

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.7869, 34.3196, 56.5764)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.7869, 34.3196, 56.5764)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.8717, 34.4418,  
56.6129)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C88AC4
RGB	200, 138, 196
RGB Percent	78%, 54%, 77%
CMY	0.2157, 0.4588, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.02, 0.22
HSL	304°, 36%, 66%
HSV	304°, 31%, 78%
XYZ	42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129
YIQ	163.1500, 18.3340, 31.1820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

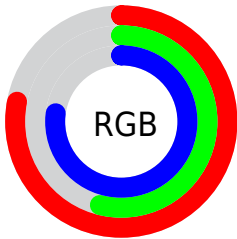
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 138, 196
Decimal	13142724
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.31, 32.97, -20.63
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 38.895, 327.967
Yxy	34.4418, 0.3201, 0.2572
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291332804 (0xFFC88AC4)
YUV	163.1500, 16.1951, 32.3175
Hunter-Lab	58.6871, 27.6940, -16.1135

# Details

The XYZ color **42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **36.0194, 48.6660, 33.0882**, and the grayscale version is **34.8043, 36.6169, 39.8758**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.8193, 66.0511, 101.5761**, and **19.9677, 14.7891, 27.3934** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.1163, 29.1645, 54.9731**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.1589, 40.7794, 58.4369**.

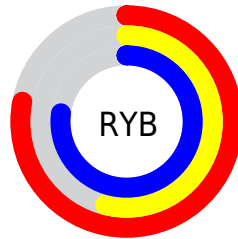
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (54%)

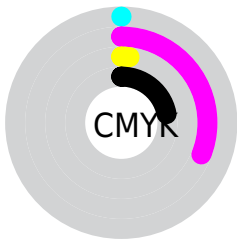
Blue (77%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (77%)

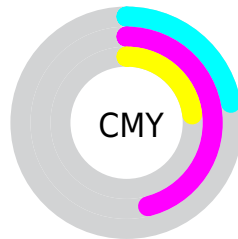


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.8717, 34.4418,  
56.6129


 42.8717, 34.4418,  
56.6129


349.0143,  
322.0976, 429.4502

 29.9785, 23.2332,  
40.2872


 78.7741, 66.6201,  
101.3949

 19.9703, 14.7658,  
27.4471


 102.5141, 88.3586,  
130.6882

 12.4816, 8.6552,  
17.6739


 130.6004,  
114.3759, 165.1413

 7.1471, 4.5170,  
10.5491

163.3984,  
145.0563, 205.1725

 3.6014, 1.9667,  
5.6542

201.2735,  
180.7843, 251.2005

 1.4792, 0.5880,  
2.5706

244.5909,

 0.3116, 0.0000,

221.9443, 303.6437

0.8772

293.7161,  
268.9205, 362.9208

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.8717, 34.4418,  
56.6129

■ 42.8717, 34.4418,  
56.6129

■ 40.1163, 29.1645,  
54.9731

■ 46.1589, 40.7794,  
58.4369

■ 37.8604, 24.8847,  
53.5057

■ 50.0014, 48.2263,  
60.4519

■ 36.0732, 21.5404,  
52.2007

■ 54.4254, 56.8341,  
62.6670

■ 34.7192, 19.0605,  
51.0463

■ 59.4543, 66.6496,  
65.0901

■ 33.7579, 17.3640,  
50.0289

■ 65.1103, 77.7174,  
67.7284

■ 33.1410, 16.3542,  
49.1326

■ 70.4482, 88.1469,  
70.2670

■ 32.7997, 15.8715,  
48.4022

■ 70.6034, 88.2090,  
71.0844

■ 70.7599, 88.2716,  
71.9086

■ 70.9177, 88.3347,  
72.7395

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.1176, 34.4418, 72.3765



42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129



44.8804, 34.4418, 38.6196

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129



33.1241, 34.4418, 14.1573



24.0226, 34.4418, 54.1261

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129



36.0194, 48.6660, 33.0882

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.0073, 34.4418, 36.4047



42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129



27.8862, 34.4418, 16.1367

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129



38.8637, 34.4418, 16.7762



24.3386, 34.4418, 23.2623



27.2887, 34.4418, 70.6734



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129



44.2361, 34.4418, 28.6735



24.3386, 34.4418, 23.2623



23.4245, 34.4418, 47.9770

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.8728, 34.4433, 56.6136



87.9231, 86.1264, 105.3527



30.5168, 28.0203, 58.4444



18.5897, 17.9888, 22.4330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.8728, 34.4433, 56.6136



71.0089, 53.4616, 96.1270



39.7829, 33.2074, 40.3426



11.0524, 10.8044, 13.2593



20.8677, 10.0966, 30.8429



0.9972, 0.4817, 1.5085



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.8728, 34.4433, 56.6136



71.0089, 53.4616, 96.1270



38.5928, 49.6953, 46.6396



11.0524, 10.8044, 13.2593



20.8677, 10.0966, 30.8429

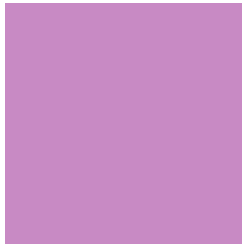


0.9972, 0.4817, 1.5085



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

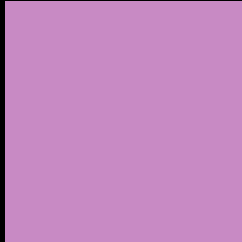
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

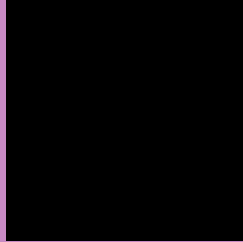
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.8717, 34.4418,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129

### Protanopia

35.3669, 34.7868, 65.8233

### Deuteranopia

35.2516, 34.4610, 55.2458



## Tritanopia

38.8704, 34.5942, 36.5269

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129

## Protanomaly

37.4428, 34.2198, 62.3892

## Deuteranomaly

37.7186, 34.2742, 55.6665

## Tritanomaly

40.1991, 34.4555, 43.0599

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129

## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849

## Achromatomaly

37.1980, 35.4365, 45.4368

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 138, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 138, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 138, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 138, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 138, 196) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 138, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 138, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 138, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 138, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 138,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.8717, 34.4418, 56.6129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 138, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
138, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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