, 50.6007, 20.8019

# Details

The XYZ color **42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **52.3669, 71.8530, 94.3276**, and the grayscale version is **25.2800, 26.5965, 28.9636**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.0560, 46.2124, 34.2938**, and **19.9467, 11.3403, 4.2696** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.9509, 24.0793, 9.0032**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.7673, 34.0538, 22.5533**.

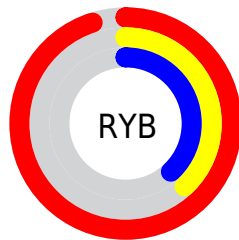
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (38%)

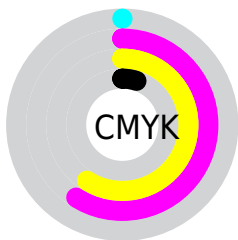
Blue (38%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (38%)

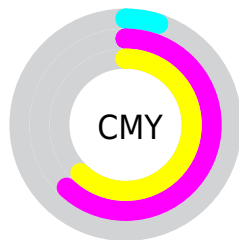


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (59%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (62%)


Yellow (62%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.8479, 28.3180,  
14.7629


 42.8479, 28.3180,  
14.7629


348.9180,  
293.9833, 233.5177


 29.9598, 18.5655,  
8.5084


 78.7384, 56.9917,  
35.1731

 19.9560, 11.3568,  
4.3295

 102.4716, 76.6818,  
50.1659

 12.4711, 6.3073,  
1.8078


 130.5504,  
100.4531, 68.9084

 7.1399, 3.0328,  
0.4331

 163.3404,  
128.6902, 91.8194

 3.5968, 1.1489,  
0.0000

201.2067,  
161.7773, 119.3173

 1.4767, 0.0194,  
0.0000

244.5149,

 0.3099, 0.0000,

200.0990, 151.8206

0.0000

293.6302,  
244.0395, 189.7479

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.8479, 28.3180,  
14.7629

■ 42.8479, 28.3180,  
14.7629

■ 39.9509, 24.0793,  
9.0032

■ 46.7673, 34.0538,  
22.5533

■ 37.9794, 21.1944,  
5.0844

■ 51.7901, 41.4036,  
32.5382

■ 36.8216, 19.5001,  
2.7830

■ 57.9915, 50.4782,  
44.8664

■ 36.3017, 18.7392,  
1.7497

■ 65.4398, 61.3771,  
59.6731

■ 36.2755, 18.7009,  
1.6977

■ 74.1977, 74.1924,  
77.0836

■ 84.3240, 89.0100,  
97.2144

■ 90.0854, 97.4407,  
108.6677

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.2103, 28.3180, 32.8203



42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629



35.9854, 28.3180, 6.7245

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629



15.9969, 28.3180, 12.7950



26.2418, 28.3180, 98.3027

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629



52.3669, 71.8530, 94.3276

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.5139, 28.3180, 84.2578



42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629



14.3720, 28.3180, 28.9285

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629



20.4790, 28.3180, 6.0439



15.5214, 28.3180, 55.6705



34.5762, 28.3180, 88.1181



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629



30.3685, 28.3180, 4.8289



15.5214, 28.3180, 55.6705



23.7345, 28.3180, 96.1505

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.8486, 28.3196, 14.7634



75.5867, 71.5197, 70.2074



56.5203, 33.7870, 86.7612



15.6055, 14.4695, 13.8879



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.8486, 28.3196, 14.7634



44.9205, 26.6460, 9.2454



52.7613, 48.1449, 18.0676



15.7729, 15.7590, 16.3602



19.6716, 10.1412, 0.9206



1.6365, 0.8437, 0.0766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.3669, 71.8530, 94.3276



56.6270, 80.1874, 107.1009



35.1954, 37.5100, 88.6037



16.2474, 17.9288, 20.3259



25.6652, 37.5547, 51.0240



2.1351, 3.1242, 4.2447



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

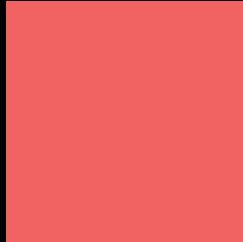
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.8479, 28.3180,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629

### Protanopia

26.7218, 28.4288, 21.2185

### Deuteranopia

29.0254, 28.4507, 13.8593



## Tritanopia

42.9985, 28.2294, 16.0145

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629

## Protanomaly

30.8381, 27.0251, 18.6300

## Deuteranomaly

33.0474, 27.5028, 14.1565

## Tritanomaly

42.8993, 28.1897, 15.4920

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629

## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

## Achromatomaly

29.1667, 25.4950, 22.7858

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 98, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 98, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 98, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 98, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 98, 98) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 98, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 98, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 98, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 98, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 98,  
98) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.8479, 28.3180, 14.7629 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 98, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241, 98,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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