

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.8818, 46.8597, 48.2909)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.8818, 46.8597, 48.2909)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(42.9640, 46.9862,  
48.3998)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFB9B1
RGB	175, 185, 177
RGB Percent	69%, 73%, 69%
CMY	0.3137, 0.2745, 0.3059
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.27
HSL	132°, 7%, 71%
HSV	132°, 5%, 73%
XYZ	42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998
YIQ	181.0980, -3.3920, -4.6080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

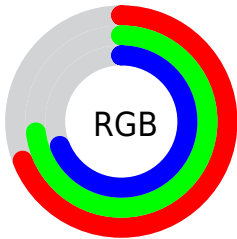
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 183, 185
Decimal	11516337
CIELab	74.18, -4.98, 2.85
CIELCh	74, 5.738, 150.241
Yxy	46.9862, 0.3105, 0.3396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289706417 (0xFFAFB9B1)
YUV	181.0980, -2.0203, -5.3479
Hunter-Lab	68.5465, -8.0750, 6.1186

# Details

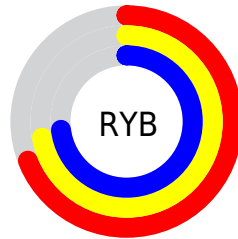
The XYZ color **42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **43.8865, 44.3944, 51.0580**, and the grayscale version is **43.9870, 46.2777, 50.3964**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.1183, 85.7827, 89.4785**, and **20.0577, 22.1687, 22.2906** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.6967, 44.4335, 40.8654**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.9629, 49.9003, 56.8058**.

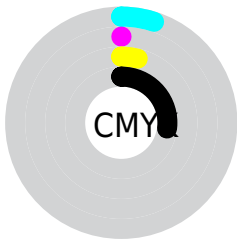
# Distribution



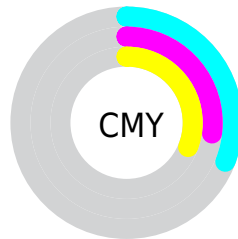
- Red (69%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.9640, 46.9862,  
48.3998

■ 42.9640, 46.9862,  
48.3998

349.3877,  
374.7594, 396.9290

■ 30.0513, 33.0247,  
33.7814

■ 78.9126, 85.6930,  
89.1711

■ 20.0258, 22.1454,  
22.4497

102.6791,  
111.2072, 116.1611

■ 12.5222, 13.9638,  
13.9862

130.7944,  
141.3410, 148.1119

■ 7.1751, 8.0955,  
7.9724

163.6236,  
176.4790, 185.4423

■ 3.6191, 4.1561,  
3.9898

201.5322,  
217.0054, 228.5706

■ 1.4890, 1.7613,  
1.6198

244.8855,

■ 0.3183, 0.4629,

263.3047, 277.9155

0.3049

294.0489,  
315.7612, 333.8954

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.9640, 46.9862,  
48.3998

■ 42.9640, 46.9862,  
48.3998

■ 37.6967, 44.4335,  
40.8654

■ 48.9629, 49.9003,  
56.8058

■ 33.1290, 42.2221,  
34.1717

■ 55.7160, 53.1827,  
66.1068

■ 29.2323, 40.3395,  
28.2903

■ 63.2498, 56.8481,  
76.3294

■ 25.9745, 38.7695,  
23.1903

■ 71.5883, 60.9082,  
87.4979

■ 23.3210, 37.4952,  
18.8387

■ 76.0037, 62.9253,  
99.4136

■ 21.2336, 36.4974,  
15.2001

■ 76.6399, 63.1797,  
102.7633

■ 19.6697, 35.7552,  
12.2364

■ 18.5806, 35.2442,  
9.9057

■ 17.9069, 34.9348,  
8.1614

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.6703, 46.9862, 46.4211



42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998



42.7103, 46.9862, 51.1838

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998



44.6673, 46.9862, 57.0355



46.3894, 46.9862, 48.3601

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998



43.8865, 44.3944, 51.0580

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.6660, 46.9862, 51.1362



42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998



45.6624, 46.9862, 56.2109

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998



43.6845, 46.9862, 56.2362



46.3979, 46.9862, 54.0232



45.6478, 46.9862, 46.3988



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998



42.8290, 46.9862, 53.1447



46.3979, 46.9862, 54.0232



46.5404, 46.9862, 49.2254

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9653, 46.9882, 48.4008



80.4224, 85.8381, 91.5834



44.6569, 47.8831, 47.4469



17.3616, 18.5166, 19.7775



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988

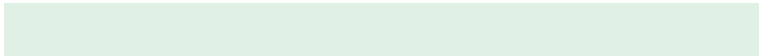


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9653, 46.9882, 48.4008



76.2529, 83.8146, 85.6987



43.4560, 47.1845, 50.9847



9.2966, 10.2511, 10.4326



12.0618, 23.7256, 5.2471



0.4472, 0.8452, 0.3006



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.8865, 44.3944, 51.0580



78.1051, 78.5995, 91.0410



43.3917, 44.1965, 48.4523



9.5392, 9.5681, 11.1323



17.2899, 8.4897, 19.9453

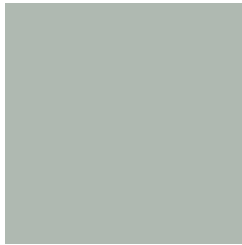


0.6294, 0.3072, 0.8077



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

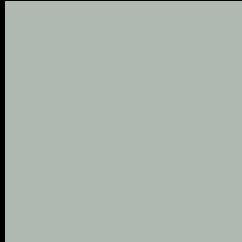
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

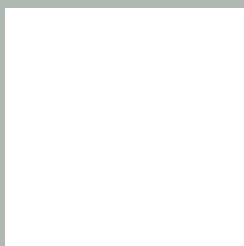
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9640, 46.9862,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998

### Protanopia

44.7553, 46.7077, 47.2141

### Deuteranopia

47.7494, 46.7228, 49.1496



## Tritanopia

45.0519, 46.9064, 58.9039

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998

## Protanomaly

44.0929, 46.6578, 47.7562

## Deuteranomaly

45.8942, 46.6610, 48.7071

## Tritanomaly

44.2503, 46.8882, 54.8622

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998

## Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202

## Achromatomaly

43.5566, 46.3349, 49.8279

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 185, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 185, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 185, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 185, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

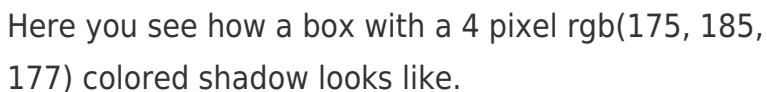
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 185, 177) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 185, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 185, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 185, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 185, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 185,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.9640, 46.9862, 48.3998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 185, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
185, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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