

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.9334, 45.2960, 55.9683)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.9334, 45.2960, 55.9683)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(42.9588, 45.2883,  
55.7676)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">ADB4BF</a>
RGB	<a href="#">173, 180, 191</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">68%, 71%, 75%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.3216, 0.2941, 0.2510</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.09, 0.06, 0.00, 0.25</a>
HSL	<a href="#">217°, 12%, 71%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">217°, 9%, 75%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">179.1610, -7.7030, 1.9370</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

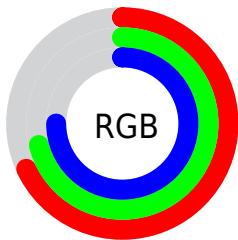
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	173, 178, 191
Decimal	11383999
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	73.08, -0.26, -6.43
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 6.435, 267.711
Yxy	45.2883, 0.2983, 0.3145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289574079 (0xFFADB4BF)
YUV	179.1610, 5.8366, -5.4032
Hunter-Lab	67.2966, -3.8235, -2.0251

# Details

The XYZ color **42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.1694, 48.3743, 46.4398**, and the grayscale version is **42.9074, 45.1419, 49.1596**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.7789, 83.2003, 99.9029**, and **20.0620, 21.0787, 27.0560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.7762, 38.7509, 54.8323**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.9462, 52.5375, 56.7993**.

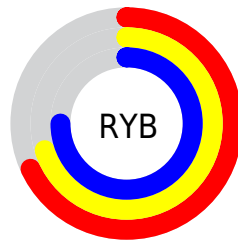
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (71%)

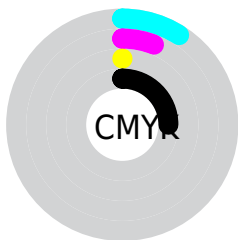
Blue (75%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (75%)

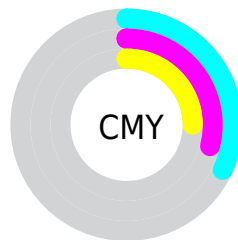


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.9588, 45.2883,  
55.7676

■ 42.9588, 45.2883,  
55.7676

349.3667,  
367.9399, 426.1788

■ 30.0472, 31.6846,  
39.6139

■ 78.9048, 83.1529,  
100.1471

■ 20.0226, 21.1207,  
26.9261

102.6698,  
108.1825, 129.2100

■ 12.5199, 13.2122,  
17.2858

130.7834,  
137.7895, 163.4130

■ 7.1735, 7.5749,  
10.2744

163.6109,  
172.3584, 203.1746

■ 3.6181, 3.8241,  
5.4733

201.5176,  
212.2735, 248.9135

■ 1.4884, 1.5757,  
2.4640

244.8689,

■ 0.3180, 0.3411,

257.9192, 301.0481

0.8210

294.0302,  
309.6799, 359.9970

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.9588, 45.2883,  
55.7676

■ 42.9588, 45.2883,  
55.7676

■ 36.7762, 38.7509,  
54.8323

■ 49.9462, 52.5375,  
56.7993

■ 31.3642, 32.8967,  
53.9876

■ 57.7631, 60.5146,  
57.9270

■ 26.6916, 27.7035,  
53.2315

■ 66.4380, 69.2421,  
59.1544

■ 22.7236, 23.1455,  
52.5608

■ 75.9969, 78.7401,  
60.4838

■ 19.4226, 19.1950,  
51.9723

■ 81.3213, 86.3760,  
61.6771

■ 16.7469, 15.8221,  
51.4623

■ 84.8365, 93.4064,  
62.8488

■ 14.6496, 12.9936,  
51.0269

■ 86.4041, 96.5416,  
63.3714

■ 13.0764, 10.6718,  
50.6616

■ 11.9324, 8.7978,  
50.3602

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.8994, 45.2883, 54.7390



42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676



44.0595, 45.2883, 55.0048

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676



44.9898, 45.2883, 46.4847



41.2413, 45.2883, 46.0737

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676



46.1694, 48.3743, 46.4398

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.0466, 45.2883, 44.0249



42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676



44.2117, 45.2883, 44.2548

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676



45.2442, 45.2883, 49.5592



43.1317, 45.2883, 43.3735



40.9186, 45.2883, 49.0641



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676



44.6662, 45.2883, 53.6006



43.1317, 45.2883, 43.3735



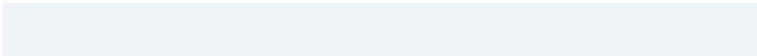
41.4639, 45.2883, 45.2571

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9601, 45.2902, 55.7686



84.7495, 89.2412, 101.0376



44.4959, 49.5990, 52.4667



18.3844, 19.3627, 22.1537



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

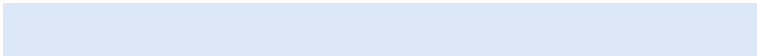


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9601, 45.2902, 55.7686



74.9000, 78.9735, 99.5749



41.9827, 42.7404, 55.3280



9.3127, 9.8177, 12.0764



7.8760, 5.8638, 33.1096



0.3724, 0.3575, 1.3182



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6687, 44.2598, 49.3709



78.4969, 76.8526, 86.0957



47.2103, 51.1239, 46.9157



9.6797, 9.5962, 10.7023



14.9762, 7.6216, 5.1684

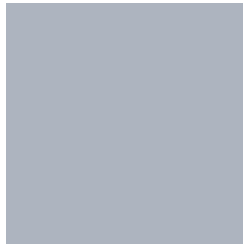


0.6189, 0.3114, 0.3723



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

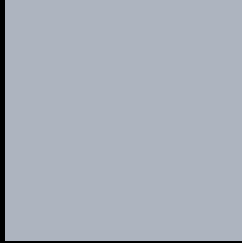
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

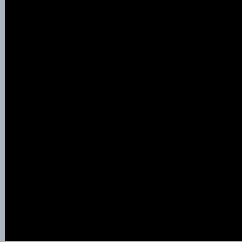
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

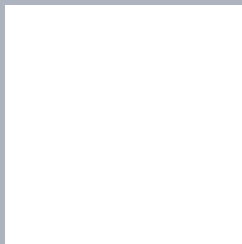
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676.



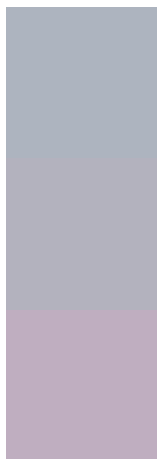
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9588, 45.2883,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676

### Protanopia

43.8051, 45.1422, 55.1197

### Deuteranopia

46.1363, 45.1542, 56.1532



## Tritanopia

43.2924, 45.4218, 57.5245

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676

## Protanomaly

43.5458, 45.3050, 55.1648

## Deuteranomaly

44.8069, 45.0468, 56.2025

## Tritanomaly

43.1805, 45.3770, 56.9349

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676

## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

## Achromatomaly

42.7988, 45.0062, 51.2311

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 180, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 180, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 180, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 180, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 180, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 180, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 180, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 180, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 180, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 180,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.9588, 45.2883, 55.7676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 180, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
180, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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