

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.9164, 37.8220, 99.6462)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.9164, 37.8220, 99.6462)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.0559, 38.0093,  
99.6750)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989DFF
RGB	152, 157, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 62%, 100%
CMY	0.4039, 0.3843, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.38, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	237°, 100%, 80%
HSV	237°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750
YIQ	166.6770, -34.4380, 29.4180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

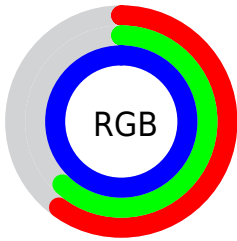
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	152, 157, 255
Decimal	10001919
CIE Lab	68.03, 21.82, -49.32
CIE LCh	68, 53.930, 293.861
Yxy	38.0093, 0.2382, 0.2103
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288191999 (0xFF989DFF)
YUV	166.6770, 43.5432, -12.8717
Hunter-Lab	61.6517, 16.7692, -52.7006

# Details

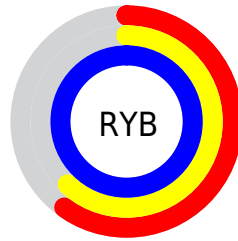
The XYZ color **43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **81.0943, 91.8999, 43.1722**, and the grayscale version is **36.3819, 38.2766, 41.6832**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.9226, 67.5102, 104.0586**, and **20.1709, 16.8721, 55.6196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.0808, 28.3980, 98.2401**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.8745, 49.7822, 101.4299**.

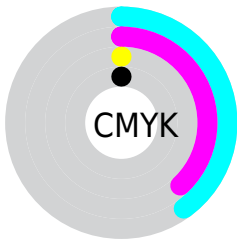
# Distribution



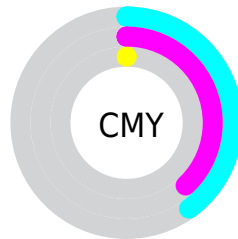
- Red (60%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.0559, 38.0093,  
99.6750

■ 43.0559, 38.0093,  
99.6750

349.7592,  
337.6599, 580.3880

■ 30.1237, 25.9899,  
75.4138

■ 79.0504, 72.1224,  
162.7585

■ 20.0810, 16.8161,  
55.4482

■ 102.8434, 94.9849,  
202.4178

■ 12.5626, 10.1035,  
39.3596

130.9874,  
122.2305, 248.0469

■ 7.2029, 5.4676,  
26.7296

163.8477,  
154.2437, 300.0643

■ 3.6368, 2.5241,  
17.1396

201.7896,  
191.4089, 358.8886

■ 1.4988, 0.8887,  
10.1711

245.1786,

■ 0.3250, 0.0000,

234.1103, 424.9383

5.4055

294.3801,  
282.7325, 498.6319

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.4242

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7996

■ 43.0559, 38.0093,  
99.6750

■ 43.0559, 38.0093,  
99.6750

■ 35.0808, 28.3980,  
98.2401

■ 52.8745, 49.7822,  
101.4299

■ 28.8304, 20.8130,  
97.1055

■ 64.6377, 63.8328,  
103.5219

■ 24.1783, 15.1103,  
96.2500

■ 78.4439, 80.2738,  
105.9677

■ 20.9790, 11.1249,  
95.6493

■ 94.3835, 99.2091,  
108.7825

■ 19.0603, 8.6634,  
95.2754

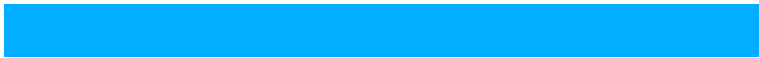
95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 18.1860, 7.4921,  
95.0953

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.4283, 38.0093, 106.4442



43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750



50.7895, 38.0093, 75.0638

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750



46.5041, 38.0093, 14.1572



22.3396, 38.0093, 36.6374

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750



81.0943, 91.8999, 43.1722

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.5983, 38.0093, 19.6750



43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750



37.8801, 38.0093, 10.3426

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750



52.9861, 38.0093, 25.3637



29.9839, 38.0093, 11.8748



23.2867, 38.0093, 63.0383



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750



53.9515, 38.0093, 55.6077



29.9839, 38.0093, 11.8748



22.7364, 38.0093, 29.8222

# Sweetspot

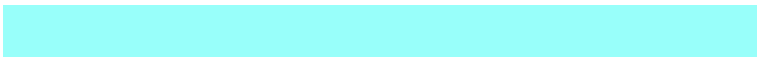
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.0572, 38.0106, 99.6752



76.0796, 77.4613, 105.5494



65.9417, 85.0886, 103.2677



15.8822, 16.1015, 22.5208



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.0572, 38.0106, 99.6752



36.8258, 30.5061, 98.5551



52.6608, 41.7318, 99.8873



17.0737, 17.5190, 22.7316



9.5322, 3.9741, 49.6992



0.9519, 0.4345, 4.8470



# Inverse Universe

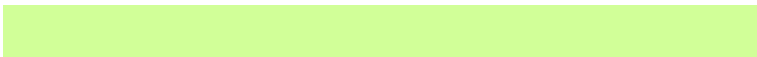
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.5550, 46.1525, 37.7215



54.1994, 39.7764, 29.0709



67.6241, 87.2918, 42.9927



18.0451, 18.0014, 18.8546



21.5996, 11.1291, 1.2762

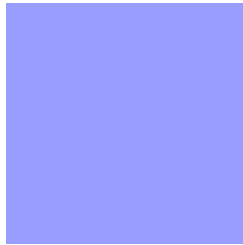


2.1151, 1.0884, 0.1874



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

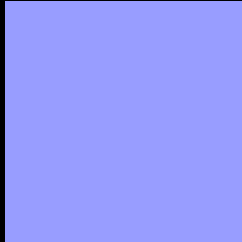
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.0559, 38.0093,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750

### Protanopia

40.4861, 37.9662, 99.8021

### Deuteranopia

39.2108, 38.1397, 98.2236



## Tritanopia

33.5012, 38.1587, 51.4986

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750

## Protanomaly

41.2683, 37.8506, 99.7386

## Deuteranomaly

40.4826, 37.9830, 98.9637

## Tritanomaly

36.4361, 37.9533, 66.3781

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

38.3063, 37.9993, 59.3485

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 157, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 157, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 157, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 157, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 157, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 157, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 157, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 157, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 157, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 157,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.0559, 38.0093, 99.6750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 157, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
157, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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